THE DAILY CONSTITUTION.

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CONCLUSION REACHED

AFTER A CLOSE SURVEY OF THE FIELD

The Relative Advantages and Disadvantages of the Two Parties in the Northern States—The Democrats Aggressive and the Republicans On the Defensive.

Editorial correspondence of The Constitution.

HORNELLSVILLE, N. Y., July 21.—The vote of New York next November is a very desirable thing; and although the canvass is scarcely begun, there are some surface indications that need not escape an observer. In trying to ascertain the drift of public sentiment, I claim to be able to divest myself of bias, and to look for and at the facts as a gatherer of news pure and simple. My view of the situation may of course be erroneous, but I have not tried to force the facts to back up any previously-held opinion.

In the first place, there will be as large a greenback vote in the state as there was last year, and the democrats will furnish two-thirds, perhaps three-fourths, of it. But there will also be a Neal Dow electoral ticket, which will have about as many supporters as the Weaver ticket. The prohibitionists are chiefly, almost wholly, drawn from the republican party; and thus the two eccentric parties will just about offset each other this year.

Danger always lurks in the reserve vote—the vote of men who care so little about party or country that they rarely vote, but when they do it is in favor of the republican ticket—of men with large business interests, or men with a contempt, real or affected, for party manipulations, but who are, nine out of ten, at heart republicans. It is too early to say that this vote will be brought out, and it is not prudent to assume that it will not be when the republican party is in danger of being permanently overthrown; but this vote, if polled, will be met this year by the democratic vote that the quarrels of last year kept away from the polls. The united vote of the democrats last fall was just about equal to the republican vote; and it is safe to say that the republican reserve will be fully matched in November by the disgusted democrats of 1879.

There is no disorganization or serious division in either party. The friends of Mr. Tilden are as enthusiastic as the original Hancock men. The adherents of the old commander are cordially supporting the latest Ohio candidate. The postmasters are all at work, and the machinery for reaching the soldier vote, the vote of operatives, and of the different nationalities, is being put in order. The active campaign will be begun about the middle of August, and both parties will then be full of energy and pluck.

The contest in brief is to be in the doubtful states one of the squarest and hottest ever known. The democrats are hopeful, harmonious and enthusiastic; the republicans are hopeful harmonious and determined. I believe the vote will be a very full one. The democrats will poll their last vote, because they snuff victory in the air; the republicans will do the same as nearly as they can because it is life and death with them. The latter have the advantages of a powerful and compact organization that is well led and well disciplined. They will bravely and desperately fight to hold their own and to bring out their reserve strength. I do not think they will fully succeed in doing this and the reasons for this belief I will present as compactly as possible, after talking with men of all classes and conditions and methods of thought and action.

Among all republicans who have any breadth of view or reasonable degree of intelligence, there unmistakeably is for the first time since the war a feeling that the country would be safe whether Hancock or Garfield becomes its high sheriff. This means more than may at first appear. It explains to some extent at least the indifference among the republicans. They do not see breakers ahead—no national bankruptcy or sectional disturbance. They consider Hancock a "safe" man—not as much so as Garfield, whom they prefer, but still "safe," and they do not, therefore, feel called upon to rush to the breach to save their country. With this feeling abroad, it will be exceedingly difficult to poll a full republican vote. How far party appeals can destroy this feeling before November, I do not claim to be able to determine.

There is also a feeling abroad among republicans of the better class that it would be better "all around" to have a change in administration—that a long lease of power has led to some corruption and mal-administration—at any rate that twenty years of continuous power should for the common good be followed by one term of opposition rule. Of course the men who take this view of the situation are in no way connected with official circles, and there are not a few such in a state like New York. Such men do not like the records of either Garfield or Arthur, and it is perhaps among the more independent portion of the party that the spots in the records of the candidates will do the party the most harm.

It is too early to say what effect the memorandum book and the paving contract fee will have on the one hand, or General Hancock's clean and patriotic record on the other; but it is not early to say that the soldier will get votes that no civilian in his place could get. It would be so in any country. Garfield has no standing as a military man. He left the army when it had not run half its course. Hancock on the other hand was in the struggle early and late, was severely wounded, and in the eyes of the masses is the superb soldier. This means votes as I can plainly see, just as much as it would in France, in Germany, or in the country that never tired of honoring the iron duke.

If the reader has followed this analysis of the canvass, he is prepared, I hope, for these conclusions: 1. The democratic party is for the first time in its post-bellum history in a position to command a fair proportion at least of the independent or floating vote. 2. The republican party [illegible] for the first time in its entire history thrown [illegible] the defensive. It cannot hope for recruits, [illegible]ss it be from the high tariff people. It is in [illegible]rying to hold its own under discouraging [illegible]stances. The democratic party under [illegible] Hancock has resumed the offensive, and [illegible] recruiting offices. It expects to recruit [illegible] old soldiers of the union, from the men [illegible]nk this is a favorable time for a change in [illegible]stration, and from the large body of men of [illegible] tongues and independent action. The republicans do not expect recruits, and will surely not be agreeably surprised.

The boom part of the campaign, the fizz and noise, has thus far been on the side of the democrats. This will not of course last, but still it has carried over some men who cannot be won back. Some of these men went over because they wanted to be on "the big side," but having gone over no barrel or amount of work can restore some of them to the republican party.

I do not underrate the effectiveness of the republican party. I know it will do some telling work after the first of September; but it cannot achieve the impossible. It cannot gain recruits, and it cannot prevent the loss of a man here and there in every community. Such losses have already taken place, and cannot be replaced except possibly from the reserve force of the party. Now, let us see what such changes mean in New York. If there is a net change of only three men in every community of five thousand people, it amounts in the state to enough to ensure a democratic majority of 10,000, considering the vote of last fall as a tie. If the election could occur to-morrow, I have no doubt whatever, the democratic majority would be 75,000; and I do not believe it can be brought down in November to Mr. Tilden's majority in 1876. Money, and skill and official patronage can accomplish a great deal, but they cannot transform New York into a republican state in this campaign.

There are not lacking, however, sources of anxiety. Perhaps, however, there is only one beyond the usual ones connected with a hot and laborious canvass. That particular one is the vote of Indiana in October. The three judges have given the republicans an opportunity to concentrate their strength in a close state, and they will doubtless utilize to the utmost bribery, colonization and official promises. There are those who think the republicans intend to carry Indiana by the free use of money and Connecticut by appeals to its manufacturers, letting New York and New Jersey go. If this is their plan, they expect of course to hold Maine and the Pacific states—or Virginia.

But speculations of this nature are valueless. I do not know what the republicans intend to do. I started out to give the readers of THE CONSTITUTION a more definite idea of the canvass in the doubtful states, and if I have succeeded in that respect, I am content. F.

Randall For Congress.

RUTLAND, VT., July 24.—The democratic convention of the first Vermont district, yesterday unanimously nominated J. M. R. Randall for congress.

GEORGIA CROP NEWS.

CROPS in Worth looking well.

COTTON in Talbot county is doing well.

THE pea crop of Irwin promises to be fine.

THE peach crop of Cobb county is a failure.

TALBOT county does not boast of her corn crop.

THE corn crop of Thomas county is promising.

SOME complaint of cotton caterpillar in Sumter county.

THE rice crop down about Hinesville, is needing rain.

HOGS are dying in some sections of Walker with [illegible]ers.

GOOD corn crop along the line of road above [illegible].

REV. J. T. ROGERS, of Laurens, is adding to his flock of sheep.

CONSIDERABLE cotton planting in the vicinity of Cohutta springs.

THE peach crop of Thomas county is a failure.

The fig crop abundant

SOMETHING like blind staggers is killing the hogs in Catoosa county.

J. H. BOLTON, of Terrell county, had cotton open on the 19th inst.

CHICKEN cholera is thinning out the crop[illegible] in Cobb.

THE STATE CAMPAIGN.

THE COUNTIES ON THE HOME RUN.

Colquitt Sweeps Richmond, and Carries Whitfield, Clay and Early Whirling—Roll of Counties and Figures for Delegates—Plain Sailing to the Convention.

Yesterday was another field day for Colquitt. He swept things before him with a rush. He has carried every county except Fulton, in which no contest was made.

The contest in Richmond and Monroe was exciting, but the result is overwhelming. There are several counties yet to hear from, and several that act next week. The count is so nearly made up now, however, that little more is needed to show the way to the probable result.

We present below the dispatches received at this office up to the hour of going to press last night:

RICHMOND GIVES COLQUITT 1,500 MAJORITY.

Special dispatch to The Constitution.

AUGUSTA, July 24.—The Colquitt delegates are elected by fully 1,500 majority. The people are happy and enthusiastic. Richmond sends a strong delegation.

[Second dispatch.]

AUGUSTA, July 24.—After a contest that has never been surpassed in bitterness and heat, the people of Richmond have spoken through the ballot, and indorse Colquitt overwhelmingly. His friends had the minority in the mass meeting of two weeks ago, but agreed to let the matter go to the people, and the result shows what the popular feeling is. The delegates elected are as follows:

H. F. Russell, Robert H. May, John U. Meyer, J. V. H. Allen, Patrick Walsh, Charles Spaeth, W. B. Young, Walter A. Clark, Thomas Heckle, P. L. Cohen, Josiah M. Sego, Joseph E. Burch.

Vacancies in the above delegation will be filled from among the following named gentlemen: Samuel W. Mays, A. J. Smith, Edward O'Donnell, Wm. A. Batchelor, Wilberforce Daniel, J. T. Denning, W. M. Jordan, John M. Weigle, Wm. E. Kenner, M. E. Hill, F. T. Lockhart, W. Ewing Johnson.

[Third dispatch.]

AUGUSTA, July 24.—The ticket favorable to the election of Governor Colquitt was elected in Richmond to-day by nearly twelve hundred majority. M.

[Fourth dispatch.]

AUGUSTA, July 24.—The Colquitt ticket is elected by eleven hundred and seventy-two majority, six hundred and twenty-two white and five hundred and fifty colored. M.

HAWKINSVILLE FAVORS COLQUITT.

Special dispatch to The Constitution.

HAWKINSVILLE, July 24.—Hawkinsville gives Colquitt 150, Hardeman 130, Lester 2, Warner 1, Renfroe 230, Speer 39. Wright and Barnett have no opposition. Ely has a large majority. Colquitt's majority in the county is one hundred and fifty. Will send the consolidated vote on Monday. No colored men voted. G. P. W.

ALL FOR COLQUITT.

Special dispatch to The Constitution.

NEWNAN, July 24.—Whitesburg, Fairplay, Lowell, Carrollton and Bowdon districts, are for Colquitt. Other districts not heard from, but supposed to be for Colquitt. W. B. W.

SOLID FOR COLQUITT.

Special dispatch to The Constitution.

ROME, July 24.—The county convention met today. Delegates to the gubernatorial convention are J. R. Towers, D. B. Hamilton, W. L. Selman, P. P. McCord. They are solid for Colquitt. The highest Colquitt vote was 86; anti-Colquitt 26. A resolution was adopted only instructing delegates to vote for some good democrat who will unite the party. For the lower house, A. A. Marshall and John W. Turner were nominated; for senator, R. T. Fouche recommended. A resolution strongly urging Judge Underwood for attorney general was unanimously adopted amid the greatest enthusiasm. Delegates were also elected to the congressional convention. M. M.

FLOYD ELECTS A COLQUITT QUARTETTE.

Special dispatch to The Constitution.

ROME, July 24.—Delegates to the state convention: J. R. Towers, W. L. Selman, D. B. Hamilton and A. P. McCord. They are solid for Colquitt. The county convention was three to one for Colquitt. J. R. T.

WHITFIELD FOR COLQUITT AND APPLAUDS BROWN.

Special dispatch to The Constitution.

DALTON, July 24.—Whitfield held her mass meeting to-day. The county is solid for Colquitt. Ten delegates were chosen and instructed for him. Mention of Brown's name called forth great applause. W. C. G.

CATOOSA FOR COLQUITT.

Special dispatch to The Constitution.

RINGGOLD, July 24.—Our delegates are uninstructed, but they are all for Colquitt. I think fully two-thirds of the convention were for Colquitt. J. M. C.

EARLY COUNTY FOR COLQUITT.

In reply to a dispatch to our correspondent at Bainbridge as to how Early had gone, we received the following:

BAINBRIDGE, July 24.—Am not certain. Early is fifty miles away. Tom Grimmer left there Wednesday, and says it is solid for Colquitt. O. G. G.

A SECOND DISPATCH.

A later dispatch from Bainbridge says:

BAINBRIDGE, July 24.—Early three for Colquitt; one for Lester. Just heard. O. G. G.

SOME NEWS FROM IRWIN.

Our contemporaries have counted Irwin for Lester, and we have put it doubtful. Here is some direct testimony from one of the two delegates The Albany News of last date says;

A private letter received by us from Hon. J. J. Henderson, one of the delegates elected from Irwin county to the gubernatorial convention, states positively that he will vote for Governor Colquitt. The Lester organs will please change figures a little on this score.

CLAY COUNTY UNANIMOUS FOR COLQUITT AND 5 TO 1 FOR BROWN.

Special dispatch to The Constitution.

FORT GAINES, July 24.—Clay county by a unanimous vote sends the following delegates who are solid for Colquitt: James Sutlive, Thomas E. Speight, T. J. Sanders, Philip Tinsley, James B. Hobbs and W. G. Allen. Colquitt's administration was indorsed, and Hon. J. E. Brown recommended to the next legislature for election to the United states senate by a vote of five to one of the entire convention. W. A. G.

THE CLINCH COUNTY DELEGATES.

Messrs J. L. Sweat and J. Sirmons, the delegates from Clinch county, paid us a pleasant visit on yesterday. They are en route for White Sulphur springs where they will remain until the convention.

As to their preferences they stated they were absolutely instructed, and they had never signified to any one as to how they would vote. They said that they had never made up their minds as to how they would vote.

They said they were satisfied that a majority of the meeting that elected them were Colquitt men and they were elected by a concession on the part of the Colquitt, Hardeman and Lester men. They stated that their place in the classification table should be under the head of "doubtful," where we place them.

MONROE GOES FOR COLQUITT.

Special dispatch to The Constitution.

FORSYTH, July 24.—Monroe goes for Colquitt by a large majority. The Forsyth district gives thirteen majority against him, but four adjacent districts elect Colquitt delegates. He will carry all but two districts. J.

HENRY STANDS BY COLQUITT.

Special dispatch to The Constitution.

HAMPTON, July 24.—Only four districts in the county heard from, three of these for Colquitt and one against. Enough is heard to show that Colquitt has the county, as there remains only one doubtful district. R. T. H.

PULASKI GOES FOR COLQUITT.

Special dispatch to The Constitution.

HAWKINSVILLE, July 24.—Pulaski elects Colquitt delegates by one hundred majority, after a spirited contest and with a large vote polled. S. W. B.

A COLQUITT STRAW FROM UPSON.

Special dispatch to The Constitution.

BARNESVILLE, July 24.—I have been able to hear from only one precinct in Upson, The Rock. That gives Colquitt 19; Hardeman, 10; Lester, 1; Warner 1. R. G. P.

The Election in Fulton.

The election yesterday was as smooth and tranquil as a lake without a ripple. At the city hall—the main precinct—two hundred and forty-four votes were polled. About eleven sovereigns voted at West End. Here is the elected ticket:

Delegates—W. M. Lowry, 221; J. A. Anderson, 225; W. T. Newman, 225; Walter R. Brown, 225; T. J. Buchanan, 225; M. Mahoney, 216.

Alternates to fill vacancies—Samuel Weil, 151; R. M. Farrar, 153; A. A. Wilson, 152, W. J. Tanner, 151; J. T. Brock, ——; Moses Lipes, 152.

It is understood that the delegates will support our prominent fellow-townsman, General Lucius [illegible]

[illegible]e Constitution's Table.

COUNTIES UP TO DATE.

[illegible] accuracy as any table can be. It will not, in our opinion, miss the division of Colquitt and anti-Colquitt by five votes. We have exhausted all efforts to get the true standing of the delegates, and we appeal to the votes of the delegates as cast upon the call of the roll to vindicate our count.

We have made two changes in our table of last Sunday. We put Clinch in the "doubtful" column, taking it from the Lester column on the statement of the delegates themselves, whose statement is printed in another column. We give Colquitt one vote from Irwin on the strength of a letter from the delegate himself. We give Colquitt both of the Effingham votes on the written statement of a gentleman from that county who states that he knows the delegates personally, and we have his letter.

COLQUITT.

Twiggs	2	Glynn	2
Dodge	2	Dooly	2
Pike	½	Tatnall	1
McDuffie	½	Decatur	4
Towns	2	Troup	4
Coffee	2	Coweta	4
Charlton	2	Floyd	4
Calhoun	2	Meriwether	4
Camden	2	Jones	1
Effingham	2	Glasscock	2
Dougherty	4	Wilkes	4
Burke	6	Baldwin	2
Miller	2	Washington	4
Lincoln	1	Jackson	4
Spalding	2	Union	2
Banks	2	Newton	4
Forsyth	2	Rockdale	2
Habersham	2	Greene	4
Walton	2	Brooks	2
Gwinnett	4	Oglethorpe	4
Murray	2	Worth	2
Elbert	[illegible]	Hancock	4
Lee	2	Colquitt	2
Mitchell	2	Houston	6
DeKalb	2	Sumter	3
Appling	1	Cherokee	2
Hall	1	Butts	2
Baker	2	Johnson	2
Franklin	2	Dawson	2
Fayette	1	Irwin	1
Berrien	1	Haralson	1
White	2	Early	1½
Paulding	1	Pierce	1½
Douglas	2	Catoosa	2
Jasper	2	Richmond	6
Walker	2	Whitfield	2
Thomas	4	Clay	2
Chattooga	2	Monroe	4
Fannin	2	Lumpkin	2
Wilcox	2	Bartow	½
Warren	2	Henry	2
Putnam	2	Pulaski	2
Wayne	2	Carroll	4
Total			203½

HARDEMAN.

Bibb	6	Sumter	1
Talbot	4	Telfair	2
Crawford	2	Pike	1½
Stewart	4	Marion	2
Paulding	1	Quitman	2
Appling	1	Hall	½
Gordon	1	Jones	1
Macon	4	Webster	2
Montgomery	1	Laurens	1
Harris	4	Randolph	1
Dodge	2		
Total			44

LESTER.

Chatham	6	Madison	2
Bryan	2	Tatnall	1
Liberty	2	Lowndes	2
Bulloch	2	McIntosh	2
Emanuel	2	Echols	2
Ware	2	Terrell	2
Jefferson	4	Randolph	1
Montgomery	1	Laurens	1
Hall	½	Early	½
Berrien	1	Pierce	½
Screven	2		
Total			38½

GARTRELL.

Fulton	6	Fayette	1
McDuffie	1½	Hart	2
Taliaferro	2	Morgan	2
Lincoln	1	Haralson	1
Total			16½

WARNER.

Gordon	1	Milton	2
Total			3

DOUBTFUL.

Wilkinson	2	Chattahoochee	2
Irwin	1	Clinch	2
Total			7

ANTI-COLQUITT.

Bartow	3½	Muscogee	4
Total			7½

SUMMARY.

Colquitt	203½
Hardeman	44
Lester	38½
Gartrell	16½
Warner	3
Doubtful	7
Anti-Colquitt	7½
Whole number chosen	320
Delegates from counties to be heard from	30
Whole number of delegates	350

COUNTIES YET TO ACT.

Campbell	2	Oconee	2
Clarke	2	Polk	2
Clayton	2	Rabun	2
Cobb	4	Schley	2
Columbia	2	Taylor	2
Gilmer	2	Upson	2
Heard	2	Pickens	2
Total			30

Some of the above counties, Upson, and probably others, acted, but the returns have not been received and no information as to how they went.

Governor Colquitt Will Abide It.

WHAT HE SAYS ON THE SUBJECT OF STANDING BY THE NOMINATION.

We make the following extract from the speech of Governor Colquitt in Augusta. Referring to the anonymous pamphlet circulated against him he said:

On every other page it is asked: "Does the governor intend to abide by the action of the convention?" And it is stated that at Athens I was asked this question three times and that three times I didn't answer it. Now that was just three times three lies. I have not yet been asked the question in public. For more than thirty years I have been a democrat in season and out of season, in peace and in war, in storm and in sunshine, in good repute and in bad repute, always in line, neither looking to the right nor the left? There is not one man in Georgia who can say that I deviated one inch from the straight path of democracy. Yet some men who are pert enough to say "Why don't he say he will abide by the action of the convention?" Why is not this question asked others who have been mentioned as candidates? The very question implies a suspicion. I have been asked the question in Augusta to-day and I will answer the gentlemen who put it right here. I suppose that is the only objection that they have in the way of giving me their support. I will give the names to some of these citizens who can see whether they asked the question honestly or did it to catch me. Gentlemen, never have I bolted a nomination. [Applause.] It never entered my mind as the shadow of an imagination that I ever would. [Great applause.] Now I want to know of these gentlemen who have professed to doubt, if this is not a sufficient answer.

GOVERNOR COLQUITT'S POSITION.

The governor closed his speech in Augusta with the following:

I am not begging for votes. There is not a man here who doesn't understand why I stand before the people of Georgia and say that my name shall not be tarnished by such assaults. Gladly would I retire to private life; but my honor and reputation are dear to me. I seek not the office, but I seek to preserve that which is dear to me. I have never turned my back to the enemy in war, and I will never do it in peace. [Great applause.]

Dr. H. V. M. Miller.

HE WILL NOT MAKE THE RACE FOR GOVERNOR.

Dr. Miller, on being asked yesterday whether or not he would make the race as the independent candidate for governor, replied that he would not under any circumstances consent to make the race.

Campaign Notes and Guesses.

OGLETHORPE gave Colquitt over 600 majority.

THE vote in Worth county stood 51 for Colquitt, and 6 anti-Colquitt.

THE meeting in Charlton county indorsed Governor Brown for the senate, and urged his re-election.

IN Floyd and Monroe counties, Rome and Forsyth went anti-Colquitt, but the farmer vote rallied and carried the counties.

DOWN IN DIXIE.

BURGLARS are troubling Raleigh, N. C.

THE cotton batting mill at Natchez, Miss., is ready for the machinery.

WILMINGTON, N. C., will have a grand mass meeting on the 24th of August.

LIGHTNING killed sixty head of sheep in one flock in Henderson county, Ky.

GOLDSBORO, N. C., is getting up quite a reputation in the buggy manufacture line.

THE Alabama river lacks but a few inches of being at last year's low-water mark.

THE North Carolina yearly meeting of Friends will be held at Friendville, August 11.

A MAN in Carroll county, Ky., has worn the same blue jeans coat for twenty-seven years.

THE Methodist church at Helena, Arkansas, has been sold and is to be turned into a theater.

THE Mammoth cave property embraces 3,0[illegible] acres, owned by heirs in New York, Chicago and Washington.

REV. DR. SKINNER, of Raleigh, North Carolina, has been ordered by his physician to spend t[illegible] months in the mountains [illegible]

FELTON'S COON STORY

MADE TO DO SOME EXTRA SERVICE

For the Delectation of Bill Arp, Who Suggests to the Doctor a Variation in the Yarn—Dr. Tanner Viewed as a Patriot and a Benefactor To His Race.

Written for The Constitution.

If I lived afur off in another state or even in another district, I think I should be aroused at the peculiar condition of politics in the seventh. It would look like a good joke on somebody and I could enjoy it. But living where I do I don't enjoy it as much as I would like to. You see there is the joke and the joker and the jokee, and I'm one of the jokees. The whole power of the organized democracy of this district has been combined against one man for six years and can't whip him. This district gave 5,000 more votes for Tilden than any district in the state, and yet we can't send our nominee to congress. What in the dickens is the matter with us. I was ruminating over it and wondering whether we were all wrong and the doctor all right, or was the doctor a demagogue and the people fools, or was it best to change the system and have no nominations and let the longest pole knock down the persimmon.

So when I heard that the doctor was going to speak in Cartersville last Thursday, I concluded to go in and hear him, and if possible, find a solution of the problem. You see, Mr. Editor, I have been brought up to believe that the best way to do these things in church and in state, was to nominate in the good old way. When the Methodists want to make a bishop, or the people want to make a president, or a governor, and that's the way it is done, I couldent see why the old doctor wouldent come in and do the same way. I thought may be he would tell us what was the matter, and he did. He says there is a corrupt ring still trying to run the machinery of the seventh, and the dickens of it is he makes the people believe it. He charges that every man who is opposed to him is in the ring, and he makes 'em believe that, too, and they holler, and whoop, and rap, and cheer, and look round at us regulars like they thought we had stole something and ought to be in the chain-gang right now. Well, you see that makes me mad, and then I think they are all fools and ought to be in the lunatic asylum. But I ain't mad now. I've heard the old doctor. I listened patiently for two solid hours, and he might have quit sometime before he did and given no offense to me, and I think I understand him pretty well. He made a good speech—a good Felton speech, and if I was Dr. Felton I expect I would have been satisfied with the effort and the effect of it. If I was a Felton man I would say it was a first-rate speech, and I should vote for him again, I reckon, so I'm not going to abuse anybody or say hard things any more about this business, for it may be possible that these independents have got as much sense and as much patriotism as I have.

I say it may be possible, but from my standpoint it does appear to me that there is a little weakness somewhere, and I think I know where it is. I remember mighty well that there was some suspicion of a ring about six years ago—a ring about Dalton, with Newt Trammell at the head of it. Not a corrupt ring, but a ring—a sort of oligarchy or political syndicate that was to divide out the offices and say who should go to congress and be judge and so forth. Well, they may have been a little dictatorial about that sort of a thing and as the doctor was about to be left out he rebelled and set up a ring of his own and said he was going to congress himself. So he made a love-feast with the radicals and went, and he keeps going, and it looks like he is going again, so far as I can see, for he makes the people believe the ring is alive yet and that it is a terrible monster that will ruin the country and gobble up our wives and children. He said in his speech that he broke up that nice little family arrangement—that tat-tate they were holding, but that they were trying to get up another—that a distinguished gentleman from this county (General Young) pretended he was trying to purge the party of its corruption by holding primary elections. "But," says he, "my trusted friends, I see through all that and it reminds me of a song I used to sing when I was a boy. 'As I walked out by the light of the moon, I spied in a tree that same old coon.'" Then the boys all shouted and cheered, and me and Tom Lyon felt like we had stole a hog and been caught at it. What coon? Whose any coon? How do you want us to do? Was Dabney a coon, and Lester a coon; and if we nominate Judge McCutchen is he a coon? Is there to be a coon everywhere and all the time? Aint it possible that the doctor is the coon himself? One time there was a feller who went a hunting and he thought he saw a coon away up in the fork of a big poplar and he shot at him, but he didn't come down and he shot again and kept shooting for about two hours when a man came along and says he, "What in the dickens are you shooting at so much?" And he said: "A coon—a blamed old coon," and tried to point him out, but the feller couldent see him at all, and so after while he looked on the hunter's eye-lash and saw a little animal sticking there that had fell down from his dirty head. He brushed it away, and the coon in the poplar was gone. May be the coon that the doctor is troubled about is nearer home than he thinks it is.

Now, I say honestly that I don't believe there is any coon. If the democracy of the 7th ever was sick and diseased, the doctor gave it a dose of ippekak six years ago that emptied its stomach, and four years ago he give it croton oil, and two years ago he give it black vomit, and what he wants to give it anything more for now I don't see, unless he has a spite against Dick Harris, and wants to kill the only patient that Dick has got. Now I don't find any fault with the doctor or his record. I think he has made a very good member. In fact, I don't realize that he has done me or the 7th any damage, but on the contrary has done us all the good he could, considering his peculiar surroundings. If he hadent been sorter beholden to the radicals he could have done a little better, but then it's all right, I reckon. Cobe says it's all right. I'm a forgiving man, and if the doctor will come in now and admit that his medicine has done its work, and the patient is well, why, we will harmonize—but if the patient is still sick, then in good faith the doctor ought to notify the family that he can't cure him, and advise a consultation.

He made a tip-top speech on the tariff and the funding bill, and the silver coinage and all that! He knows a sight more than I do about them things, and he ought to, for he has been there long enough to learn, but you see the doctor is getting old, and an inscrutable Providence will some of these days call him hence, and it's high time we were putting another man in training to fill his place. I don't reckon I could fill it, but I'm willing to try—that is if everybody else is willing. I thought that may be the doctor was tired and would like to preach awhile for variety, and I was his nabor, and he would just take off his mantle and throw it over me, and say: "Arp, go in," and then he would give us a few parting sermons, and jump in a charriott and sail straight to heaven. I say I thought so, but from his talk last Thursday, I am not prepared to believe he has resigned, either the world, the flesh, or the devil, and so I will subside and patiently await the manifest destiny.

Dr. Tanner's experiment has filled me with hope. If we can only do without eating at my house, I can get along without going to congress. It's the table that absorbs all my energies. My family sprung from an old Presbyterian stock on the one side and a Methodist stock on the other. The Presbyterians had good eating six days in the week and sorter fasted on Sunday, but the Methodist had a bigger dinner on Sunday than any other day; and so betwixt the two we have mighty nigh spent our substance in the kitchen business. I am watching Dr. Tanner with a good deal of interest. If he succeeds, then I want to try it on my family and invite company to come in and participate. A darkey came to me yesterday and wanted to hire, and I said to him: "Ta[illegible]no Tanner. If Tanner fifteen dol[illegible]no Tanner," and when I [illegible] he said "No Tanner [illegible] to be I reckon [illegible] the horses and [illegible] I'll be blamed if [illegible] into the day is the [illegible] thereof. [illegible] BILL ARP.

was ashamed to confess it. The presumption is that the men in the vehicle were accomplices of the thief, and the whole plan was a well-devised scheme of robbery. The loss has been definitely ascertained to be $5,620.

ALL AROUND US.

Montgomery, Lawrenceville, Elberton, Etc.

MADISON, July 24.—The city authorities have recently purchased five or six acres of land lying in the rear of the confederate soldiers' cemetery, and will proceed at an early date to properly enclose and lay out the grounds for a new cemetery.

ALBANY, July 23.—A glorious rain fell here last night, and a good prospect of a continuance this morning.——The store of Lewis deGraffenreid, a prominent and respectable colored merchant on Broad street, was entered last night and seventy-five or eighty dollars stolen from his drawer. A similar attempt was made, several nights ago, on the hardware store of Sheffield & Bell, but without result.

MONROE, July 23.—The closing exercises of Rev. D. F. Timmons's school, of this place, were had on the evening of the 21st instant, which were highly appreciated by a large audience, and on last night at his academy the prizes awarded to different members of the school were delivered by our worthy townsman, John D. Molsby, Esq. Mr. Molsby made an excellent, appropriate and eloquent address on the occasion, which elicited rounds of applause.

MONTEZUMA, July 23.—The Macon, Dooly and Houston counties fair was held here yesterday and to-day. The display was very fine. Some good specimens of stock on exhibition. Three brass bands in attendance to compete for the prize. The crowd is variously estimated at from 2,500 to 3,000 people. The races come off at 3 o'clock. Big ball here to-night, and a good time generally. The association if kept up, will result in much good to the counties taking part.

MONTGOMERY, ALA., July 23.—General Weaver, the national greenback-labor candidate for president, addressed an audience of all shades of color and political opinion, at the theater last night. He proposes to establish the good old Jeffersonian democracy and the pure republicanism of Thad Stephens and admits that the press, the pulpit and the bar are against him. Hancock and English head the independent ticket.——The crops throughout the state are generally good, though the caterpillar has made its appearance in some localities.

MACON, July 23.—The most important addition made to the Brown house in a long time is the appointment of Mr. Fred Cullen as night clerk. Fred is one of the nicest, cleverest and most attentive young men that I know of, and everybody is of the opinion that Mr. Brown has done remarkably well in securing his services.——I was told to-night by a prominent person in political circles that there would surely be an independent candidate out for congress against Mr. Blount in the sixth district.——Harry Edwards has returned from the lunatic asylum looking better.

DECATUR, July 24.—It will rejoice the many friends of Hon. M. A. Candler and Mr. G. A. Ramspeck to know that the unpleasant feeling existing between them on account of a misunderstanding at the mass meeting held here on first Tuesday in this month has been settled by them in a manner satisfactory to all parties interested, and that hereafter they will be to each other as if it had never happened.——Miss Janie Porter, of Savannah, who has been spending the last three weeks with the Misses Scott, returned home yesterday.——Miss Ella Powell, of Atlanta, is visiting Miss Lula Houston at this place.

ELBERTON, July 23.—A very large crowd was in attendance at the grange dinner at "The Fork" in Madison county yesterday. Speeches were made by Hon. Emory Speer and Messrs. P. W. Davis, of Elberton, and C. B. Henry, of Danielsville. Elberton and Elbert county was largely represented.——The town council of Elberton, called a public meeting of the citizens yesterday and gave an account of their stewardship and their reasons for employing a detective to convict the violators of the liquor ordinance.——Miss Lou Fortson, a daughter of Mr. G. G. Fortson, died this morning of typhoid fever. Nearly all of his family are confined with the same disease.

Special dispatch to The Constitution.

MACON, July 24.—Mr. J. A. Moore, a commercial traveller, representing William Dixon & Bro., a Baltimore shoe house, dropped dead at the Brown house this evening about half past seven o'clock. He has been laying up here for several days on account of sickness. He first stopped at the Brown house, but left and went to the National. He was in the act of having his baggage transferred to that hotel when he fell. The cause was supposed to have been heart disease. In conversation with him yesterday he told me he was formerly from Athens, and at one time conductor on the Athens branch railroad. He leaves a wife and two children living in Florida.

FLOYD COUNTY, July 22.—Crops are nearly laid by and are looking very well. Cotton especially is unusually promising, with a large increase in acreage over last year in cultivation. Corn is pretty badly injured by the drought, but we have been having fine rains for the last two week, and if they continue, a great deal of corn will be made in this section.——The people of Floyd county still adhere to the custom of belaboring themselves for about 365 days in the year, making and gathering cotton with the proceeds of which to purchase that which could be produced with about half the time and labor. But then I suppose it is all right, as a great many people need something to keep them out of mischief. Cotton is, perhaps more forward in north Georgia than was ever known before. Rev. O. P. Ritch, who lives five miles below Rome, and who is one of the best farmers, and by the way, one of the cleverest men in this country, had cotton blooms on the 15th of June.

DALTON, July 24.—The democratic executive committee of Whitfield county held a meeting to-day. Colonel I. E. Shumate was made chairman and Joseph Boyle secretary. Resolutions instructing delegates for Colquitt for governor and Underwood for attorney general were adopted. Whitfield favors Colquitt with great unanimity, and Underwood will receive a solid and enthusiastic support from this region. Messrs. L. N. Trammell, Joseph Guthrie, I. E. Shumate, W. L. Tibbs, Thomas H. Jeffries, J. A. W. Johnson, W. B. Wells, Jackson Rodgers, D. W. Humphrey and W. R. Greer were elected delegates.——An enjoyable sociable was given at "Music hall," the residence of Mrs. J. F. Reynolds, last evening. Quite a number of summer visitors were in attendance. The gay party were reluctant to relinquish their enjoyment until late in the evening. They were favored with some faultlessly performed selections on the piano by the obliging hostess, and listened with admiration to the splendid baritone, Professor Homer Wright, of Macon, in several impressive ballads.——The greenback candidate for the presidency will address the people at the court-house in this city next Wednesday night.

LAWRENCEVILLE, July 23.—Learning that there was to be an old-fashioned barbecue at Loganville, Walton county, yesterday, your correspondent journeyed thither.——Loganville is quite a thrifty little village. Striking evidences of recent improvements are seen on every hand and an air of prosperity seems to pervade the place. The rush of business displayed here is an unmistakable evidence that the merchants are keeping pace with the times. At an early hour the village was thronged with people eager for the day's amusement. In the forenoon there were several speeches delivered on different themes. At noon the crowd partook of the barbecue, which, by the way, was a magnificent repast and reflected much credit on the managers. In the afternoon there was other speeches, among which was an able address by Dr. Stewart, of Conyers, who is Hon. H. D. McDaniel's opponent for the senatorship. The Conyers cornet band arrived the night previous and kept the crowd animated during the day by discoursing spirited music. There was no disorder or rowdyism to mar the pleasure of the day, and there prevailed a cordiality and good humor rarely seen on occasions where there is so vast a concourse of people.

A Policeman Murdered.

DENVER, COL., July 24.—Charles Norton [illegible] Policeman O'Neil at [illegible]

FOREIGN FLASHES.

THE COLLECTIVE NOTE UNANSWERED

The Porte Promising a Policy of Procrastination In The Hope of Dividing the Powers—Debates In the British Parliament—The Coming King of Spain.

LONDON, July 24.—A Reuters telegram from Paris says a dispatch from Vienna is published here purporting to give an account of the negotiations between the powers on the Montenegrin question. England, according to a dispatch, proposed to Turkey to cede Dulcigno or carry out the protocol of last April. The porte declined to cede Dulcigno and asked a delay of three months to carry out the Turco-Montenegrin convention. The powers refused and insisted on the immediate execution of the convention while negotiations were pending. England, anticipating the refusal of the porte, took the initiative in effecting an understanding between the powers and made verbal proposals to the five other cabinets for sending to Turkish waters vessels from each power carrying troops for land service. Austria accepted, but objected to sending troops for disembarkation and demanded that the fleet only consist of two or three vessels from each power. Russia adhered to the proposals without reservation. The other powers made reservation of points of detail, but on the whole a complete understanding was established on the expediency of the naval demonstration. Negotiations on the Montenegrin question are perfectly distinct from those in regard to the Turco-Greek frontier. The latter negotiations will enter into a more active phase when the porte has replied to the collective note. If the reply be negative, it is considered probable that the naval demonstration will aid at the settlement of the Greek as well as the Montenegrin question. Ambassadors at Constantinople are making great efforts to induce the porte to immediately accede to the demands of the powers, but the porte is little disposed to comply. The porte has made confidential overtures to several powers, more particularly Russia, England and Germany, the object being to prevent accord among the powers, and although this policy has not had the desired result it is feared that the porte still cherishes the hope of succeeding, and thus continues in an unyielding spirit.

A dispatch from Constantinople says all that the sultan fears is the danger of a foreign fleet appearing before his capital, and on this point he has been reassured by his naval authorities who declare that at the present moment no fleet could force the Dardanelles without losing a large proportion of its ships, and that in a few days the defenses may be increased an hundred fold by means of torpedoes.

General Blum Pasha, who has just returned from a tour of inspection, recommends the construction of ten new forts on the straits.

RAGUSA, July 24.—The Montinegrins have attacked the Albanians near Cernaniz. They killed 32 persons and carried off a quantity of cattle to Cettinje. Prince Nikita ordered the restitution of the cattle. The prince has ordered a levy of men between the ages of 16 and 60.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, July 24.—The interview between the masters and cotton operatives of Bolton and that district, yesterday, resulted in the operatives declaring their intention to strike on Wednesday next unless an advance of five per cent on their wages is conceded. The masters said they would in such an event enforce a general lock out. The dispute directly affects four million spindles and ten thousand operatives. Two thousand operatives are now out on a strike at Rochdale. A strike is also probable at Oldham.

Lady Anne DeGrey, baroness of Lucas and Countess Dowager Cowper, is dead. She was the eldest daughter of the second Earl DeGrey and mother of Earl Cowper, lord lieutenant of Ireland.

A Bombay dispatch says: Abdurrahman Khan, the new ameer of Afghanistan, explains that urgent necessity alone made him raise the forced loans in Turkestan. He promises to repay the money, grant the freedom of trade and do all he can to revive the trade with Bokhara.

At a meeting of the liberal members of the house of commons who are hostile to the compensation bill, they resolved not to support the third reading of the measure, consequently an important section of the supporters of the ministry will abstain from voting on the question on Monday.

In the house of commons last night during the debate on the condition of Armenia, Sir Charles Dilke, under secretary for foreign affairs, said the government would not be satisfied with general promises from the porte, but as the government was acting in concert with other powers, it was impossible for him now to explain the details of reforms which they were demanding or the steps they were taking to press them upon the porte. Sir Wilfred Lawson, radical member for Carlysle, declared that he would oppose any warlike demonstration against Turkey as earnestly as under the late government he had opposed the demonstrations against Russia. Mr. Henry Labouchere, liberal member for Northampton, protested against meddling with matters that do not concern us either in America or elsewhere. Premier Gladstone denied that the government was under any obligations to say whether the policy of coercion would be adopted or not. The house must be content, he said, to rely on the general rule that it is the interest of the government to make the parliament acquainted with its policy. He inferred from the debate that the government would receive support from all sides in its endeavors to induce the porte to carry out the reforms.

The stewards of the jockey club have unanimously decided that the winner of the Derby stakes is the Duke of Westminster.

Very urgent whips, both of the government and the opposition, have been issued for Monday night's division on the compensation bill. The resignation of Earl Kenmore as lord chamberlain is again rumored. It is believed that most of the Irish members will support the compensation bill, and that it will pass the house of commons by a large majority despite the opposition whip and the abstentions from voting.

SPAIN.

LONDON, July 24.—A Madrid dispatch says that it is now considered certain in official circles that Premier Canovas del Castillo has overruled the objections raised by the queen's Austrian physicians against the return of the court to Madrid in the heat of August. The state apartments in the palace at Madrid are being sumptuously prepared for the queen's encouchement, which is expected at the end of August. The queen's mother, the Archduchess Elizabeth of Austria, will arrive in Madrid next week. Ex-Queen Isabella will visit the capital later.

At a council of the ministers, held at La Granja, under the presidency of King Alfonso it was resolved to send architects to the Philippine islands for the purpose of rebuilding the edifices destroyed by the recent earthquakes. The court will return to Madrid on the 31st inst.

RUSSIA.

LONDON, July 24.—A dispatch from St. Petersburg says it must not be supposed that the revolutionary spirit is exorcised. A large proportion of the nihilist leaders have been captured or driven abroad and the intelligent classes are more hopeful under General Melikoff's wise and liberal rule, but the roots of the social malady are deep seated, and that the nihilists have not lost either hope or energy is shown by the appearance of the new number of the Varodnia Volia, covering six pages of close double-column octavo.

A St. Petersburg dispatch says that the czar, fearing suspicion might arise that a one-sided arrangement might be made between Russia and Greece, asked the king of Greece to postpone his visit to St. Petersburg. The government has again prohibited the press from publishing information in regard to its armaments against China.

FRANCE.

The students gave a soiree here to-night in honor of the amnestied communists. Henri Rochefort and M. Blanqui were present. Violent speeches were made, eulogizing the commune and its defenders, demanding the European republic the [illegible] the kings and a social revolu[illegible]

An Ohio Bolt.

[illegible] July 24 [illegible] Amos Towns[illegible] district held [illegible] issue a manifesto to the voters of the district, setting forth their grievances. After repeated futile efforts to bring the battlers into a regular convention, Mr. Townsend was renominated for congress. There is deep feeling on both sides.

THREE COWS

Cause a Little Trouble on the Air-Line.

TOCCOA, July 24.—Last night train No. 47 of the Air-Line railway, when two miles from here at the quarry, ran into three cows, going down grade. The engine, No. 11, was thrown from the track and turned over, stopping some sixty feet at the bottom of the embankment. The engineer, Sam Foster, had his arm severely bruised. Dr. O. M. Doyle, of this place, was on the train and immediately rendered aid to Mr. Foster and he is now doing splendidly. The mail car was forced off of the track. Train Master Garrett, with his usual promptitude, set to work to put things in order. The material train was soon at the scene and the road was speedily cleared of the wreck. By this morning everything was in order and No. 47 proceeded to Charlotte and No. 42 to Atlanta. The following explains itself;

ATLANTA AND CHARLOTTE AIR-LINE TRAIN, from Atlanta 3:30 p. m., July 23, 1880.—The passengers on board this train having narrowly escaped a serious disaster, and feeling that their safety is due to the prudence and courage of the engineer in charge, do resolve,

1st. That their utmost gratitude is due to the engineer, Mr. Samuel Foster, for his coolness and courage in reversing the engine and suddenly stopping the train of cars at a point where, but for his skill and presence of mind, the coaches would have been hurled down a frightful precipice

Resolved 2d. That the conduct of Mr. Foster, and of his fireman, Stephen Reid, in standing to their posts, even whilst the engine was plunging from the hand of the brave engineer over a steep embankment, deserves to be mentioned amongst the bravest acts of men, and the wounds received by Mr. Foster invoke our profoundest sympathy.

All honor to a brave and true man.

Howard Van Epps, Atlanta, Ga; George F. Hodgson, Athens; J. T. Hackett, Atlanta; O. H. Bouk, Calhoun, Ga; C. M. Carington, New York; E. M. Andrews, Charlotte, N. C; E. W. Anderson, Washington, Ga; A. J. Pharr, Washington, Ga; W. H. S. Harris, Jonesville, S. C; A. M. Doyle, Toccoa, Ga; Mrs. Eliza Blakely, Richmond, Va; S. E. Kemp, Canton, Ga; Henry T. Gatchell, Atlanta, Ga; W. T. Cole, Griffin, Ga; A. S. Kedney, Maitland, Fla; Pendleton King and lady, Baton Rouge, La; J. J. Gresham, Macon, Ga; George Winship, Atlanta; D. L. Clinch, Augusta, Ga; W. H. McCoy, Atlanta, Ga; George W. Hunnicutt, Atlanta, Ga; T. J. Harper, Atlanta, Ga.

THE POLYGAMISTS

Have a General Glorification.

SALT LAKE, July 24.—The Mormons celebrated their first entrance into the valley thirty-three years ago to-day with the usual elaborateness. Good order prevailed and the discipline of the army was everywhere apparent. A procession, embracing ten brass and military bands, representing sentiments, ideas, agricultural and horticultural products, trade and industries, and manufacturing, was an hour in passing, and was witnessed by from 10,000 to 20,000 spectators. There was a profusion of mottoes, among the rest, a happy polygamist family carried by said family in a wagon. The decorations were profuse and often tasteful. Among the evidences of material growth was one of the growth in liberalism, namely, that of mining, industry and products. Eleven years ago a coterie of prominent Mormons was proscribed and excommunicated for advocating mining as a legitimate branch of industry in Utah. The ceremonies were concluded in the big tabernacle and consisted of speeches and music. It was profusely decorated and full to overflowing. It presented an impressive spectacle. There was less show of hostility to the government and authorities than has been formerly made on this anniversary. The federal officers of Utah were invited to attend as guests, but as it was an exclusively sectarian demonstration, they declined the invitation.

THE TUNNEL DISASTER.

The Workers Trying to Reach the Dead Men.

JERSEY CITY, July 24.—Work at the tunnel was resumed at an early hour this morning. The water in the shaft was up to within a few inches of the engine, which was working in a fitful way and kept the water from overflowing it, the water in the shaft being higher than at any time since the accident. Work was resumed on the cribbing this morning, and all the men who were discharged yesterday were put to work again, and will be kept at work night and day until the crib work is completed. Mrs. Bagley, the wife of one of the men who was in the tunnel at the time of the accident, and Miss Broderick, of Philadelphia, sister of two of the men now in the tunnel, were at the works this morning and created quite a scene by crying and making vain efforts to get near the mouth of the shaft. Three divers are now preparing to go down to try and close the door of the air lock, the one who went down last night finding it impossible to accomplish anything. He was unable to say whether there was a body wedged between the outer door of the air lock or not, but thought he felt something that resembled cloth. C. C. Lovejoy, chief engineer of the elevated railway, took charge of the cribbing and will continue in charge until the work is completed.

A Sewing Machine Decision.

CINCINNATI, July 24.—A decision was rendered yesterday by Judge Foraker, of the superior court of Cincinnati, in the case of the Singer Manufacturing Company vs. Brill, local dealer in imitation Singer machines. The court, in an elaborate written opinion, held that the word Singer was the company's trade name, and that no other manufacturer had any right to call his machines Singer, or even to imitate the Singer machines in form and general appearance. A perpetual injunction was granted against the defendant.

The Ute Commission.

LOS PINOS, July 22, VIA LAKE CITY, COL., July 24.—The Ute commission held their first grand council yesterday. The principal chiefs and head men of Uncompahgres and several White River Utes were present. The treaty was read and interpreted. No public discussion took place in regard to its provisions. The Utes held a council last night among themselves. The result of their deliberations can only be determined by their action at the next meeting of the commission.

Afflicting Memphis.

WASHINGTON, July 24.—A report having been published that cholera prevailed at Memphis, Tennessee, Dr. Turner, secretary of the national board of health, to day addressed a telegram of inquiry to Dr. Thornton, president of the Memphis board of health, concerning the truthfulness of the report. Dr. Thornton's reply states that there is no truth whatever in the report, and that Memphis is unusually healthy.

General Grant's New Position.

BOSTON, July 24.—General U. S. Grant has been elected president of the San Pedro and Canon del Aqua company, which owns 40,000 acres of land in New Mexico, including copper and gold mines. Boston and New York capitalists are largely interested in the enterprise. While in New York General Grant will make his headquarters at the banking house of George Williams, Ballou & Co.

Population of Rhode Island.

PROVIDENCE, July 24.—Official census returns of the whole state show a population of 276,710, a gain of 59,307 in ten years.

FASHIONABLE FANCIES.

GATHERED flounces gain favor.

SHORT skirts are worn for dancing.

HANDKERCHIEF dresses of silk are the latest.

RED parasols have already lost favor in Paris.

HOODS are worn abroad on dresses as well as wraps.

OPEN-WORKED white embroidery is to be used on silk next winter.

FOR ball and festival dresses the rule is decoration to profusion with artificial flowers.

BODICES are pointed in front, rounded on the hips, and have postillion basques in the back.

THE gold thread seen in fine white embroideries and in lace does not tarnish when washed.

DANCING dresses are made of thin goods, and for young ladies white ones are most popular.

SMALL detached figures predominate in the patterns of brocades received as samples from Lyons.

LACE albums are the latest fancy of women who have no real work to occupy their leisure hours.

BRIDAL dresses are made of white satin, with round dots, and trimmed with tulle and orange blossoms.

IT is also fashionable for young, unmarried ladies, and even young matrons who have pretty feet, bien chaussee, to wear short dresses for dinner toilet.

THE new mantle, or sortie de bain, for wearing after the bath, and called "The [illegible]," is both suitable and stylish [illegible] spongy-looking [illegible] embroidery.

THE EMPTY STOMACH

OF THE ECCENTRIC OLD DOCTOR

Who Has Not Tasted Food For Twenty-Seven Days—He Experiences a Burning Sensation Within, But Declares That It Is Nothing Unusual with Him.

Days	27th
Condition	Nominal
Weight	130½
Temperature	98
Pulse	74

NEW YORK, July 24.—Dr. Tanner complained of sickness at his stomach, but brightened up somewhat after he had taken his usual ride. The cool air had an invigorating effect upon the faster and drove away the sickness and dizziness. He slept forty minutes after returning to the hall. Dr. Smack wrote from Staten Island saying he had once fasted fifteen days himself. When asked to detail the differences with his wife Dr. Tanner said:

"Oh, they were very many. She had a full very full habit and appetite, and I was always abstemious. She would eat fat pork and cabbage or beans three times a day, and everybody knows it is impossible for a man to live peaceably with a woman who eats pork and cabbage three times a day. She had a habit of gorging herself and was always sick and bilious. I would mildly remonstrate with her and hint that she could expect nothing else and that in fact it served her right for eating so much. Then we would have a time of it and sometimes I imagined a cyclone had struck the house. I tell you, gentlemen, no man can live with a woman who eats pork and cabbage three times a day. I could not stand it and had to leave. She had her own horses and carriages and lots of money, for she was a doctor and had a good practice. I never compelled her to starve herself. I only suggested that it would be better for her health to eat less and also for the peace of the neighborhood. Take an old man's advice, and never marry a woman who indulges in pork and cabbage morning, noon and night."

Dr. Celerson said of the fasting man: "He is much weaker to-day. He is in better condition now, however, than he was before he began to drink water." A Chicago man sent him fifty gallons of Zionian spring water and said: "It is eternal life, and don't you forget it." The following letter was received by Dr. Tanner to-day:

BOARDING-HOUSE KEEPERS' POLYTECHNICAL UNION, Washington, D. C.—I am instructed to inquire of you what will be your charge for giving lessons in your art of fasting to clubs of 20 or 30 members. Most of our guests are government employes, and since the reduced number of hours for a day's work began they have had so much spare time that their appetites have increased in an abnormal manner, and they are fairly gorging themselves. Our only hope is in inducing them to resort to your sensible system, and we intend to offer prizes for those who will eat least and fast longest.

(Signed) C. JEMIMA, Secretary.

ANOTHER ACCOUNT.

The hours passed with rarely varying monotony in Clarendon hall. Dr. Tanner had his usual drive in the morning up to the spring, where the demijohn was filled, then naps in the hammock, a walk around the hall, and then more cat naps. The visitors were few. They entered the hall on tip-toe, spoke in whispers, gazed at the faster in apparent awe, and silently departed. There were exceptions. One of them was a man from Vermont, who insisted upon getting the doctor's autograph, with the date and minute and his weight. The faster grumbled some, but wrote the required words in a neat, firm hand, without the suspicion of a tremor.

One peculiarity of the doctor's hands is that they are plump and shapely. There is not the least appearance of emaciation about them. The doctor is not inclined to agree with the theory that his diminution in stature is owing to the wasting of cartilage.

"You see," he said as he sat on a bench waiting for the carriage that was to take him riding: "you see, my stomach being empty, there is really nothing to hold me up, and the tendency is for me to stoop over. It is almost impossible for me to stand up so," and the empty man made an effort to protrude his abdomen, the only apparent result being to exhibit a waistcoat many sizes too large.

"Now, you fill me out with watermelon," he continued, "and you'll see that I straighten up and regain my usual height."

The doctor evidently longs for that first watermelon. When he broke his fast after the forty days without food in Minnesota it was with a watermelon. Then he put on top of that six California pears and two apples, topping off this repast with a pint of milk.

"The milk seemed to go to the end of my toes," said the doctor.

About six o'clock the carriage drove up in front of Clarendon hall. It was immediately surrounded by an open-eyed throng. The doctor trotted strongly down the steps, chucked a little girl under the chin, took his seat, and, with three other men, drove off. He was gone over two hours, and the change from the motion and air of the streets to the air of the hall was not pleasing to him. He went into a front ante-room and asked that a cot might be placed on tables by the window. It was not convenient, and so the doctor perched himself in the window-sill and sucked the end of his cane.

Visitors came in and stared at him. He didn't take kindly to this, and soon jumped down, trotted up stairs, and throwing himself in his hammock went to sleep.

At 9½ the watchers were exchanged. Then a dreary silence prevailed in the hall. In his net the doctor slept soundly. His watchers tipped back in their chairs and snoozed, or sat by the table, where burned a solitary lamp, and talked medicine. The gas was put out in the body of the hall, and it was dark and gloomy. From an open window came laughter, the clatter of dishes and the smell of food, and in an adjacent beer garden could be seen a jolly party having a late dinner.

HIS CONDITION TO DAY.

Dr. Tanner was somewhat weaker and rather more irritable to-day. Early this morning he complained of a burning sensation in his stomach, and was given two mouthfuls of hot water, which stimulated the gastric follicals, relieving his distress. His physicians think this an unfavorable sign, but he says that during his fast at Minneapolis he often experienced the same sensation. He enters upon his 27th day of fast with no other marked change in his condition.

IN HIS LITTLE BED.

Dr. Tanner was better this evening, chatting with the reporters on spiritualism and giving his views thereon. He seemed lively and cheerful, but did not take his usual afternoon drive. He retired at 9:30. Weight 130½, temperature 98, pulse 74.

Dr. John M. Johnson's Cases.

IN WHICH HE CONDUCTED TWO FASTS.

THE CONSTITUTION, wishing to learn more of Doctor John M. Johnson's remarkable brandy and water cases, said to him last night after tea:

"How did you use the brandy and water?"

"I gave them a teaspoonful of brandy and water every four hours, and just afterwards made them drink from four to ten ounces of water."

"And this was all they took for more than forty days?"

"It was. They could not have eaten anything if they had wished to do so, because one had cancer of the stomach and could hold nothing solid while the other had stricture of the esophagus or swallow, and owing to the extreme irritability of his bowels was unable to take food.

"What effect had this treatment upon them physically?"

"A marvelous effect. It kept them strong enough to rise in bed and drink their brandy and water to the last."

"You stated before that the water tended to sustain life by maintaining the fluidity of the blood and thus keeping up the circulation. Now what did the brandy do?"

"The function of the brandy was to preserve and promote the lymph or fats. These fats lie in little cells in all parts of the body. My patients were kept alive by these and the water and [illegible] brandy. The latter had th[illegible] the fats and [illegible]

WA[illegible]

To Enter the[illegible]

DORALAND, [illegible] —Editors Consti[illegible] directed to the c[illegible] issue of the 21st [illegible] suggested for the [illegible] large on the Han[illegible] I adequately [illegible] plied in the sugg[illegible] the kindly feeling [illegible] flattering terms w[illegible] If the state of [illegible] purely public co[illegible] real satisfaction t[illegible] bearers in that [illegible] privilege to so p[illegible] tal author of ord[illegible] In the terribl[illegible] "the brave bega[illegible] the pious to dou[illegible] was the first pers[illegible] unfurl the banne[illegible] to assert the [illegible] military to the [illegible] uphold citizen-lib[illegible] this is "a governm[illegible] He exercised pow[illegible] Success made him [illegible] vation did not ma[illegible] him to sweep in a [illegible] duty.

When the Order [illegible] respondence with [illegible] clove unto the ma[illegible] and of fire by nigh[illegible] ment; and I felt, t[illegible] lead us through th[illegible] now that he is also [illegible] the land of liberty.

Approving so cor[illegible] ministration while [illegible] department of Tex[illegible] the "Hancock [illegible] your correspon[illegible] them to one [illegible] convention of 1867-[illegible] warmly indorsed th[illegible] to that body on the [illegible] Their fate on the v[illegible] our twelve coadju[illegible] what in modern ca[illegible] believed we were [illegible] and "formidable [illegible] ing a banner round[illegible] would finally rally [illegible] ripening into fruitio[illegible]

As stated, the co[illegible] any very active part[illegible] as would be exacted [illegible] do my best, as a priv[illegible] the good cause.

KING[illegible]

Prospects of an [illegible] Acres Planted[illegible]

NEW YORK, July [illegible] crop will, if pred[illegible] prospects are not [illegible] ever poduced. F[illegible] many contingenci[illegible] good yield in com[illegible] occurs only abo[illegible] Last year's was [illegible] known in Americ[illegible] tional if the prese[illegible] it, as now seems [illegible] favorable, the acre[illegible] fore, and the fields [illegible] to be almost certai[illegible] the yearly pests, [illegible] worm, has already [illegible] production in the [illegible] such that foreign [illegible] chance for comp[illegible] foreign country, [illegible] send to England a[illegible] ufacturers anythin[illegible] are brought from t[illegible]

The crop is far a[illegible] and the first bale [illegible] here last week. I[illegible] dling," and had i[illegible] have brought abou[illegible] As new cotton it w[illegible] by John A. Braper [illegible] auction by N. W. [illegible] cents. Mr. Emers[illegible] forward the bale to [illegible] of Liverpool, Eng[illegible] in De Witt county [illegible] from Houston by [illegible] The crop of last [illegible] the season so long [illegible] much of the old cr[illegible] Some of the last [illegible] picked until Janua[illegible] present year, and th[illegible] were in some sectio[illegible] The late picked crop [illegible] extremely low price[illegible] having greatly redu[illegible] is now producing m[illegible] and the increased a[illegible] there by the averag[illegible] which it is credited [illegible] last year.

Mr. Clarence Oliv[illegible] large Louisiana hous[illegible] crop in that state: [illegible] unusually large in [illegible] sually good quality. [illegible] advanced, so much s[illegible] to be feared either f[illegible] rain, unless it be e[illegible] telegrams of this m[illegible] ton worm has made [illegible] the plants are too fa[illegible] any serious damag[illegible] has been a great dea[illegible] hardly enough to inj[illegible] and damage from th[illegible] pated now. Still, [illegible] little rain is wanted. [illegible] The acreage in Louisi[illegible] this year, and we are [illegible] yield from all source[illegible] the crop should exce[illegible] will be the largest ev[illegible] however, a demand f[illegible] have no difficulty in [illegible]

Mr. Isaac Meyer, of [illegible] 38, Exchange Place, [illegible] ern connections, sa[illegible] from the south, and [illegible] gulf states, indicates [illegible] fields are now every[illegible] dition, and well enou[illegible] us to predict an exa[illegible] there were 5,500,000 [illegible] was the largest we h[illegible] have a demand f[illegible] There are new mark[illegible] cotton is making [illegible] kets every year. [illegible] 000 bales it will lowe[illegible] below that number [illegible] since that is probab[illegible] manufacturers are [illegible] We can have an imm[illegible] whole crop, whatev[illegible] present indications [illegible] Georgia and Alaba[illegible] promises of Mississip[illegible] not think it an exagg[illegible] gross crop at 5,750,000 [illegible] pose of that amount, [illegible] may affect prices. A[illegible] the weather. Texa[illegible] ripen at different tim[illegible] great difference bet[illegible] southern Tennessee. [illegible] ings, and in the differ[illegible] ing goes on all the wa[illegible] July to the end of J[illegible] great room for unce[illegible] would beat down th[illegible] district and damage[illegible] quantity and quality.

"In competition [illegible] shall hold our own [illegible] tion is so heavy i[illegible] other parts of the wo[illegible] tical monopoly. Eg[illegible] ton up to our grade[illegible] sufficient to interfer[illegible] the only cheap cott[illegible] production of last ye[illegible] I feel as sure as it is pos[illegible] anything which is [illegible] that it will be excee[illegible] advices look in that d[illegible]

A Grand[illegible]

LONDON, July 24.—A[illegible] accepted invitations [illegible] tion to General Ho[illegible] president of the A[illegible] London, which tak[illegible] Westminster Palace [illegible] good, Madame Ros[illegible] Thursby, Miss Neva[illegible] Zandt have promised [illegible] Benedict, the music[illegible] companied Jennie Li[illegible] be present.

The Grai[illegible]

LONDON, July 24.—[illegible] in financial article s[illegible] mittee which has bee[illegible] losses of grain lade[illegible] have agreed to a repor[illegible] the adoption of cert[illegible] especially that where [illegible] filling the hold by feed[illegible] than one-fourth of th[illegible] the hold shall be in [illegible] suggested for makin[illegible] efficient and for punis[illegible] the rules.

The Populatio[illegible]

PETERSBURG, July 2[illegible] returns reported to-da[illegible] in the second superviso[illegible] twenty counties, of [illegible] fourth the population [illegible] cluded in the district a[illegible] lation 21,652; Lynchbu[illegible] 7,458; Manchester, [illegible] county has a popula[illegible] census shows heavy g[illegible] years.

Kalloch A[illegible]

SAN FRANCISCO, J[illegible] court this afternoon [illegible] arraigned for the [illegible] Young. The [illegible] Thursday next t[illegible] aside the indict[illegible] gument upon t[illegible] from Saturda[illegible]

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dress from a colored chairman; but the party must be maintained, and Pledger is not the man to blindly consult the race prejudices of only thirty thousand white men, more or less. He will issue his address, and he will advise Mr. Norcross to return to the party fold. What the result will be no man can say, for the exigencies of a political campaign are not to be fathomed. But this much is certain: if Mr. Norcross and his thirty thousand white republicans do consent to take refuge under Pledger's wing, there will be no love-feast to speak of.

On the 10th of August the committee will meet in Macon for the purpose of considering what course to pursue with reference to the state campaign. It really makes little difference what course the committee pursue. Whatever programme they mark out will be a failure. They cannot even organize their voters. They will make no campaign. They will discover, when election day comes on, that about one-fifth of the colored voters have concluded to go to the polls, and that the other four-fifths are supremely indifferent to the whole affair. In short, Pledger and his colleagues will miss the fine Italian hand of Bryant and the support and countenance of such men as Mr. Norcross. This is a very gloomy outlook, but the result is inevitable. There are several thousand republicans in Georgia, but no republican party.

A Statesmanlike Address.

The most statesmanlike and able address made during the commencement season is credited by universal verdict to Captain Henry Jackson, of Atlanta, who delivered the alumni address at Athens.

Captain Jackson made a stir among the thinkers in Georgia a year ago, by maintaining with incomparable force of logic and wealth of example that the English-speaking race of the present day was stronger and better, intellectually and morally, than ever before, and that the advancement in achievement and aspiration had been steady and positive. In his address at Athens, Captain Jackson, assured of the accepted truth of his first proposition, made the supplementary inquiry as to what dangers threatened the peace, prosperity and happiness of a race so gifted and so strong. He claimed that the spirit of communism and disorder that seems inseparable from all advancing and enriching civilizations was the first and crowning danger; but that its apparent remedy and its certain resultant, a rapid and oppressive centralization of power, was quite as serious an evil. The check to each of these evils and the safety from both, he held, was a calm, thoughtful, intrepid patriotism, acting with unselfishness, and working for the enlightenment of the masses. He argued that a people once grounded on this patriotism, and educated into a love of the beautiful and the good, was safe against inherent decay or foreign encroachment.

The two addresses eloquent in essence, and handsome in form, contain much that is useful and suggestive, and should be printed together and put in the hands of every citizen of Georgia. That they established Captain Jackson's fame as an orator worthy of an illustrious name, is less important than that they contain truths that are significant and interesting, suggesting at once the glory that we may attain, and pointing out the dangers that we must avoid.

Campaign Suggestions.

The New York Herald is enthusiastically in favor of the project outlined in these columns a short time ago to the effect that Mr. Marshall Jewell, chairman of the republican national committee, at once proceed to organize a republican board of southern missions for the purpose of reclaiming the south from the too confident democrats. We have already pointed out that this would be fatal to the republican programme, but as the Herald seems to have the welfare of the country at heart, we hail with delight its co-operation in this matter. The time has come when the stories of oppression of the negro and the suppression of his vote in the south should either be proven or laid away among the political myths of the reconstruction period. If they are true, let the republican orators—picked men of influence and standing—come to the south and verify them, and, by their presence, inspire the colored men with the courage of their convictions. As the Herald says, if the negroes have been bulldozed, if the right of suffrage has been denied them, as the republicans charge, then the project of sending campaign missionaries into the south might result in some substantial additions to the republican electoral vote. If the charges of the organs are true, the republican party would stand a chance of reclaiming South Carolina, Florida, Louisiana, Mississippi and Arkansas.

We need not say that Mr. Jewell and his friends will not dare to make the effort. They will not even make a show of doing it. The moment they send campaign missionaries into the south that moment their charges of oppression and intimidation are dissipated, and the campaign of sectionalism is over. All the talk in the organs of any movement in this direction is the purest bosh. It is a fine theme to write about, but when the time comes, very few of them will be found advocating a project calculated to destroy the one issue upon which they depend for controlling northern votes.

In this connection, it is to be hoped that the other suggestion of the Herald to the effect that Mr. Barnum, the chairman of the democratic national committee, seriously consider the propriety of sending a few democratic orators from the solid south into the north. The suggestion is more important than might at first appear. Nothing, in our opinion, would go further toward promoting that sprit of national harmony which is behind the enthusiasm for General Hancock which has manifested itself in all parts of the country. We believe, moreover, that it would have a perceptible influence in deciding the issues that exist between the parties. The foremost men of the south should be pressed into service and sent into such states as Connecticut, Maine, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, and wherever sectionalism is disposed to show its head. Georgia can furnish two speakers of national reputation in the persons of her two senators, and these two could do incalculable good by frankly and freely discussing the issues of the campaign before northern audiences.

Judge Woods's Decision.

The New York Times says that the recent decision of Judge Woods in the Red Oak murder case "settles the point—so "often disputed—that the officers of the "United States government have a right, "when enforcing the laws, to defend them- "selves against violent assault." If the ... ...don us, it settles no such ...

temporary believe that such a decision is likely to encourage good citizens to aid the revenue officials in ferreting out and suppressing violations of the law? In this connection the following special telegram from Washington to the Baltimore Sun needs explanation:

Some of the treasury officials are considerably annoyed over the comments of the Georgia newspapers on the recent decision of Judge Woods discharging from custody the internal revenue officials who were arrested for having shot down a citizen who was accused of being a moonshiner. The officials of the internal revenue bureau entertain the idea that unless the decision of Judge Woods, denying the right of the state authorities to arrest and put to trial a federal officer who killed a citizen of the state, is sustained by representative democrats in Georgia, illicit distilleries will be resumed, and the federal authorities compelled to use more rigid means than heretofore employed to suppress the "moonshiners."

There have been no hostile comments —though there well might be—on the action of Judge Woods removing the investigation of the Red Oak case from Justice Suttle's court to the federal court. The hostile criticism which has annoyed these sensitive treasury officials is based upon the fact that Judge Woods's decision is an advertisement to officers of the United States government that in the indiscriminate pursuit and killing of citizens, which is a part of Commissioner Raum's policy, they will have the protection of the federal judge. In other words, Judge Woods's decision is to the effect that revenue officials who kill a citizen shall be tried neither in the state nor in the federal courts.

There are one hundred thousand officeholders in this country, but our foreign readers would be deceived if they should suppose that this includes the entire population of Ohio. It would be gross injustice to the other seven hundred thousand citizens of Ohio who are now anxiously awaiting their turn.

If the Pennsylvania board of pardons had many duplicates there would be small chance of a democratic victory in November.

The New Albany Ledger-Standard is the name of the concern that is endeavoring to kick up a row in the democratic party in Indiana. Shall the protruding hyphen be allowed to divide the party? Rather let us, patriots and statesmen, take our hammers and our hatchets and crush this obtrusive mark of punctuation. Let a law be passed compelling the Ledger Standard to part its name with an interrogation point.

The sweet girl graduates now divide their time between the piano and green apples and salt.

The Burlington Hawkeye is beginning to show signs of an attempt to intimidate The Constitution. Will the Hawkeye kindly meet us—well, say at the Rialto about a quarter past eight?

Burdette, the humorist of the Burlington Hawkeye, is writing campaign ballads in which he waves the bloody shirt with great vociferousness. Or, rather, he would be vociferous if his health wasn't so bad. We have the best authority for stating that Burdette is decidedly unwell.

It is suggested that the New York Tribune is not Arthurdox.

It is consoling to know that the man who whistles at his work frequently has to whistle for his pay. The world is comparatively small, but it is full of compensations.

During this weather, there is nothing hotter than the woman with a dusting-broom who is wearing herself out doing nothing.

Policemen sometimes make Sunday a day of arrest.

We are having lively times in Georgia. The citizen who goes into a primary convention and doesn't get one ear gnawed off, or a wad of hair jerked out, is no statesman at all; that's what he is—just no statesman at all.

Why should the organs complain of the solidity of the south? Is this section any more compact than David Davis's party?

We shall refuse to believe that the campaign in the ninth district has begun until Tinney Rucker climbs over the palings to see if the pears are ripe.

There's trouble ahead for the lambs. Jay Gould has been weeping amid the scenes of his joyous youth.

The contest for the legislature in McIntosh county is very warm, and the prospects are that Mr. Richard W. Grubb, of the Darien Gazette, will be the nominee Grubb will make a capital member. He is young, progressive, energetic, conscientious and capable.

The fact that no politician has been seriously killed during the past week shows that the hip-pocket is no longer paramount.

When Dr. Tanner gets well, he ought to write a continued story. Lecturing is but a feeble ebullition of the intellect beside a continued story.

The average politician will have precious little time to play marbles with the boys this season.

The people of Georgia are now getting an idea of real politics. Heretofore everybody has just been fooling round on the edges.

It is not easy to stop going to congress when a man gets in the habit of it. It is like smoking five cent cigars—the more you smoke the more you want to smoke.

The obelisk will probably be put up in time to be unveiled by President Hancock.

IN GENERAL.

—Boston Transcript: "Don't despise the lowly. The under jaw does all the work."

—An Iowa woman has invented a spankaphone. It works well, but only at short range.

—The Philadelphia Times says that everybody who bathes in Philadelphia water is obliged to take another bath to wash the mud off.

—Mr. Tilden is said by his private secretary to be a very companionable man, and to do most of his reading in bed, after every one else is asleep.

—Arkansas hogs have learned a thing or two. They dig holes in side hills, and head for them whenever anybody yells out: "Cyclone."

—White neakties are so cheap this season that many a snd-faced man secured a railroad ticket for half price on the strength of his throat gear.—Hackensack Republican.

—It is said the bottle kills fifty persons where the sun kills one. This is because the bottle has a chance day and night, while the sun gets its work in only during the day.

—The Soldiers' Daughters' home in England has, in the twenty-five years of its existence, educated 800 soldiers' daughers and placed 350 in schools as teachers or in families.

—London Truth says that when an American lady takes a Parisian husband she feels as if married only to a semi-human being who has mean ideas about living on his wife's money.

—A company to establiih elevated railways in Paris upon the New York pattern is being organized under the superintendence of American capitalists, and there are whispers of a similar scheme for London.

—Mrs. Langtry is studying under a master for the stage, in order to appear in private theatricals. The excitement about her beauty is dying out, and she wants to encore it.

—Of all European sovereigns, King Humbert is the most addicted to spectacular shows. He never fails to attend horse races, regattas, carnivals, military parades and grand theatrical performances.

—A Colorado girl, only eighteen years old, on the death of her father, took charge of his family and farm, and now manages her mother and brothers, and also her sisters, her cousins and her ranche.

—A paper house, equipped with paper furniture, paper carpets and curtains, a pa... ...and paper dishes, together with ... its occupants, is ... the Sydney, Aus...

—Edmund Yates says that London just now is presenting a fac simile of the social condition which existed in Rome less than a score of centuries ago.

—The Vevey cigars, smoked so generally in south Germany, are entirely composed of cabbage and beet leaves, deprived of their natural taste and smell by a special form of cultivation and steeped in tobacco water for a lengthened period. They beat tobacco.

—A young miss from the country went into a clothing store a short time since, and called for a pair of suspenders. The shopkeeper inquired if she wouldn't have an "M brace," and she sweetly asked: "Is the embrace thrown in with the suspenders?" John almost fainted.

—At Dieppe, in France, the following notice has been issued by the police: "The bathing police are requested, when a lady is in danger of drowning, to seize her by the dress, and not by the hair which often remains in their grasp. Newfoundland dogs will govern themselves accordingly."

—Jose Maria Salazar saw a young girl in an Arizona mining camp, fell madly in love with her, and within three hours asked her to marry him. She declined, and he killed her on the spot. Retribution was as speedy as his courtship had been, for he was at once hanged by the miners.

—One of the late arrivals at the London zoological gardens is a mouse-eating spider. This gigantic insect is found in South American forests. It is covered with hair, and has a body three inches long, with legs in proportion. Its food consists of mice, small birds and insects.

—At a theater in Dublin a gentleman requested a man in front of him to sit down, adding sarcastically: "I suppose you are aware, sir, that you are opaque." "I shall sit down when it suits me," was the response; "and if you want to handle my name, mind, it's not O'Pake at all, but O'Brien."

—The remains of the late Charles Fechter were removed on June 20th from the receiving vault in Mount Vernon cemetery, and laid in the grave. A monument has been erected to mark the spot. It presents a bust of the actor, with bay leaves and laurel carved around it, and with this inscription—additional to the name and date —"Genius has taken its flight to God."

—Mr. Ruskin shakes his thunder at the novelists. Modern English novels, he avers, are conspicuous as works of imagination, for an absence of all that is noble, of all which makes life respectable, and the primary cause of the falling away is the fact that novelists for the most part live in cities.

—"Your visits remind me of the growth of a successful newspaper," said Uncle Jabez, leaning his chin on his cane and glancing at William Henry, who was sweet on Angelica. "Why so?" inquired William Henry. "Well, they commenced on a weekly, grew to be a tri-weekly, and have now become daily, with a Sunday supplement."

—These days no one is safe from the charge of plagiarism. Brown went to church last Sunday—a thing unusal—and being asked his opinion of the clergyman, said: "O, his sermon was very good; but that prayer beginning with 'Our Father,' I think he stole entirely. I know I have heard something somewhere that it was strangely like."

—Miss Adelaide Neilson lunched on the fourth at a California hotel in which the waiters were all Chinamen. The landlord being perplexed at the probable distaste of his fair customer to being served by these, a young lady volunteered for the occasion, and received a fee of half a dollar from Miss Neilson for her services. She is the daughter of the wealthiest publisher in California, and thinks she had lots of fun.

—One of the most delicate things in New York is the peace—more fragile than the finest china and broken a great deal oftener than Tanner's fast. The bottle of soda water which a boy was carrying the other day burst with a loud noise, sent his hat flying into the air and attracted a large crowd. He was taken before a police justice and severely rebuked for disturbing the peace. But for his youth he would have been committed.

The DeGolyer Fee.

Chicago Times.

General Garfield admits the receipt of $5,000 from DeGolyer & McClellan, through Dick Parsons, but he indignantly denies that it was a bribe. Why was he paid so much, for it was a large fee to the best of lawyers for the hardest of work? Chittenden was interested with DeGolyer & McClellan in the paving contract obtained for them by Garfield, but was never able to make good that interest, because, while admitting his service, the firm formally pleaded that the contract having been obtained by a bribe it was contrary to public morals. This Chittenden avows that the amount was paid not for the services of Lawyer Garfield, neither for those of Congressman Garfield, except in so far as he was chairman of the committee on appropriations. Garfield says it was for downright hard work, he having examined some forty different kinds of pavement and made a brief showing the value of the "Ironizing" process above all others. The Nation, without seeing the brief, thinks the work upon it worth the fee. But where is the brief? How long was it? How lucid and convincing? The document is not filed among the documents of the District of Columbia. It does not seem to be in existence. It was never read to the board of the district, and never filed for reading. Unless there was some labor upon this brief the fee was obviously for the purchase of the congressman's influence, for a mere statement to Shepherd was not a professional service worth $5,000. Garfield claimed that he wrote the brief. But what became of it? Was it written merely for the purpose of formal labor for a fee? Cross questioned before the committee on the real estate pool, by Mr. Nickerson, who owned the ironizing process, General Garfield was asked: "Did you file with the board of public works of this district a brief or opinion, written, printed or other, upon the subject of the DeGolyer pavement?" Mr. Garfield's answer was: "I could not say I did." "Did you at any time appear before the board and make any argument whatever?" was another querry and the answer of Mr. Grrfield was: "I do not remember that I did; but I did speak to Governor Shepherd on the subject, giving my opinion in its favor." That was all, and as events proved, it was worth to Garfield's employers all they paid him. If that brief is in existence, why not print it now? It would be an interesting addition to the literature of the campaign.

Republican Propagandists at the South.

The Nation.

In short, the republican propagandist at the south, be his views what they may and his sincerity what it may, will find his path beset with difficulties well-nigh insurmountable. If he begin with exposition he will halt in his exhortation; and if he begins by exhorting, he will be in danger of ending in a disastrous failure to make clear the grounds of his appeals. We can not resist the belief that the present is a much less favorable occasion for a southern canvass than Mr. Hayes's nomination afforded, and that every obstacle to it which existed at the close of the Chicago convention has been aggravated by Mr. Garfield's letter. Nevertheless, we still hope that it may be undertaken, as it offers the first chance for genuine debate in twenty years—debate which cannot be had north of Mason and Dixon's line. We should not be opposed to it even if each party confined itself to proving the total depravity of the other. This would not be a very lofty contest but it would be easier for both sides, though the intellectual exercise in dodging assaults would be mutually considerable. A good deal of humbug would perish in the encounter, and a good many illusions.

A Word to the Organs.

New York Evening Post.

We are pretty well informed already as to the various virtues and peculiarities of the candidates from infancy upward; our knowledge of the wicked and atrocious designs of the other side is most considerable if not replete; the magazines of clap-trap and invective have opened their doors, and the stores are at our service; but the instructions we most earnestly crave are not forthcoming. Mr. Garfield, in a notable speech in congress, said: "The man who attempts to get up a political excitement in this country on the old sectional issues will find himself without a party and without a support. The man who wants to serve his country must put himself in the line of its leading thought, and that is, the restoration of business, trade, commerce, industry, sound political economy, hard money, and honest payment of all obligations, and the man who can add anything in the direction of the accomplishment of any of these purposes is a public benefactor." That is excellent music, but when are the "organs" going to play it? We wait to hear them tune up a little, if nothing more.

A Fable for the Times.

New York Sun.

The animals were about to choose a president. King Log having been unable to secure the nomination for a third term, and the mention of President Stork's name only serving to awaken roars of zoological laughter, the Fox and the Lion were put up by their respective adherents.

Just before election the Cock, whose first edition went to press very early in the morning, even in those days, and who generally expressed his opinions with great frankness made the statement that the Fox, in trying to break into a neighbor's house, had lost part of his tail, thereby showing him to be either silly or dishonest.

He was met by a storm of reproaches from the Magpie, the Peacock and other gentlemanly birds, who protested against mud throwing.

"Let us have a campaign of calumny," said the Eagle. "The question is simply did he attempt to steal and get caught, or did he not?" and seizing the Fox by the back of the neck, he held him up in view of the assembled voters.

When the ballots were counted the Lion was elected by a large majority, and he took his seat.

A Tribute.

New York Sun.

General Hancock, as an officer of the army, has always been in public life. In person he is comparatively a giant. He cannot move about, or go anywhere, without attracting attention. In the avowal of sentiments he is remarkably outspoken. And yet, thus early in the campaign, the republicans seem to have become completely discouraged in their efforts to find anything that he has done or said, in all his life, to find fault with. So now they fall to, like a pack of disappointed and hungry hounds, and are trying to tear him to pieces for something which they say and imagine he might, could, would, or should have done under other and different circumstances! They can make out nothing stronger against him. What a tribute to the purity and wisdom of his life!

Jay Gould.

New York Sun.

Our esteemed contemporary, the Tribune, announces that Mr. Jay Gould has been revisiting the scenes of his boyhood. Our esteemed contemporary, the World, reports that, on his way to the old homestead, Mr. Jay Gould told a Kingston man that he thought Hancock was going to be elected, that General Arthur loaded down the republican ticket, and that the republican machine operators had practically given up the fight, so far as the presidency is concerned. "I have no hope of carrying New York," Mr. Jay ... reported as saying to his Kingston ... I believe that as goes New York so ... at least, and Connecticut ... Mr. Jay Gould ...

York on a begging errand for pecuniary aid from a national committee which is still haggling over proposals for a house to lodge itself, and their managers in Ohio are quarreling about a state committee chairmanship, which must be settled before the first stroke of practical work is done there.

Scandals and All.

Brooklyn Eagle.

Our republican contemporaries are publishing, as if it were significant and sensational news, the announcement by ex-President Grant that he intends to support Mr. Garfield for the presidency. Whether any sane person expected Grant to support the democratic nominee we cannot say, but by having the fact obtruded that he represents Grantism, scandals and all, is reasonably clear.

Let Us Hope Not.

Boston Post.

In whatever situation Nast places General Hancock, he invariably makes him out a fine looking man, which he is not accustomed to do with most of his subjects. We are more than half inclined to believe that the fellow has a sneaking preference for the general.

A Compliment.

New York Star.

"I am glad I did not get the nomination," said Grant to a Chicago lady. That is the highest compliment yet paid to General Hancock.

Cameron's Crow.

Philadelphia Times.

Senator Cameron would probably advise Dr. Tanner to eat crow as altogether better than having nothing at all to eat.

The Reply.

Elmira Free Press.

If you ask what state he hails from, our sole reply shall be, he owned no stock of that nature; it must have been Schuyler C.

Arthur's Record.

New Haven Register.

At least Arthur was not a "visiting statesman."

The Beetle.

The shrilling locust slowly sheathes
His dagger voice, and creeps away
Beneath the brooding leaves where breathes
The dying zephyrs of the day.
One naked star has waded through
The purple shallows of the night,
And faltering as falls the dew
It drips its misty light.
O'er the garden-blooms,
On tides of musk,
The beetle blooms adown the glooms,
And bumps along the dusk.

The katydid is rasping at
The silence from the tangled broom;
On drunken wings the flitting bat
Goes staggering athwart the gloom;
The toadstool bugles through the weeds,
And lavishly to left and right
The fire-flies, like golden seeds,
Are sown about the night.
O'er folded blooms,
On floods of musk,
The beetle blooms adown the glooms,
And bumps along the dusk.

The primrose flares its baby hands
Wide open, as the empty moon,
Slow lifted from the under-lands,
Drifts up the azure-arched lagoon,
The shadows on the garden walk
Are frayed with rifts of silver light,
And trickling down the poppy-stalk
The dew-drop streaks the night.
O'er slumbering blooms,
On swirls of musk,
The beetle booms adown the glooms,
And bumps along the dusk.

J. W. Riley.

—Morphia, Opium and remedies of their class only stupedy and seldom cure. For diseases of Infancy, use Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup—which is safe and sure in its effects. Price 25 cents.

—Strong liquors should be shunned, and it is queer that temperance lecturers have never cited to their audiences the well-known fact that it David had not taken a sling Goliah would not have gone on his bier. See what example will do and be wise.

Scientific Success.

An American college of physicians once offered a reward for any authenticated case of genuine Diabetes which had been entirely cured. The offer remained open for several years, and was then withdrawn. Were it in force now, it could instantly be secured by the proprietors of Warner's Safe Diabetes Cure, for several remarkable recoveries have just come to the notice of the writer Diabetes is a most deceitful disease, and seldom makes itself felt except by its results. Any readers who are suffering from ill health and do not know the cause should not delay, as it may be at the cost of life, which Warner's Safe Diabetes Cure is guaranteed to save.
658 feb1—d24m sun wed fri &w24m 3dp

—A young woman of Cambridge, Mass., jealous of the honor of the students, on hearing of the late defeats of the Harvard nine at base ball, remarked, reproachfully: "If the young gentlemen had paid more attention to their base ball and less to their books, they would not have been so badly beaten."

Eminent Drs. S. L. & I. C. Nidelet,

ST. LOUIS.

Writes: * * Colden's LIEBIG'S LIQUID EXTRACT OF BEEF we have prescribed with excellent success in Diphtheria, Malarial, Typhoid Fever, Debility, and every Depressing Disease.

DANIEL & MARSH, Agents, Atlanta.
204 junell—d&wkly im fol rd mat F.

—It is astonishing how fast a clam can swim after he is made up into chowder. Brown says he saw a restaurant keeper bail out fourteen plates of chowder before he succeeded in catching a single clam.

Increase of Kidney Diseases.

Recently published "Vital Statistics" reveal an alarming increase in the dangerous forms of Kidney Disease, caused no doubt by the viciousness of modern living, and the excessive use of beer and other stimulants. All Kidney Disorders are dangerous, from their tendency to run into Bright's Disease. The true cure for all Kidney, Bladder, Liver and Urinary Complaints is HUNT'S REMEDY, the Great Kidney and Liver Medicine. It has cured even Bright's Disease, and all who suffer should give it a trial.

Sold by all Druggists. Trial size, 75 cents.
july20 d&w1w

—The fashion notes state that lace will again be worn on the brims of ladies' hats, and now near sighted men will get the impression that half the girls on the street are winking at them.

—Physicians all admit that Quinine only effects a temporary suspension of the attacks of Fever and Ague, preceded unless by a reliable anti-bilious Medicine.

The testimony of thousands establishes beyond a doubt, that Dr. Tutt's Liver Pills, followed by Quinine, is a permanent cure for Chills and Fever and all Bilious diseases.

—The Delaware peach crop this season will, it is estimated, reach 4,000,000 baskets, and the growers will make a profit of over $1,500,000.

Horsford's Acid Phosphate makes a delightful and healthy drink, with water and sugar only.

—The khedive hasn't got through toting his harem around yet, but he is so short of money that the day is not far off when he'll have to come down to one wife, and she'll have to do plain sewing to buy his tobacco.

Honored and Blest.

When a board of eminent physicians and chemists announced the discovery that by combining some well known valuable remedies, the most wonderful medicine was produced, which would cure such a wide range of diseases that most all other remedies could be dispensed with, many were skeptical; but proof of its merits by actual trial has dispelled all doubt, and to-day the discoverers of that great medicine, Hop Bitters, are honored and blessed by all as benefactors.—Democrat.

LETTER LIST.

LIST OF LETTERS REMAINING IN THE Post-Office at Atlanta, county of Fulton, state of Georgia, July 25, 1880. Persons calling for any of said letters will please say "advertised" and name the date.

A—M W Arnold, Mrs C J Armstrong, S A Allen, JuliaH Alexander, Miss Lula Arta.
B—Miss Mattie Beall, Arthur Bryan, Albert Brunt, Miss Anna Burnett, Calley Baker, Patsey Blanchey, E B Blackbone, Thos Benton, Henry Berns, T W Brooks, Ida Butler, James Boell, Jas P Brooks, Word Beaver, Killis Brown.
C—C D Cowart, Columbus Camp, Pat Cuney, R Clark, Rachel Carter. Sallie Cockran, John Case, Miss Jennie Cash, Miss Laura Carroll, Miss Lucy Crane.
D—Melissa Davis, Elwood Davis, Isabella Davis, Homer Dun, R Dykeman.
E—E C Erwin, Henry Ellis, James Eidson.
F—C A Frayer, Robert Floyd, Lippi Frazier, Walter Fitts, Lucy Fulton.
G—Mary Gilham, Caleb Gardner, Mrs E H Green, Sallie Guthrie, Salina Garnett, Henry Gunn, J N Green, Miss Katie Gaham, William Glen.
H—Mary Ann Halmer, Phineas Higgins, T G Herd, T B Hendricks, S B Holley, Sarah Hester, H Z Harris, F J House, Julia Hines, John Haslet.
J—M Johnson, Malinda Johnson, A J Johnson, Dr Chan Jones, C B Johnson, Polly Jones, J M Jester, E Jennings, Rose Jeffries, T M Jones, J P Johnson.
K—Samuel Knott, Jane King, Belle Killiam.
L—Jane Lane, Amanda Lytes, Frank Looney, Jeff W Lucky, G H Lamb, Green Lacy, George Long.
M—Charlotte McDonald, J H Mead, E O Morgan, A Merchant, Silus T Moone, Hayey Malcom, S C Munnis, John Morehead, John W Martin, W H May, Wm Malone, Rev Paul C Morton (3).
N—Lacly Nayle, Betsey Nunley.
O—George W Orsidick.
R—Anson Rall, Minnie Randall, Bitsey Rucker, Frank Ricker, F H Rahm, J P Raynolds, Helen Reed, Henry Robinson, Sam Robinson, G E Riseley.
S—Carry Scott, Ogletree Stinson, Primus Simmons, Emaline Sams, Elisha Suber, E R Syes, George Sayley, Fate Smith, Thomas Scott, Hesekiah Smith, Joseph Stewart, Mariah Swanson, Kilby Steele, Lizzie Scott, Mr Sykes, M A Sewell.
T—Mand. Taylor, Mate Thompson, ... E Thrasher, Jack Truitt.
W—M E Wright, Ella White, Eliza Wilburn, Emma Webb, Eliza Ware, Elizabeth Williams, Mrs F H Ward, Rose Wilson, R Wolf, H G White, Henry Whittaker, H L Wunter..., Ethel Williams, Lizzie ... Webb.
Y—Merper Yates.
Z—Anson Zell, ...

AUCTION SALES.

HALL PROPERTY.

G. W. ADAIR, ...Auctioneer.

EXECUTORS' SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF AUTHORITY GRANTED IN the will, will be sold, within the legal hours of sale, on the first Tuesday (third day) in August next, before the Court-house door, in Atlanta, the following property of Farrar A. Hall, deceased, to-wit: Seven vacant lots, as per plat, in Land Not No. 54, of the 14th District of Fulton county, Ga., being a sub-division of Lots Nos. 64 and 65 of the Little Survey. Terms cash.
JOHN W. HALL,
J. F. HALL.
429 july25 d3t—july25 aug1&2 Executors.

PETERS PROPERTY.

I HAVE HAD THAT BEAUTIFUL GROUND on the west side of old Peachtree street divided into one-acre lots. Parties wanting to secure a home in that desirable locality and fashionable street should call and examine, plat when I will take pleasure in showing the lots on the ground.
G. W. ADAIR,
Real Estate Agent.
418 july25 d3t—july25, aug1&8

G. W. ADAIR............................Auctioneer

PRYOR STREET LOT, 70x180.

I WILL SELL UPON THE PREMISES, ON Tuesday afternoon at 5 o'clock, August the 3d, a beautiful lot 70x180, on the east side of Pryor between Hunter and Mitchell streets, about 100 feet South of the New Court-house and opposite Dr. T. S. Powell's new brick residence. Property in this vicinity has a prospect of a more rapid advancement in value than any other central part. The splendid improvements being completed now on Alabama street, and the early building of the New Court-house, near this lot, will certainly enhance its value. It is of good size. Chain of title unquestionable, which can be seen at my office. Will be an absolute sale on its merit, for cash.
G. W. ADAIR.
406 july24 d5t—july24, 25, 29&aug1&2

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

25,000 BARRELS.

MARION MILLS

A NO. 1 FLOUR,

COMMENCES ON MONDAY, WILL FILL orders for 25,000 barrels, for Atlanta trade during the season. Do not allow your grocers to substitute other brands for A No. 1. No Flour will substitute worth a cent!

Capacity Increased—Marion Mills A No. 1, could not, last season, supply the demand; have increased both quality and capacity of machinery.

ALWAYS ON HAND.

Marion Mills A No. 1 can always be had, the year through. Big advantage in that, when the brand is once introduced, your customers will ever after call for it, and you can get it.
july25 d2t

ROCK WAREHOUSE

FOR RENT.

I WILL RENT FROM THE 1st OF AUGUST a No. 1 Warehouse 150x210 feet, with side-track and in good condition, on Bartow street and Western and Atlantic railroad, or I will sell it on favorable terms.
G. W. ADAIR.
july25—d2t july 5&aug 1

Just Behold and Read Attentively!

ALL THAT HAVE CANCERS IN ANY OF its forms, Scrofula, Ulcers, Tumors, Consumption, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Tetter, (other diseases), and all impurities of the Blood, we can cure. Father bought this Receipt from an eminent Irish Physician, cured Cancer on his face (left no scar.) I cure Cancers, Scrofula, Consumption, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Ulcers, Dyspepsia, Bronchitis, Sore Throat, Catarrh. This medicine is taken internally. Address (inclosing stamp) M. M. WILKES & CO., 112 Decatur street, Atlanta, Ga., or LaGrange, Ga. 6.6 apr30—dly

HOTEL TO RENT.

THE POPULAR HOTEL KNOWN AS THE WHEELER HOUSE, situated in the center of the business portion of the City of Columbia, S. C.

This well known and popular Hotel has been recently put in complete order, containing about 70 rooms on the second and third floors, besides parlor, dining and cook rooms, and on the lower floor, fronting on Main street, has a handsome office, gentlemen's parlor and washing and ironing rooms.

The Wheeler House at Columbia, S. C., is well known as the most popular Hotel in that city, and to a man of experience and energetic habits, backed by a small capital, presents an opportunity of realizing a handsome income.

For further information, terms, etc., apply by letter or otherwise to THOMAS MILES, 921 and 923 Filbert St., Philadelphia, Pa., or JOHN AGNEW, Columbia, S. C. 167 july10—d2taw8t fri sun

MANHOOD RESTORED.

A VICTIM OF EARLY IMPRUDENCE, causing nervous debility, premature decay, etc., having tried in vain every known remedy, has discovered a simple means of self-cure, which he will send free to his fellow-sufferers. Address J. H. REEVES, 43 Chatham St., N. Y.
000 june13—d3m sun wed fri

CALIFORNIA

Red Rust Proof Oats.

WARRANTED PURE AND UNMIXED.
For Price List, wholesale and retail, apply to
R. PETERS, Jr.,
Belmont Stock Farm,
july21—d2t wed sun Calhoun, Ga.

SUMMER RESORTS, ETC.

Tallulah Falls,

GEORGIA.

THIS CELEBRATED WATERING PLACE has had since the season opened over 200 guests. A good bridge has just been finished for carriages and opens up the north side of the Falls, heretofore inaccessible, with a good road around the Falls. Billiards, Ten Pins, Fishing and Hunting. A Band has been engaged for the season for Dancing. Everything renovated and refitted, Good Piano. As fine Mineral Springs as in the State. Hack fare very reasonable from railroad. Board—$20 to $30 per month; $8 to 10 per week; $2.00 per day. For further particulars apply to
W. D. YOUNG, Proprietor.
J. M. CATLEDGE, Clerk.
Address Tallulah Falls via Toccoa.
809 june27—d1m

Fifth Avenue Hotel,

MADISON SQUARE,

NEW YORK.

THE LARGEST, BEST APPOINTED AND most liberally managed Hotel in the city; with the most central and delightful location.

HITCHCOCK, DARLING & CO.,

PROPRIETORS.

A. B. DARLING, formerly of the Battle House, Mobile.
HIRAM HITCHCOCK, formerly of the St. Charles Hotel, New Orleans.
496 may22—d3m

CHALYBEATE SPRINGS,

MERIWETHER COUNTY, GA.

JOSEPH ALLEN....................Proprietor.

THIS BEAUTIFUL SUMMER RESORT IS now open for pleasure seekers and invalids. Mineral Waters as fine as can be found. The spring water used for Baths and heated by steam pipes to any temperature. Cool mountain breezes. Hotel and Cottages greatly improved since last season and newly furnished. Grounds and hotel lighted by gas. Steam Laundry. All the amusements that are usual at first-class resorts. Conveyances can be had at reasonable rates at Thomaston, Barnesville, Griffin, Hoganville, LaGrange, West Point and Belmont. Daily Stages from Geneva. Rates of Board—Per day $2.00; per week $10.00; per month $30.00. Children and servants half price. Correspondence solicited which will receive immediate attention by WM. POTTER Manager. 168 june8—d6w wed fri sun

MRS. K. E. WAGNON,

(FORMERLY OF ATLANTA,)

Now Resides at 139 West 41st Street, New York,

and would be pleased to have the patronage of southerners coming North.

Board from $7 to $10 per week. Broadway cars
83 june4—d1awk 1m fri sun

PIEDMONT AIR-LINE.

Faster Than Ever.

CHANGE OF TIME, SUNDAY JUNE 27, 1880.

In order to meet the pressing demand for Quick Mail and Passenger Facilities, the ATLANTA AND CHARLOTTE AIR-LINE RAILWAY and its connections will change time coming West on

SUNDAY, JUNE 27th, 1880.

Leave New York	4 00 p m
Leave Philadelphia	6 00 p m
Leave Baltimore	7 05 p m
Leave Washington	10 40 p m
Arrive Atlanta	11 58 p m

Second evening after leaving New York, connecting directly at Atlanta with the

ATLANTA AND NEW ORLEANS SHORT LINE

—FOR—

Columbus, Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans,

And all Southwestern cities. Also, with the

Central Railroad

—FOR—

Macon, Savannah, Albany, Americus.

And all points in Central and Southwestern Georgia and Florida, arriving at any of the above named, points the second morning after leaving New York

8 TO 12 HOURS ... D

of any train ... day.

IMPORTAN...

Commen...

Saturday Eve...

Train will leave...

FAMOUS N. Y. CLOTHING HOUSE.

FIRE!

The Famous N. Y. Clothing House, 7 Whitehall street, having the oss sustained by the late fire settled by the Insurance Companies, are now enabled to offer their entire stock of Clothing and Furnishing Goods at a great reduction from former prices, dividing the amount received, on goods not damaged, in order to give customers the benefit. Look at the Bargains offered and be convinced.
661 feb1—d3m sun wed fri then d3m &wky6m 2dp

THE GREAT S. S. S.

TRADE **S.S.S.** MARK.

Young men and old men, single men and married men as well, do not pass this column by with the hought that it is a "humbug," just gotten up to make money. It will be the mistake of your life to overlook the merit of our invaluable Specific. It is your only hope for health and happiness. If you have ever been unfortunate, do not deceive yourself with the thought that you have been cured with Mercury and Potash. The treatment does not cure one in a hundred. You are liable at any time to have the pent up disease break out in all its horrible and disgusting forms, making you disgusting to yourself and offensive to your friends. Our

Swift's S. Specific

is the only remedy which has ever been known to permanently cure the TERRIBLE DISEASE. It will do it just as surely as Quinine stops the Chills or Sulphur cures the Itch. Take it and keep taking it until the last drop of poisonous virus is driven from your system. It is entrely Vegetable, and we will pay

One Thousand Dollars in Gold

for every grain of Mercury, Iodide Potash or other mineral substance found in one thousand bottles.

For obvious reasons we cannot publish personal certificates, but we can give you overwhelming evidence of its cures by calling on us or writing us a line.

NOTICE AND CAUTION.

LOOKOUT FOR FRAUDULENT IMITATIONS, GOTTEN UP TO DECEIVE. SEE THAT THE WRITTEN SIGNATURES OF J. W. RANKIN, SECRETARY S. S. COMPANY, AND C. T. SWIFT ARE PASTED OVER THE CORK.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC COM'Y,

Atlanta, Ga.

What the Dealers Say.

RICHMOND, VA., July 16, 1880.
We have retailed more than a gross in the past few months with most satisfactory results.
POLK, MILLER & CO.

BOWLING GREEN, KY., July 17, 1880.
I have had an excellent sale for the S. S. S., with the most satisfactory results.
J. O. BURGE.

CHARLESTON, S. C., July 16, 1880.
Your S. S. S. has met with great favor in this market. Although advertised but little, I find I have sold two gross in a few months, and every result that I have heard of has been most favorable.
H. BEAR.

MONTGOMERY, ALA., July 15, 1880.
We are now selling our third gross, and its success has been perfect in every case. Of course we cannot give names.
JONES & CARY.

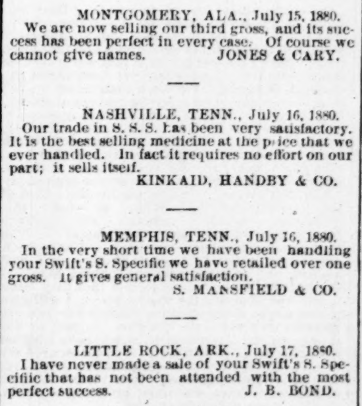
NASHVILLE, TENN., July 16, 1880.
Our trade in S. S. S. has been very satisfactory. It is the best selling medicine at the price that we ever handled. In fact it requires no effort on our part; it sells itself.
KINKAID, HANDBY & CO.

MEMPHIS, TENN., July 16, 1880.
In the very short time we have been handling your Swift's S. Specific we have retailed over one gross. It gives general satisfaction.
S. MANSFIELD & CO.

LITTLE ROCK, ARK., July 17, 1880.
I have never made a sale of your Swift's S. Specific that has not been attended with the most perfect success.
J. B. BOND.

A prominent druggist of Louisville, Ky., writes under date of July 17, 1880:

"Swift's S. Specific is one of the few patent preparations in which I have confidence. I have sold 300 or 400 bottles of it at retail, and have had personal supervision of several cases in which it was used, and in every instance it has given entire satisfaction. A very great recommendation of it is that it contains no mercury or potash, or other mineral substance, and acts as a tonic to the system from the start. If I were at liberty I could give the names of those I have seen use it, and are now to all appearances and in their own belief radically cured."



CHOICE WINES,

Brandies & Whiskies,

For Medicinal Use, on hand at
D. B. PLUMB & CO.'S.

FINE CANTELOUPES

Received every morning from Major Nixon, of Augusta, who, without doubt, grows the finest in ... D. B. PLUMB.

THE GREAT

Virginia Springs

ROUTE.

GRAND EXCURSION

—TO—

RICHMOND, VA.,

—VIA—

Dalton, Knoxville, Bristol, Lynchburg, Norfolk, Old Point Comfort and James River Steamers.

LEAVING ATLANTA VIA KENNESAW ROUTE

AUGUST 5th AT 2:50 P. M.

FARE FOR THE ROUND TRIP,

$15 ONLY $15

Tickets Good to Return until

August 16th.

Parties desiring to visit the above-named points, on business or pleasure, should not fail to avail themselves of this grand occasion as seldom such inducements are offered.

Leaving Atlanta at 2:50 p. m., arrive at Knoxville 11:00 p. m., Bristol 4:25 a. m., Lynchburg 1 17 p. m., Norfolk 10:15 p. m.

ONLY ONE WHOLE DAY FROM ATLANTA.

Passing out of the beatiful harbor of Norfolk to Old Point Comfort, a splendid view is afforded of that historic locality. Among the many places of interest to be seen is the

Gosport Navy Yard, Marine Hospital and Grounds. Fort Norfolk, Craney Island, Sewell's Point, Rip Raps, Newport News,

the scene of the great Naval Engagement between the Merrimac and Monitor.

Soldiers' Home, Fortress Moroe,

and the famous

"HYGIEA HOTEL"

at Old Point Comfort, the "Newport of the South," abounding in resources for pleasure and comfort,

BOATING, FISHING, BATHING

the freedom of the Fortress, etc.

The Trip on the James River, on the elegant

"STEAMER ARIEL,"

is one of great interest, affording a view of

"DUTCH GAP CANAL,"

and fortifications on the banks of the River, the relics of the late war.

Return tickets good to stop at Dalton, so that

CATOOSA SPRINGS

can be visited. When return tickets are stamped at Catoosa they will be good to Atlanta the day party leaves the Springs, any time before September 1st.

Ample Sleeping Car Accommodations

For all requiring them, between Atlanta and Lynchburg.

For Tickets, Information, etc, apply to J. A. ADAIR, Ticket Agent, Union Depot, Atlanta, Ga., or

R. D. MANN,

No. 4 KIMBALL HOUSE, ATLANTA, GA.

B. W. WRENN,
General Passenger Agent.
W. W. BALLARD,
Passenger Agent.
J. C. ANDREWS,
General Southern Agent.
000 July24—dtil aug5 sun tues thur

ONLY $15.25

FOR A FIRST-CLASS

Round Trip Ticket

—FROM—

ATLANTA

—TO—

NIAGARA FALLS!

—VIA THE—

Western & Atlantic Railroad.

A FIRST-CLASS

SPECIAL EXCURSION

Will leave Atlanta for Niagara Falls at 9:30 p. m.

Thursday, Aug. 5,

Arriving at Chattanooga 6:00 a. m., where direct connection will be made with Special Train through to Cincinnati, thence to Niagara Falls. Cars will be run through from Atlanta to Cincinnati, and from Cincinnati to Niagara Falls without change, making Only One Change of Cars from Atlanta to Niagara Falls.

In addition to the attractions of a visit to Niagara Falls we now offer you the same ticket, and without additional charge for it, an opportunity of visiting that other marvelous natural wonder, the great

LOOKOUT MOUNTAIN,

Of Tennessee, which is situated two miles from Chattanooga, on the line of the Western and Atlantic Railroad, and is reached by carriages All passengers holding Niagara Excursion Tickets will be allowed to stop off at Chattanooga on the Return Trip for the purpose of visiting the Mountain.

ONLY ONE DOLLAR

Will be charged Excursionists for an additional ticket covering the elegant excursion from Niagara Falls to

TORONTO, CANADA, & RETURN

Including a boat trip down Niagara River and across Lake Ontario. This side trip occupies only one day and gives you about four hours time to view the most beautiful city in Canada. Arrangements have been made for

REDUCED RATES

—FOR—

Sleeping Cars, Hotels, Carriages, Mountain and Guide Fees, and the actual necessary expense for the trip to Niagara Mountain will be less than ever before offered the public.

A gentlemanly excursion agent, well acquainted at Niagara, will accompany the Excursion from Atlanta to the Falls, and use every effort possible to the pleasure, economy and satisfaction of every Passenger.

Tickets sold for this Excursion will be good to

Return in Twenty Days

from date of sale, but are required to be used for the continuous going passage, without stopping off, and must be stamped at Cincinnati before they will be good returning.

Excursionists on their return can stop over at

Catoosa Springs,

and their tickets will be good from Catoosa Station to Atlanta until September 15th.

WE GUARANTEE that this Excursion shall be strictly FIRST-CLASS in every respect and that no conduct of a disorderly character will be allowed on the train.

SEATS FOR ALL will be provided, and to this end call at office of the Agents of the Western and Atlantic Railroad as early as possible, procure your tickets and register your name for Sleeping Car accommodations.

The Ticket to Toronto ($1.00), also books of coupons admitting you to all places of interest at the Falls ($1.00), and ticket for Carriage at the Falls ($1.00), can be procured from the Excursion Agent on the train, and are sold at actual cost to him and at greatly reduced rates, secured by special contract for large parties The purchase of these tickets is optional with the passenger and offered only for convenience and economy.

DON'T FORGET THE DATE,

August 5th, 1880,

—VIA THE—

Western and Atlantic Railroad.

Call on R. D. MANN, Ticket Agent, No. 4 Kimball House, Atlanta, or J. A. ADAIR, Ticket Agent, ... pot, for tickets or any fu...

SEE THIRD AND FOURTH PAGES.

ADVERTISEMENTS IN THIS COLUMN charged ten cents per seven words each insertion, payable in advance. No advertisement taken for less than thirty cents. No display, electrotype or cuts will be admitted in this column.

ADVERTISEMENTS—WHEN PROPERLY classed the smallest advertisement is seen at once by the very readers whose eyes it was intended to meet, and thus is just as valuable for this purpose as if it had been spread over the whole page.

TRUNKS.

HUZZA—IS THE HEADQUARTERS FOR repairing trunks and valises. If your trunk wants a new tray, locks, hinges, handles, or duck cover, Huzza will repair them better and at lower prices than any trunk factory in Atlanta will or can. Drayage free. Remember the place, 37 S. Pryor street. Huzza & Co.
423 july25—1t top c

HUZZA—IF YOU WANT A SAMPLE TRUNK or a sample case, Huzza is the only trunk maker in Atlanta that can make one as it should be made, or that has the best material to make them with. Huzza can refer to any of our prominent wholesale merchants as to the beauty, durability and low prices of his work. 37 S Pryor St. Huzza & Co. 423 july25—d1t top col.

WANTS.

BOOK-KEEPER—BY A YOUNG MARRIED man. Unexceptional references. Address "Howard," 181 Loyd street. 415 july25 d1t

A YOUNG MAN WISHES TO TRAVEL FOR a reliable house. Has had a little experience. Money to loan employer. Address M., this office. 414 july25—d1t

I WANT TO RENT BY AUGUST 1st, A COMfortable 4 or 5 room house. G. P. Lowry, at Beck, Gregg & Co.'s. july25—d1t

WANTED—SASH AND DOOR HANDS AT Longley & Robinson's mill. Apply at factory. 424 july25—1t

WANTED—TO BUILD UP NORCROSS, BY giving five nice residence lots here, to clever, business men of Atlanta. For particulars, address J. P. Simmons, Norcross, Ga.
421 july25—3t sun wen sat

NOTICE—WANTED TO PURCHASE TWO good dray mules. Winter & Brown 59 East Alabama st. 431 july15—1t

WANTED—WE WANT A STRONG YOUNG mule. Apply to J. F. Burke & Co.
429 july25—1t

WANTED—AN A No. 1 COOK. ALSO AN experienced nurse. Apply with references at 67 Washington street. july25—2t

A SITUATION AS LEADING SOPRANO in church choir or organist and choir trainer. Moderate salary. Trial given. Address L. M., this office. july25—2t

WANTED—TO BUY TEN SHARES OF stock in the Atlanta Building and Loan Association. Address T. F. Houston, M. D. 91 South Pryor. july25—2t

WANTED TO TRAVEL FOR DRY GOODS and notions. Good experience. Can carry small trade. Apply at once, Bow, this office.
441 july25—1t

WANTED TO BUY—A 3-ROOM HOUSE. Address, with price, M. T., this office.
437 july25 d1t

WANTED—A PARTNER WITH THREE thousand dollars in an established manufacturing business. Will guarantee fifty per cent annually. Address Manufacturer, Constitution office. 442 jul25 2t

A GOOD SIZE SECOND-HAND BURGLAR-Proof Safe, with Combination Lock. Address Safe, this office. july23—d2t fri sun

WET NURSE WANTED. — MUST BE healthy and cleanly. White preferred. Good wages. Apply, at once, southwest corner Baker and Spring streets. july23—d3t

PARTIES WISHING TO BUY OR SELL WILD Lands and Mining Interests, Farms and City Property. Call and see I. Y. Sawtell, Real Estate Agent, 13 Broad street. july11—sun&wkt

FEATHERS WANTED—I WILL BUY A FEW hundred pounds of good second-hand Geese Feathers. J. C. Fuller, 67 Broad street.
395 july23—d1m tues sun

IF YOU WANT TO FIND OUT THE PARticulars call on W. G. Ashley, 31 S. Broad street, Atlanta, Georgia, Dealer in White Pine Doors, Sash and Blinds, Builders' Hardware, White Lead, Oil, Mixed Paints, Window Glass, Putty, etc.
345 july18—d2w thur sun

FOR RENT.

ROOM FOR RENT—FURNISHED OR UNfurnished—for a gentleman and wife or single person, with kitchen privilege, 107 West Baker street. july25—d1t

64 CONE STREET, HOUSE 7 ROOMS, $20.00; 50 acres of land, corner with Cemetery, low price; 3 rooms for $7. Inquire 24 Church street. 425 july25 d1t

FOR RENT—2 LARGE STORE-ROOMS, NOS. 12 and 14 West Mitchell street I. Y. Sawtell, Real Estate Agent, 13 Broad street.
july25—1t

TO RENT—THREE LARGE CONVENIENT rooms suitable for house keeping. Also two unfurnished rooms with gas and bath-room attached. Apply 100 Collins street, near Wheat.
439 july25—1t

FOR RENT—ONE HOUSE, WITH 5 ROOMS conveniently located, will rent cheap to good tenant. Apply to 69 Fair St. 127 july25—1t

FOR RENT—TWO LARGE AND ELEGANT ly furnished front rooms on August 1. I. Y. Sawtell, Real Estate Agent, 13 Broad street.
july25—1t

FOR RENT—FROM THE FIRST DAY OF October next, the Store now occupied by Frank E. Block as a Confectionery. This building is 30x15 feet, three stories and basement, situated on Alabama street, near Whitehall, and running back to the railroad side track. Apply to B. J. Wilson, at the Georgia Bank and Trust Company. 247 june13—2if sun

FOR RENT—CORNER STORE AND BASEment in opera house block. For sale—2 fine benches fit for churches or schools. Apply to L. DeGive, opera-house.
june3—dtf sun wed

FOR RENT—27 WHITEHALL STREET NOW occupied by S. Brooks & Bro., as the Oak Hall Clothing House from August 1 to January 1. Apply at once. The balance of the stock will be sold regardless of cost or value to give possession by above time. july7—tf.

FOR RENT—STORE No. 56 PEACHTREE Street. This building is 31 by 100 feet, has front and rear entrance, is fitted up for and well adapted to wholesale and retail dry goods. For terms apply to J. W. English, 35 Broad street.
71 dec5—dtf

BOARD.

TWO GENTLEMEN OR MAN AND WIFE can find pleasant room and good board at S. E. corner of Wheat and Ivy. 422 july25—1t

A DELIGHTFUL ROOM WITH FIRST-class board at 83 Marietta street, opposite First Presbyterian church 428 july25—1t

PARTIES WISHING GOOD BOARD OR square meal can find no better place to get it than the Decatur Hotel, Decatur Ga. Eye-W... ness. july25—

MISCELLANEOUS.

J. H. GAVAN, 78 PEACHTREE STREET better prepared than ever to renovate ... ton, Moss and Hair Mattresses and repair ... Furniture. Furniture to rent. Good u... wanted. No other need apply. 446...

JOHN M. BURKERT, LOCKSMITH, ... Peachtree street. Umbrellas and Pa... paired and covered with silk, alpaca and ... scissors and Razors sharpened. 435 ju...

ADVERTISING SIGN BOARDS.—AL... and styles, painted and posted in any part of the state by J. the B. P., National Hotel Block.
july2 —1t

FOR YOUR OWN SAKE.—MADAM, IF YOU are not right, "after the manner of women," don't forget that the safest as well as the surest remedy for you is Bellamy's Extract Gossypium. Quick, safe and permanent. 426 july25 d1t

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—LARGE LOT OF MILLING Machinery, both wheat and corn. Apply to Smith and Adamson, Jonesboro, Ga.
419 july25 d2t—sun wed—wit

A FINE 7 ROOM DWELLING AND 100 acres of land 4 miles on the best road from the city, for sale on accommodating terms. Frierson & Leak. 44 july25—1t

FOR SALE—FIVE ROOM HOUSE, KITCHEN and stables, immediately on street car line, corner Gordon and Garner streets, West End. Apply to O. I. Culberson, at his store in West End.
413 july25—d1t

SEVERAL DAIRY AND VEGETABLE farms in and near the city for sale. Frierson & Leak. 444 july25—1t

TO EXCHANGE—ONE GOOD SADDLE mare—has all the gaits; also, one buggy and set of new harness—for a city lot. No choice as to location. Address "P. O. Box 4 2," city.
448jul25 1t

WE HAVE SOME GOOD BRICK STORES for sale. Frierson & Leak.
444 july25—1t

PEACHTREE STREET LOT FOR SALE. The Cottage between James' and Leyden's property. Gilt edge and central. J. G. Reynolds, No. 6 Wall street. 445 july25—d1t

THREE VALUABLE MANUFACTURING lots fronting W. and A. R. R., for sale. Frierson & Leak. 444 jul 25—1t

FOR SALE—A BEAUTIFUL SUBURBAN place at West End, 15 acres land, 6-room house, orchards, vineyards, fish-pond, groves, gardens, pastures, etc. Everything complete. I. Y. Sawtell, Real Estate Agent, 13 Broad street.
july25—1t

FOR SALE — WARRANTY AND QUIT Claim, Title, Deeds, Bonds, Mortgages, Waiver Notes, etc. B F. Bennett, Steam Printer, 24 Broad street. 434 july25—2

A GOOD BRICK YARD LOT FOR SALE. Frierson & Leak. 444 july25—1t

FOR SALE—SEVERAL FARMS NEAR THE city. Also suburban property. I. Y. Sawtell, Real Estate Agent, 13 Broad street.
july25—1t

THE PONCE DE LEON HOTEL ON 4 ACRES lot fronting the Air-Line R. R. for sale ... son & Leak. 444 july25...

SECOND-HAND ENGINE—6 HORSE, ... right, in good order, for sale cheap ... Joseph H. Johnson, at Factory, corner Ma... and Mills streets. Atlanta, July 23, 1880.
393 july23—d3t fri sun tues

A FEW HOUSES AND LOTS FOR SALE ... installment plan, with small cash payment ... Frierson & Leak. 444 july25...

FOR SALE—ONE TWO HORSE DRAY AN... double harness; also, one single carriag... harness and one saddle. All in good order. A... ply to H. Lewis, Atlanta Flouring Mills.
391 july23—d2t fri sun

A NICE SUBURBAN RESIDENCE OF NI... rooms on fine 12 acre lot one block fr... street cars for sale at a bargain for a non-resid... Frierson & Leak. 444 july25...

VALUABLE PEACHTREE RESIDENCE ... lots—I will sell a bargain on accommod... terms. No. 173 Peachtree st. Can sell a porti... the lot with all improvements. Splendid ... residence, with modern conveniences, ... etc., alley approach from Harris st., and ... vacant lot. separate, or both lots toge... suit purchaser. Locality and surroundi... very best. Central, convenient to ... schools, water, gas, etc. Have plat of ... price. See me at once. G... W. A...
204 july11—d&f sun wed fri

A NICE, NEW, CENTRAL 7 ROOM BR... house, a fine, central 10 room house with ... modern improvements and a number of smal... houses for rent. Frierson & Leak.
441 july25—1t

FOR SALE OR RENT—A NEAT COTTAGE four rooms, good well of water, 171 Rawson street. Apply to ... A. Boynton, 28 Alabama St.

... EDGEWOOD HOME ... Kirkwood home for ...

CUTICURA REMEDIES.

Cuticura

BLOOD AND SKIN REMEDIES.

MESSRS. WEEKS & POTTER: Gentlemen—I have suffered over thirteen years with skin disease in my hands and limbs, causing constant irritation, depriving me of rest and attention to business. I sought many remedies here and elsewhere, also use of sulphur baths, without permanent cure. Last May a physician called my disease Eczema rodent; spots appeared on my hands, head, and face, eyes became much inflamed and granulated, causing at length impaired sight. Internal and external remedies were prescribed by a leading physician for six months, was then introduced to another, and a consultation of several leading physicians was had, when a definite plan was decided upon, but all to no purpose. After following advice for four months without any permanent cure, I bought two bottles of CUTICURA RESOLVENT, two boxes of CUTICURA, and some SOAP, and can testify with great pleasure to the effect that they have had in my case, in eight days being nearly cured. The physicians pronounced my case the most aggravated one that has ever come under their experience and practice. I recommend and highly indorse the CUTICURA REMEDIES.

Yours truly, F. H. DRAKE.
Clifford St. and Woodward Ave., Detroit, Mich., January 21, 1879.

SKIN HUMOR

For 20 Years Entirely Cured.

MESSRS. WEEKS & POTTER: Gentlemen—I have suffered from a Skin Humor for twenty years, without finding any remedy or treatment that would cure it, until I began the use of the CUTICURA REMEDIES, which, in a short time and at a small expense, have entirely eradicated every trace of the disease, so that now I am entirely free from it. I therefore believe they will do all you advertise them to do.

Respectfully yours, JOS. W. ESTABROOK.
Boston, July 2, 1879.

SCALD HEAD

For Four Years Cured.

Mrs. A. SWIFT, Everett, Mass., writes: "The CUTICURA REMEDIES cured my child of Scald Head, covering the scalp and lower part of the neck, of four years' duration, and which had resisted all the usual remedies."

THE CUTICURA SYSTEM

Of Treating Humors of the Blood, Skin and Scalp with Loss of Hair,

[illegible] first the purification of the blood, through an energetic action of the bowels, liver, kidneys and skin, the natural purifiers of the body. Next, to remove every external evidence of disease and restore the beauty, whiteness and freshness of the skin and quantity and quality of the Hair. CUTICURA RESOLVENT is cathartic, diuretic, resolvent and absorbent. It purifies the blood, liver, kidneys and skin of every trace of blood poisons, invigorates the brain and nervous forces, and throws off disease. CUTICURA, a Medical Jelly, arrests external disease, removes lifeless flesh and skin, renders healthy ulcers, sores and discharging wounds, allays inflammation, itching and irritation, and heals. It is the sweetest, cleanest and best Hair Restorer and Beautifier in the world. CUTICURA SOAP, for cleansing, restoring and beautifying the skin, and for the toilet, bath and nursery, is unrivalled. It and the CUTICURA SHAVING SOAP, the first and only medicinal soap prepared expressly for shaving, are prepared from CUTICURA.

CUTICURA REMEDIES

For Blood, Skin and Scalp Humors

Are prepared by WEEKS & POTTER, Chemists and Druggists, 360 Washington street, Boston, 21 Front street, Toronto, Ont., and 8 Snow Hill, London, and are for sale by all Druggists. Price of CUTICURA, small boxes, 50 cents; large boxes, containing two and one half times the quantity of small, $1. RESOLVENT, $1 per bottle. CUTICURA MEDICINAL TOILET SOAP, 25 cents. CUTICURA MEDICINAL SHAVING SOAP, 15 cents; in bars for Barbers and large consumers, 50 cents.

COLLINS' VOLTAIC PLASTERS
Instantly relieve Pain, Soreness and Weakness.
451 apr21—dly wed sun &wkyly nx rd mat B

HUNT'S REMEDY

THE GREAT

Kidney and Liver Medicine,

CURES all Diseases of the Kidneys, Liver, Bladder, and Urinary Organs; Dropsy, Gravel, Diabetes, Bright's Disease, Pains in the Back, Loins, or Side; Retention or Nonretention of Urine, Nervous Diseases, Female Weaknesses, Excesses, Jaundice, Biliousness, Headache, Sour Stomach, Dyspepsia, Constipation & Piles.

HUNT'S REMEDY

CURES WHEN ALL OTHER MEDICINES FAIL, as it acts directly and at once on the Kidneys, Liver, and Bowels, restoring them to a healthy action. HUNT'S REMEDY is a safe, sure and speedy cure, and hundreds have been cured by it when physicians and friends had given them up to die. Do not delay, try at once HUNT'S REMEDY.

Send for pamphlet to
WM. E. CLARKE, Providence, R. I.
Prices, 75 cents and $1.25. Large size the cheapest. Ask your druggist for HUNT'S REMEDY. Take no other.
july13—d&wkyly fol next read mat B

ROSADALIS

THE GREAT SOUTHERN REMEDY for the cure of Scrofula, Syphilis, Scrofulous Taint, Rheumatism, White Swelling, Gout, Goitre, Consumption, Bronchitis, Nervous Debility, Malaria, and all diseases arising from an impure condition of the blood, skin or scalp.

ROSADALIS
CURES SCROFULA.

ROSADALIS
Cures Rheumatism.

ROSADALIS
Cures Syphilis.

ROSADALIS
Cures Malaria.

ROSADALIS
Cures Nervous Debility.

ROSADALIS
CURES ALL IMPURITIES.

ROSADALIS
has its ingredients published on every package. Show it to your Physician, and he will tell you it is composed of the strongest alteratives that exist, and is an excellent Blood Purifier.
ROSADALIS is sold by all Druggists.
DANIEL & MARSH, Wholesale Agents.
[illegible] mar5—dlyeow fri sun wed &wkyeowly

Smith's Scrofula Syrup

—AND—

Star Curine!

HAND IN HAND, LIKE TWO SISTERS OF Mercy, bringing health and happiness to the afflicted among mankind, have grown so popular that in almost every family their names are "as familiar as household words" and are now known as the

PUREST, SAFEST AND MOST EFFECTUAL REMEDIES FOR ALL DISEASES EMANATING FROM AN

IMPURE STATE OF THE BLOOD

They are not coarse, disgusting alcoholic mixtures, but really scientific combinations of those curative agents which are known and acknowledged by the Medical Profession to possess the [illegible] influence in the treatment of

ALL BLOOD DISEASES.

Smith's Scrofula Syrup

[illegible] harmless, dirty, inert mixture of roots and [illegible]

[illegible] Elegant & Delicious Syrup

[illegible] perfect solution the active medicinal [illegible] of these articles of the Materia Medica [illegible] the power of

Purifying the Blood

[illegible] happiest and most fortunate [illegible] new nostrums, merely gotten up [illegible] defraud the people, but pre[illegible] recipe which has been in [illegible] since 178[illegible], when its [illegible] com[illegible]

[illegible]ORDINARY SUCCESS

[illegible] and the [illegible] to prove [illegible] own best.

GEORGIA DOINGS.

PICKED UP IN THE STATE PAPERS.

Facts Concerning the Good, the Beautiful and the True—And Likewise the Curious—Furnished by Georgia Editors.

THE COTTON CATERPILLAR.

Quitman county Correspondence Cuthbert Appeal.

Caterpillars have made their appearance in cotton on some of the river plantations. Some uneasiness is manifested by farmers at the early appearance of this destructive worm. The first caterpillars last year were discovered by Samuel Ogletree on the 30th of July. It is the opinion of a good many that they will commit great damage, as the cotton is young and tender.

SHOOTING AFFRAY.

Rockmart correspondent Cedartown Advertiser.

A considerable riot occurred here last Friday, in which knives and pistols were freely used. W. T. Simpson was shot twice by a man named Bowen, one shot entering the bowels and going through his left little finger. His condition at this writing (Monday) is considered dangerous. A. H. Michael, the marshal, attempted to arrest Bowen, which caused a general disturbance, and Michael was severely cut in the left arm and side by William Lowery. His condition is also critical. There were a considerable number of persons engaged in the riot, and all evaded arrest by fleeing, except old man Daniel Lowery and the injured man Simpson. Daniel Lowery was bound over to the superior court.

IMMIGRATION.

Cedartown Advertiser.

For some time our people have not been satisfied with the convict labor saddled upon them. Many of the criminals were allowed to go loose as "trusties," and they committed many depredations in the community, at which an injured citizenship had a right to complain. The main cause of dissatisfaction, however, is the fact that it interferes with free labor, and has caused many laborers to leave the county. In fact, the supply of labor, both in the fields and as help about the house, is far below the demand. To meet this demand, Mr. A. G. West, president of the Cherokee iron and railroad company, and some enterprising citizens, have made arrangements with our efficient agent of immigration, Mr. Francis Fontaine, now in New York, to supply the iron company with fifty families at once, and to swell the number to two hundred by next December.

JUDGE JOHNSON'S CONDITION.

Savannah News.

The report that ex-Governor Johnson had been prostrated with paralysis is denied. A correspondent of the Augusta Chronicle says that the report got into circulation from the fact that he recently was attacked with a severe neuralgic pain which struck him in the leg just below the right knee, and caused his right foot to give way under him, the foot becoming benumbed and remaining more or less helpless and insensible to touch for some time. "Indeed," says the correspondent, "it has not yet quite recovered its normal sensibility and strength, and hence he keeps his bed. There has been nothing like general or even partial paralysis of the body. All who know Governor Johnson well, know he has for many years past been subject to these violent neuralgic pains, chiefly in his thumb, and being so severe at times as to well nigh unfit him for business for days and weeks together. The indications are that he will soon recover from his attack, be up again, and in the regular discharge of his official duties."

GEORGIA CONFEDERATE WAR RECORDS

General Henry C. Wayne to Colonel Herbert Fielder.

On being appointed adjutant and inspector general of the state of Georgia in November, 1860, I organized the office, as nearly as I could, after those of the war department. Every letter, or communication, bearing upon the business of the office, was indorsed, lettered, numbered, answered and appropriately filed, the answers being copied and indexed into letter books prepared for the purpose. Every paper coming to the office requiring an answer was scrupulously and promptly replied to. At the end of the year, the loose papers and documents were arranged in order alphabetically, enveloped, and carefully placed for ready reference in a box made of given dimensions, numbered with the year, and provided with lock and key, and screws should they be needed for greater security.

When it became a certainty that Milledgeville would be occupied by the federal army, the records not already put away, were in like manner boxed, locked and screwed tightly down by the ingenuity of Colonels Brisco and De Graeffenreld, clerks in the office, were carefully concealed.

The federal troops passed through Milledgeville without discovering them; and when Provisional Governor Johnson took possession of the state house, I turned over to him my four boxes of records, complete, as they had been packed, having previously verified their integrity by personal examination of each; assisted in the scrutiny by Colonels Briscoe and De Graeffenreid, and by Major John O. Ferrill, my assistant.

I was thus particular, as the records would be of use in making up the history of Georgia during the war, and as there were besides correspondences with other officers in the confederate army and with some of our public men, all bearing upon the war, our civil and political condition, and on other matters of interest to the future historian. Even letters which I might justly have considered my own private property, were stowed in the boxes for the military and political information they contained, believing they would be more certain of preservation in them than in my room or privately hid, which I had little time to think of, and which course proved to be the best.

In conclusion I state positively that not a letter, muster roll or paper of any consequence belonging to my office fell into the hands of the federal troops, and at the close of the war I turned over to Provisional Governor Johnson the records of the adjutant and inspector general's office of Georgia, complete, from the day I organized the office to the time of our evacuating Milledgeville.

COUNT PULASKI'S BANNER.

This Interesting Relic of the Revolution Now in the Possession of the Maryland Historical Society.

Baltimore Sun.

Among the most interesting treasures of the Maryland historical society is a relic of the revolutionary war, the banner of Pulaski, which the poet Longfellow has embalmed in verse. Probably there is no poem in the language better remembered by American youth than Mr. Longfellow's "Hymn of the Moravian Nuns of Bethlehem at the Consecration of Pulaski's Banner," beginning "When the dying flame of day through the chancel shot its ray," and going on with descriptions of "glimmering tapers," "cowled heads" and "censers burning swung, where, before the altar, hung the blood-red banner that with prayer had been consecrated there; and the nuns' sweet hymn was heard the while, sung low in the dim, mysterious aisle," concluding with the lines:

"The warrior took the banner proud.
And it was his martial cloak and shroud."

The banner of Pulaski, preserved in Baltimore, is twenty inches square, made to be carried on a lance. It is of double silk, now so much faded and discolored by time that its color, whether originally crimson or white, cannot now be determined. On both sides designs are embroidered with what was yellow silk, shaded with green, and deep silk fringe bordering. On one side are the letters "U. S.," and in a circle around them the words "Unita Virtus Fortior;" on the other side in the centre is embroidered an all-seeing eye, and the words, "Nor Alius Regit."

While historical research has brushed away nearly all the pretty garniture which Mr. Longfellow had thrown around this interesting relic, the fact remains pretty well substantiated that Pulaski procured his banner in Bethlehem, of the Moravian Sisters, who did not lead a cloistered life, and who really sold their work to help support their house. But for Baltimoreans the relic has even a greater interest than if it had been consecrated as described by the poet, for it is the flag of a legion recruited in Baltimore, and brought out of the fire of the siege of Savannah by a Baltimorean.

The Count Pulaski had, with the assent of congress and General Washington, been commissioned to organize an independent corps of 68 horses armed with lances, and 200 foot equipped as light infantry. He was allowed also the privilege of enlisting men in any state, with the continental bounty, and to include prisoners and deserters. He established his recruiting headquarters in Baltimore, and the legislature of this state placed his legion on the same footing in Maryland with other Maryland regiments, and rendered him all the assistance necessary in the work. General Smallwood afterward complained that Pulaski was getting his men, but the council of state did not interfere. In about six months the gallant Pole reported his whole force to be 330 men, which was about sixty more than had at first been proposed. They were organized into three companies of horse and three of infantry, which were publicly reviewed in this city, and afterward joined Washington in New Jersey, and on the march to Little Egg Harbor his camp was surprised by the betrayal of a deserter, and forty men, including Lieutenant-Colonel De Bosen, were bayoneted. In his subsequent operations in the south, Pulaski received his mortal wound in the groin from a swivel shot at the seige of Savannah, October 9, 1779. Captain Bentalou, of Baltimore, was wounded at the same time, and they were both conveyed on board the United States brig Wasp, then with the French fleet, Pulaski dy[illegible] [illegible] just as the bri[illegible] [illegible] Sta[illegible] [illegible] r[illegible]

1826 accidentally killed in Baltimore by a fall through the hatchway of a warehouse.

It was while General LaFayette was sick at Bethlehem, according to record, that Pulaski went from Baltimore to visit him, where he procured the banner, which, at his death, was saved by Captain Bentalou, and finally deposited in Peale's museum, which formerly stood on the northwest corner of Baltimore and Calvert streets, in this city. In 1844 Edmund Peale presented it to the Maryland historical society, where, as stated above, it is treasured. Some five or six years ago, Mr. Henry Stockbridge, member of the Maryland historical society, who became interested in the history of the banner, addressed some inquiries to the Moravian Bishop de Schweintz on the subject, receiving a reply, which is recorded in the minutes of the society as follows:

BETHLEHEM, PENN., September 2, 1874.—Henry Stockbridge, Esq., Baltimore: Dear Sir—I am afraid you will imagine I have forgotten to carry out my promise and examine our records for information touching the Pulaski banner. Such, however, is not the case. Early in the summer my duties prevented me from giving the subject the proper attention, and afterward I spent several weeks at the seashore, returning last month. I am now prepared to give an answer to your question and my opinion with regard to the banner. From what you have written, I believe that such a banner was embroidered by the inmates of the Moravian Sisters' House at Bethlehem, but it was not formally presented by them to Pulaski; indeed, it was not a gift at all, but made to order, and paid for by him. This is my opinion and this opinion is based upon the following facts:

Pulaski arrived in America in the summer of 1777, and died of his wounds in 1779; consequently the only years in which he could have been at Bethlehem, and in which the banner could have been made, are 1777, 1778 and 1779. Accordingly I have, with great care, read through the official diaries of those three years, preserved in our archives here, and containing not only a history of the Moravian church at this place, but also a report of current events, especially those relating to the revolution. I find that Pulaski visited Bethlehem twice, namely, in April, 1778, on the 16th of that month, which day was Maunday-Thursday, and on which day he attended divine service in the Moravian church, in company with Colonel Cobarck, and again on the 17th of May of the same year, the record of which day reads as follows: "Sunday, 17th, Mr. Samuel Adams, a delegate to congress from Massachusetts bay, Dr. Foster and several other gentlemen spent this day at Bethlehem, and attended religious services, as did also General Pulaski, who ordered a dress parade of some men of his corps that were with him, and in this fashion came to church." Further than this there is not the slightest reference to Pulaski, or any reference at all to a banner. Had one been presented to him, it is certain that the presentation would have been described in full.

Again, I have found in our archives the official journal of the superintendent of the Sister's house, in which the banner was embroidered. This document does not make the most distant allusion to Pulaski or to a banner. Had one been presented to him, the fact would have, as a matter of course, been mentioned in this journal, or had they sent it after his departure as a gift, this, too would certainly have been recorded. Now, at that time a part of the income of the Sisters' house with which it was supported depended upon the sale of embroidery and other fancy work made by the inmates. They received large orders for such work. This was so common a thing that no notice of such orders was taken in the official diaries. Hence, I believe that when Pulaski visited the Sisters' house, in the spring of 1778, and saw the beautiful embroidery which was done there, he ordered a small cavalry banner for his legion, and that the whole transaction was a simple business one, which received the turn now generally accepted through Longfellow's utterly unhistorical poem.

A number of years ago a young Bethlehemite, who was studying at Yale college, met Professor Longfellow and told him that there had been no cathedral at Bethlemen in Pulaski's time, and that there was none there now; that the Moravians had never had monasteries, and that there had never been Moravian nuns, the whole history of the church being a protest against everything Romish, whereupon the professor smilingly said that his description was a "poetical license." Last year an old gentleman lived here who used to say that when a child he had been acquainted with one or two of the women who had helped to embroider the Pulaski banner. This is another proof that such a banner was actually embroidered here. The above is all the information I am able to give. I remain, dear sir, very respectfully yours. EDMUND DESCHWEINITZ.

THRASHED.

THE STORY OF THE CHRISTIAN'S LIFE

Sermon by Rev. T. DeWitt Talmage in the Tabernacle, Brooklyn, Wherein the Uses of Adversity and Affliction are Duly Set Forth—A Lesson for Christians.

TEXT: Isa. xxviii., 27-28—For the fitches are not thrashed with a thrashing instrument, neither is a cart-wheel turned about upon the cummin; but the fitches are beaten out with a staff, and the cummin with a rod. Bread corn is bruised, because he will not ever be thrashing it.

The heat has been almost insufferable; in the furnace much human life has been consumed; many families have been broken; misfortunes of various kinds have come upon various people; and I suppose, standing in any congregation to-day, in this country the great need of ninety-nine out of a hundred is solace. Look, then to this unfrequented allegory of my text. There are three kinds of seed mentioned, fitches, cummin and corn. Of the last we all know. But it may be well to state that the fitches and the cummin were small seeds like the carraway or the chick-pea. When these grains or herbs were to be thrashed they were thrown on the floor, and the workmen would come around with staff, or rod, or flail, and beat them until the seed would be separated; but when the corn was to be thrashed that was thrown on the floor, and the men would fasten horses or oxen to a cart with iron-dented wheels; that cart would be drawn around the thrashing floor, and so the work would be accomplished. Different kinds of thrashing for different products. The fitches are not thrashed with a thrashing instrument, neither is a cart-wheel turned about upon the cummin; but the fitches are beaten out with a staff, and the cummin with a rod. Bread corn is bruised, because he will not ever be thrashing it.

The great thought that the text presses upon our souls is that we all go through some kind of thrashing process. The fact that you may be devoting your life to honorable and noble purposes will not win you any escape. Wilberforce, the Christian emancipator, was in his day derisively called "Doctor Cantwell." Thomas Babington Macaulay, the advocate of all that was good long before he became the most conspicuous historian of his day, was caricatured in one of the quarterly reviews as "Babbletongue Macaulay." Norman McLeod, the great friend of the Scotch poor, was industriously maligned in all quarters, although on the day when he was carried out to his burial a workman stood and looked at the funeral procession, and said: "If he had done nothing for anybody more than he has done for me, he should shine as the stars forever and ever." All the small wits of London had their fling at John Wesley, the father of Methodism.

If such men could not escape the maligning of the world, neither can you expect to get rid of the sharp, keen stroke of the tribulum. All who will live godly in Christ Jesus must suffer persecution. Besides that, there are the sicknesses, and the bankruptcies, and the irritations, and the disappointments which are ever putting a cup of aloes to your lip. Those wrinkles on your face are hieroglyphics, which, if deciphered, would make out a thrilling story of trouble. The footstep of the rabbit is seen the next morning on the snow, and on the white hairs of the aged are the footprints showing where swift trouble alighted. Even amid the joys and hilarities of life, trouble will sometimes break in. As when the people were assembled in the Charlestown theatre, during the revolutionary war, and while they were witnessing a farce, and the audience was in great gratulation, the guns of an advancing army were heard, and the audience broke up in wild panic and ran for their lives, so oftimes while you are seated amid the joys and festivities of this world, you hear the cannonade of some great disaster. All the fitches, and the cummin, and the corn must come down on the thrashing floor and be pounded.

My subject, in the first place, teaches us that it is no compliment to us if we escape great trial. The fitches and the cummin on one thrashing-floor might look over to the corn on another thrashing-floor and say: "Look at that poor, miserable, bruised corn We have only been a little pounded, but that has been almost destroyed." Well, the corn, if it had lips, would answer and say: "Do you know the reason you have not been as much pounded as I have? It is because you are not of so much worth as I am; if you were you would be as severely run over." Yet there are men who suppose they are the Lord's favorites simply because their barns are full, and their bank account is flush, and there are no funerals in the house. It may be because they are fitches and cummin; while down at the end of the lane the poor widow may be the Lord's corn. You are but little pounded because you are but little worth, and she bruised and ground because she is the best part of the harvest. The heft of the thrashing-machine is according to the value of the grain. If you have not been much thrashed in life, perhaps there is not much to thrash! If you have not been much shaken of trouble, perhaps it is because there is going to be a very small yield. When there are plenty of blackberries the gatherers go out with large baskets; but when the drought has almost consumed the fruit, then a quart measure will do as well. It took the venomous snake on Paul's hand, and the pounding of him with stones until he was taken up for dead, and the jamming against him of prison gates, and the Ephesian vociferation, and the skinned ankles of the painful stocks, and the foundering of the Alexandrian corn-ship, and the beheading stroke of the Roman sheriff to bring Paul to his proper development. It was not because Robert Moffat and Lady Rachel Russell, and Frederick Oberlin were worse than other people that they had to suffer; it was because they were better, and God wanted to make them best. By the carefulness of the thrashing you may always conclude the value of the grain.

Next, my text teaches us that God proportions our trials to what we can bear. The staff for the fitches—The rod for the cummin. The iron [illegible] corn. Sometimes people in [illegible] "Oh, I can't bear it!" [illegible] God would not have sen[illegible] had not known that you [illegible] [illegible] and you swo[illegible]

gle too intricate. You sometimes feel as if our world were full of bludgeons flying haphazard. Oh, no; they are thrashing instruments that God just suits to your case. There is not a dollar of bad debts on your ledger, or a disappointment about goods that you expected to go up but that have gone down, or a swindle of your business partner, or a trick on the part of those who are in the same kind of business that you are, but God intended to overrule for your immortal help. "Oh," you say, "there is no need talking that way to me—I don't like to be cheated and outraged." Neither does the corn like the corn-thrasher; but after it has been thrashed and winnowed it has a great deal better opinion of winnowing-mills and corn-thrashers. "Well," you say, "if I could cheer my troubles, I would be willing to be troubled." Ah, my brother, then it would not be trouble. You would choose something that would not hurt, and unless it hurts it does not get sanctified. Your trial, perhaps, may be childlessness. You are fond of children. You say: "Why does God send children to that other household, where they are unwelcome, and are beaten and banged about, when I would have taken them in the arms of my affection?" You say: "Any other trial but this." Your trial, perhaps, may be a disfigured countenance, or a face that is easily caricatured, and you say: "Oh, I could endure any thing if only I was good looking." And your trial, perhaps, is a violent temper, and you have to drive it like six unbroken horses amid the gunpowder explosions of a great holiday, and ever and anon it runs away with you. Your trial is the asthma. You say: "Oh, if it were rheumatism, or neuralgia, or erysipelas, but it is this asthma, and it is such an exhausting thing to breathe." Your trouble is a husband short, sharp, snappy, and cross about the house, and raising a small riot because a button is off! How could you know the button is off? Your trial is a wife ever in contest with the servants, and she is a sloven. Though she was very careful about her appearance in your presence once, now she is careless, because, she says, her fortune is made! Your trial is a hard school lesson you cannot learn, and you have bitten your finger-nails until they are a sight to behold. Everybody has some vexation, or annoyance, or trial, and he or she thinks it is the one least adapted. "Anything but this," all say, "anything but this." Oh, my hearers, are you not ashamed to be complaining all this time against God? Who manages the affairs of this world, anyhow? Is it an infinite Modoc? or a Sitting Bull savage? or an omnipotent Nana Sahib! No; it is the most merciful and glorious and wise being in all the universe. You cannot teach omnipotence anything.

You have fretted and worried almost enough. Do you not think so? Some of you are making yourself ridiculous in the sight of the angels. Here is a naval architect, and he draws out the plan of a ship of many thousand tons. Many workmen are engaged on it for a long while. The ship is done; and some day, with the flags up and the air gorgeous with bunting, that vessel is launched for Southampton. At that time, a lad six years of age comes running down the dock with a toy boat which he has made with his own jack-knife, and he says: "Here, my boat is better than yours. Just look at this jibboom and these weather cross-jack braces," and he drops his little boat beside the great ship, and there is a roar of laughter on the docks. Ah! my friends that great ship is your life as God planned it—vast, million-tonned, ocean-destined, eternity-bound. That little boat is your life as you were trying to hew it out, and fashion it, and launch it. Ah! do not try to be a rival of the great Jehovah. God is always right, and in nine cases out of ten you are wrong. He sends just the hardships, just the bankruptcies, just the cross that it is best for you to have. He knows what kind of grain you are, and he sends the right kind of thrashing-machine. It will be rod or staff, or iron wheel, just according as you are fitches, or cummin, or corn.

Again, my subject teaches that God keeps trial on us until we let go. The farmer shouts "whoa!" to his horses as soon as the grain is dropped from the stalk. The farmer comes with his fork and tosses up the straw, and he sees that the straw has let go the grain and the grain is thoroughly thrashed. So God Smiting rod and turning wheel, but cease as soon as we let go. We hold on to this world with its pleasures, and riches, and emoluments, and our knuckles are so firmly set that it seems as if we could hold on forever. God comes along with some thrashing trouble and beats us loose. We started under the delusion that this was a great world. We learned out of our geography that it was so many thousand miles in diameter and so many miles in circumference, and we said: "Oh, my, what a world!" Trouble came in after life and this trouble sliced off one part of the world, and it has got to be a smaller world, and in some estimations, a very insignificant world; and it is depreciating all the time as a spiritual property. Ten per cent off, fifty per cent off, and there are those who would not give ten cents for this world—the entire world—as a soul possession. We thought that friendship was a grand thing. In school we used to write compositions about friendship; and perhaps we made our graduating speech on commencement day on friendship. Oh! it was a charmed thing; but does it mean as much to you as it used to? You have gone on in life, and one friend has betrayed you, and another friend has misinterpreted you, and another friend has neglected you, and friendship comes now sometimes to mean to you merely another axe to grind! So with money. We thought if a man had a competency he was safe for all the future; but we have learned that a mortgage may be defeated by an unknown previous incumbrance; that signing your name on the back of a note may be your business death-warrant; that a new tariff may change the current of trade; that a man may be rich to-day and poor to-morrow. And God, by all these misfortunes, is trying to loosen our grip; but still we hold on. God smites us with a staff, but we hold on. And he strikes us with a rod; but we hold on. And he sends us over the iron wheel of misfortune; but we hold on. There are men who keep their grip on this world until the last moment, who suggest to me the condition and conduct of the poor Indian in the boat in the Niagara rapids, coming on toward the fall. Seeing that he could not escape, a moment or two before he got to the verge of the plunge, he lifted a wine bottle and drank it off, and then tossed the bottle into the air. So there are men who clutch the world, and they go down through the rapids of temptation and sin, and they hold on to the very last moment of life, drinking to their eternal damnation as they go over and go down. Oh, let go! Let go! The best fortunes are in heaven. There are no absconding cashiers from that bank, no failing in promises to pay. Set your affections on things above, not on things on the earth. Let go! Depend upon it that God will keep upon you the staff or the rod or the iron wheel until you do let go.

Another thing my text teaches us is, that Christian sorrow is going to have a sure terminus. My text says: "Bread corn is bruised, because he will not be ever thrashing it." Blessed be God for that! Pound away, O flail. Turn on, O wheel! Your work will soon be done. "He will not be ever thrashing it." Now the Christian has almost as much use in the organ for the stop tremulant as he has for the trumpet. But after awhile he will put the last dirge into the portfolio forever. So much of us as is wheat will be separated from so much as is chaff, and there will be no more need of pounding.

They never cry in heaven, because they have nothing to cry about. There are no tears of bereavement, for you shall have your friends all round about you. There are no tears of poverty, because each one sits at the king's table and has his own chariot of salvation, and free access to the wardrobe where princes get their array. No tears of sickness, for there are no pneumonias on the air, and no malarial exhalations from the rolling river of life, and no crutch for the lame limb, and no splint for the broken arm; but the pulses throbbing with the health of the eternal God, in a climate like our June before the blossoms fall, or our gorgeous October before the leaves scatter. In that land the souls will talk over the different modes of thrashing. Oh! the story of the staff that struck the fitches, and the rod that beat the cummin, and the iron wheel that went over the corn. Daniel will describe the lions, and Jonah leviathan, and Paul the elmwood whips with which he was scourged, and Eve will tell how aromatic Eden was the day she left it, and John Rogers will tell of the smart of the flame, and Elijah of the fiery team that wheeled him up the sky-steeps, and Christ of the numbness and the paroxysm and hemorrhages of the awful crucifixion. There they are before the throne of God. On one elevation all those who were struck of the staff. On a higher elevation all those who were struck of the rod. On the highest elevation, and amid the highest altitudes of heaven, all those who were under the wheel, He will not ever be thrashing it.

Oh! my hearers, is there not enough salve in this text to make a plaster large enough to heal all your wounds? When a child is hurt, the mother is very apt to say to it: "Now, it will soon feel better." And that is what God says when He unbosoms all the trouble in the hush of this great promise: "Weeping may endure for a night, but joy cometh in the morning." You may le[illegible] your pocket-handkerchief sopping wet with tears on your death-pillow, but you will go up absolutely sorrowless. They will wear black, you will wear white. Cypress for them; psalms for you. You will say: "Is it possible that I am here? Is this [illegible] Am I so pure now I will never do anything wrong? Am I so well that I will never again be sick? Are these companionships so firm that they will never again be broken? Is that Mary? Is that John? [illegible] one I [illegible] way into darkn[illegible] the faces of th[illegible] [illegible]

sunrise! Glorious sunrise! I see the light now purpling the hills, and the clouds aflame with the coming day." Then the gates of heaven will be opened, and the entranced soul, with the anxiousness and power of the Celestial Vision, will look ten thousand of miles down upon the bannered procession—a river of shimmering splendor—and will cry out: "Who are they?" And the angel of God, standing close by, will say: "Don't you know who they are?" "No," says the entranced soul, "I cannot guess who they are." The angel will say: "I will tell you, then, who they are. These are they who came out of great tribulation of thrashing, and had their robes washed and made white in the blood of the Lamb." Oh! that I could administer some of these drops of celestial anodyne to these nervous and excited souls. If you would take enough of it it would cure all your pains. The thought that you are going to get through with this after a while, all this sorrow and all this trouble. We shall have a great many grand days in heaven, but I will tell you which will be the grandest day of all the million ages of heaven. You say: "Are you sure you can tell me?" Yes, I can. It will be the day we get there. Again she hasten is growing more glorious. I suppose it is; but I do not care much about that. Heaven now is good enough for me. History has no more gratulatory scene than the breaking in of the English army upon Lucknow, India A few weeks before a massacre had occurred at Cawnpore, and two hundred and sixty women and children had been put in a room. Then five professional butchers went in and slew them. Then the bodies of the slain were taken out and thrown into a well. As the English army came into Cawnpore they went into the room; and oh, what a horrid scene! Sword-strokes on the wall near the floor, showing that the poor things had crouched when they died; and they saw also that the floor was ankle-deep in blood. The soldiers walked on their heels across it, lest their shoes be submerged of the carnage. And on that floor of blood there were flowing locks of hair and fragments of dresses. Out in Lucknow they had heard of the massacre, and the women were waiting for the same awful death; waiting amid anguish untold; waiting in pain and starvation, but waiting heroically—when, one day, Have lock and Outram and Norman and Sir David Baird, and Peel, the heroes of the English army—huzza for them!—broke in on that horrid scene, and while yet the guns were sounding, and while cheers were issuing from the starving, dying people on the one side, and from the travel-worn and powder-blackened soldiers on the other—right there, in front of the king's palace, there was such a scene of handshaking and embracing and boisterous joy as would utterly confound the pen of the poet and the pencil of the painter. And no wonder, when these emaciated women, who had suffered so heroically for Christ's sake, marched out from their incarcerations, one wounded English soldier got up in his fatigue and wounds and leaned against the wall, and threw his cap up and shouted, "Three cheers, my boys, for the brave women!" Oh! that was an exciting scene. But a gladder and more triumphant scene will it be when you come up into heaven from the conflicts and incarcerations of this world, streaming with the wounds of battle, and wan with hunger; and while the hosts of God are cheering their great hosanna, you will strike hands of congratulation and eternal deliverance in the presence of the throne. On that night there will be bonfires on every hill of heaven, and there will be illumination in every palace, and there will be a candle in every window—ah, no; I forget, I forget; they will have no need of the candle or the sun, for the Lord God giveth them light, and they shall reign forever and ever. Hail! hail! sons and daughters of the Lord God Almighty.

A Fool Once More.

For ten years my wife was confined to her bed with such a complication of ailments that no doctor could tell what was the matter or cure her, and I used up a small fortune in humbug stuff. Six months ago I saw a U. S. flag with Hop Bitters on it, and I thought I would be a fool once more. I tried it, but my folly proved to be wisdom. Two bottles cured her, she is now as well and strong as any man's wife, and it cost me only two dollars. Such folly pays. —H. W., Detroit, Mich.—Free Press.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

—I hereby announce myself as a candidate for State Treasurer, subject to the Democratic nomination. E. W. MILLER.
Buena Vista, Ga., July 12th, 1880.
263 july16—dtil4thaug

—The friends of D. N. SPEER, of Troup county, announce him as a candidate for the office of State Treasurer, subject to the action of the Democratic Convention. 31 apr3—dtde

For Comptroller General.

—I announce myself as a candidate for the office of Comptroller General, subject to nomination by the State Democratic Convention.
94 june6—dtd W. P. McCLATCHY.

For Mayor.

—Atlanta abounds with substantial evidence that Mr. HANNIBAL I. KIMBALL would make a practical, progressive, energetic Mayor. His name is therefore hereby presented for that office at the next election, by
256 june13—dtf MANY FRIENDS.

For Council.

—The friends of JACK W. JOHNSON announce him a candidate to represent the Fourth Ward in the City Council of Atlanta.
123 july7—dtde

—Dr. A. J. PINSON is hereby announced a candidate for Councilman from the First Ward. July 22, 1880—dtd MANY FRIENDS.

For Council.

—The friends of R. H. KNAPP announce him as a candidate to represent the Second Ward in the City Council of Atlanta. july25—dtd

For Alderman.

—ROBERT J. LOWRY is announced as a candidate for Alderman at the ensuing election
527 june27—dtde sun

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Atlanta Health Institute

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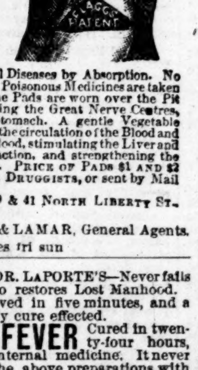

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BONDS, STOCKS AND MONEY.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE, Atlanta, July 24, 1880.

The following prices are quotable to-day:

EXCHANGE—
Buying at ... ⅛ | Selling ... ⅛ prem

BONDS—			
Georgia 6s	105@107	Macon City	85@ 90
Georgia 7s	108@110	Columbus City	72@ 75
Ga. 7s gold	109@111	Ga. R. R. 6s	100@102
Georgia 8s	114@115	Central R. R. 7s	106@108
Western R.R. of Ala. 1st m'tge	108@110	W. & A. RR. Lessees; 10 per ct. income bonds	115@120
Atlanta 6s	99@101	Ala. Class A 2 to 5	60@ 62
Atlanta W'r 7s	105@107	do. Class A small	60@ 62
Atlanta City 7s	105@107	do. Class B 5s	88@ 90
Atlanta City 8s	110@114	do. Class C 2 to 5	70@ 72
Atlanta 10s	114@116		
Augusta City 7s	104@106		
Sav. City 5s, new	75@ 77		
STOCKS—			
Georgia R. R	94@ 96	South Wes R.R.	102@104
Central R. R	83@ 85	Atlanta St. R.R.	102@105
A. & W. P. R. R.	110@112		

We quote long dates: short dates are lower.

By Telegraph.

NEW YORK, July 24.—Noon—Stocks strong. Money 2@2½. Exchange—long $4.82; short $4.83¾. Governments steady. State Bonds dull.

Evening.—Money 2@2½. Exchange $4.82. Governments strong; new fives 103⅝; four and a half per cents 111⅛; four per cents 109⅝. State Bonds quiet and firm.

Stocks closed irregular and generally strong.

N. Y. Central	132	Louisville & Nash.	121¼
Erie	43	Chicago & N.W.	94⅝
Lake Shore	107⅞	do. Preferred	113¾
Illinois Central	106	Rock Island	108⅝
N. C. & St. L.	67	Western Union	106⅝
Pittsburg	121		
BONDS—			
Ala. Class A to 5	59	Ala. Class B 5s	80
do. Class A small	60	do. Class C 2 to 5	72
Sub-treasury balances:			
Coin	$87,991,587	Currency	$7,658,830

PARIS, July 24—4:00 p. m.—Rentes 85f. 20c.
LONDON, July 24.—noon—Erie 44⅞.

THE COTTON MARKET.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE, Atlanta, July 24, 1880.

New York—The future market has been more active this week, especially during the middle and latter part, though for to-day the months continued more quiet and steady. The tendency of the market is to a lower range of prices, and while its condition develops no panicky feeling, yet much lower prices is generally predicted. This conclusion is probably the result of the general crop reports from all over the country, which are favorable to an immense yield. The decline thus far has been by no means a serious affair, and a gradual dropping off is what most persons expect to see. Sales have been much better this week, and now that some of the leading speculators have again become interested, we can from this time on look for a more active market in futures. Compared with the closing quotations of a week ago the months have sustained losses amounting to 10@25 points. Spots—The market remains for the most part steady, though quotations within the past few days have been subject to a moderate decline, which is about in keeping with the decline in futures. To-day spots are dull; middlings 11 11-16c. Net receipts for the week ending to-day amount to 12,962 bales, against 10,282 bales last week and against 3,782 bales for the corresponding week last year; exports for the week 24,077 bales; net re-ceipts to-day 2,665 bales; exports 3,580 bales; stock 213,598 bales; sales to-day for future delivery 58,000 bales.

Liverpool—Futures closed quiet. Spots—Uplands 6 13-16d; Orleans 6 15-16d; sales to-day 5,000 bales, of which 4,200 bales were American; receipts 2,200; American 2,100.

The local cotton market is quiet and business for the week has been rather moderate. The demand is confined chiefly to better grades; lower grades are dull; we quote middlings 10¾c; low middlings 10⅜c; good ordinary 9⅝c.

COTTON FUTURES.

The following table shows the fluctuations of cotton in New York to-day:

NEW YORK, July 24, 1880.

TIME.	JULY.	AUG.	SEPT.	OCT.	NOV.	DEC.	JAN.	FEB.	MARCH.
10:13	11.31	11.27@11.28	10.87@10.88	10.50@10.52	10.38@10.40	10.39@10.40	10.46@10.49	10.57@10.60	10.67@10.75
10:22	11.33@11.34	11.28@11.29	10.88@10.89	10.51@10.53	10.39@10.40	10.40@10.41	10.47@10.48	10.58@10.60	10.70
11:20	11.37@11.39	11.33@11.34	10.93@10.94	10.55@10.56	10.42@10.43	10.42@10.44			
12:10	11.39@11.40	11.34@11.35	10.94@10.95	10.56@10.57	10.42@10.44	10.43@10.44			
12:58	11.39@11.41	11.34@11.35	10.94@10.95	10.56@10.57	10.43@10.44	10.44@10.45	10.51@10.53	10.64@10.65	10.72
2:25	11.37@11.38	11.33@11.34	10.92@10.93	10.54@10.55	10.41@10.43	10.42@10.43	10.50@10.52	10.61@10.61	

Closed barely steady; sales 58,000 bales.

By Telegraph.

LIVERPOOL, July 24.—noon—Cotton dull and easier; middling uplands 6 13-16; middling Orleans 6 15-16; receipts 2,200 bales, American 2,100; sales 5,000; speculation and export 1,000; futures, uplands low middling clause July and August delivery 6 21-32; August and September delivery 6 19-32; September and October delivery 6⅜; October and November delivery 6 3-16; November and December delivery 6 3-32; futures opened weaker; sellers at last night's prices.

LIVERPOOL, July 24—2:00 p. m.—Sales of American 4,200 bales; futures closed quiet.

NEW YORK, July 24.—Cotton dull; middling uplands 11 11-16; middling Orleans 11 13-16; sales to-day 78 bales; last evening 49; net receipts 82; gross 82; consolidated net receipts 2,665; exports to Great Britain 3,580.

SAVANNAH, July 24.—Cotton easy; middling 11; low middlings 10⅝; good ordinary 9⅝; net receipts 321 bales; gross —; sales none; stock 5,814; exports coastwise 123.

NEW ORLEANS, July 24.—Cotton dull and easy; middlings 11⅜; low middlings 10¾; good ordinary 9⅞; net receipts 583 bales; gross 789; sales 600; stock 55,291; exports to Great Britain 2,300.

AUGUSTA, July 24.—Cotton quiet; middlings 11; low middlings 10⅝; good ordinary 8¾; net receipts 136 bales; shipments —; sales 62.

CHARLESTON July 24—Cotton quiet; middlings 11¼; low middlings 11; good ordinary 10¼; net receipts 315 bales; gross —; sales 25; stock 2,416.

PROVISIONS, GRAIN, ETC.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE, Atlanta, July 24, 1880.

CHICAGO FUTURES.

The following table shows the fluctuations in wheat, corn, clear rib sides, mess pork and lard.

CHICAGO, July 24, 1880.

TIME	WHEAT. AUG.	WHEAT. SEPT.	CORN. AUG.	CORN. SEPT.	C. R. SIDES. AUG.	C. R. SIDES. SEPT.	MESS PORK. AUG.	MESS PORK. SEPT.	LARD. AUG.	LARD. SEPT.
9:30	89⅜	86⅜	35⅝	35⅜	7 12½	7 12½	$15 05	$14 75	6 97½	7 00
9:55	89⅛	86⅜	35½	35	7 12½	7 12½	15 07	14 75	6 97½	7 00
10:16	89⅜	86¼	35⅜	35⅜	7 12½	7 12½	15 00	14 92½	6 97½	7 00
10:30	89¼	86⅛	35½	35⅜	7 07½	7 07½	15 00	14 92½	6 97½	7 00
11:00	89⅛	86⅛	35⅛	35⅜	7 07½	7 07½	14 90	14 92½	6 90	7 00
11:15	88⅞	86¼	35⅛	35⅛	7 07½	7 07½	14 90	14 92½	6 90	7 00
11:45	89⅛	86¼	35⅛	34⅞	7 07½	7 07½	14 90	14 92½	6 90	7 00
12:06	88⅞	86¼	35¼	35⅛	7 07½	7 07½	14 90	14 87½	6 90	7 00
12:16	88⅝	86⅛	35	35⅛	7 07½	7 07½	14 90	14 87½	6 90	7 00
12:26	88⅝	86	35	35	7 07½	7 07½	14 90	14 87½	6 90	7 00
12:42	88⅜	86	35	35	7 07½	7 07½	14 97½	14 97½	6 95	7 00
12:46	88⅝	86	35	35	7 07½	7 07½	14 97½	14 97½	6 95	7 00
1:02	88⅛	86	35	35	7 07½	7 07½	14 97	14 85	6 95	7 00

Flour and Grain.

CHICAGO, July 24.—Flour dull and nominal. winter wheat $4.50@$5.77; Minnesota $5.00@$6.25. Wheat dull; No. 2 red winter 92½; No. 2 Chicago spring 91@91½ cash; 86 September; No. 3 do. 80@84. Corn dull; 35¾ cash and July; 35 August and September. Oats dull; No. 2 25 cash and July; 22¾ August.

ST. LOUIS, July 24—Flour easy; double extra $3.50@$3.85; treble $4.25@$4.50; family $4.60@$4.80; choice to fancy $5.00@$5.30. Wheat active and lower; No. 2 red fall 90@90⅛ cash; 88⅝@88¾ August; 88⅝ September. Corn lower; 36¼ cash; 34½ bid August. Oats lower; 24¾ cash; 21@21¼ August.

LOUISVILLE, July 24—Flour steady; family $3.75@4.25; extra $3.25@$3.75; choice to fancy $6.00@$6.25. Wheat quiet at 90. Corn steady and firm; No. 2 white 42½@43. Oats dull; No. 2 white 30@31.

Provisions.

LOUIS[illegible] [illegible] excited and higher at $14[illegible] Bulk me[illegible]

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FEES, payable in advance—In the Academic Department, $65; Biblical, $15; Law, $100; Medical, $65; Pharmaceutical, $65; Dental, $90. BOARD, with furnished lodgings, from $14 to $20 a month. Six Scholarships, $100 each, are annually awarded to successful undergraduates. Three Graduate Fellowships, at $300 each, and one Post Graduate Fellowship, at $500, annually awarded. For Catalogue, address
L. C. GARLAND, Chancellor
530 june27—w2m july18—dlm sun thur

ATTENTION, BOYS!
King's Mountain High School,
Kings Mountain, N. C.

A CLASSICAL AND MATHEMATICAL School with an optional Military Department. No healthier location any where. Number of students last session 149. Students from two States and over forty different counties. Board and Tuition per session of five months $62.50. Uniform $14 50. Send for Catalogue.
W. T. R. BELL, Principal.
91 july6 d2taw3w—tues sun

Wesleyan Female Institut[illegible]
STAUNTON, VIRGINIA,
[illegible]PENS ITS 21st SESSION SEPTEMBER 2[illegible] 1880. Among the first Schools for you[illegible] the United States. Climate unsurp[illegible] beautiful. [illegible] WEST TER[illegible]

EDUCATIONAL.

Washington and Lee U[illegible]
LEXINGTON, [illegible]
Gen. G. W. C. LEE, P[illegible]

FULL COURSES IN CLASSICA[illegible]ry and Scientific studies, includ[illegible] the professional degrees of Civil [illegible] and of Law.
TERMS:—Tuition and other fee[illegible] Departments $70. Board, Lodging [illegible] month, from $12 to $20.
The next session begins September [illegible] June 22d, 1881.
For other particulars apply to J. L. CAMPBELL, Clerk of [illegible] Lex[illegible]
286 july22—deodlm fri sun wed

NASHVILLE COLLEGE fo[illegible] LADIES, Nashville, Tenn.
W. F. PRICE, D. D. (late of Ala.), Pre[illegible] advantages, especially in Music, Art, [illegible] Literature. Refer to Bp. McTyeire, Pre[illegible] Trustees Vanderbilt Univ. Send for [illegible] for session beginning Sept. 1, 1880.
272 july16 dim—fri sun wed&w4t

SOUTHERN
Home School for G[illegible]
197 and 199 Charles Stre[illegible]
BALTIMORE, [illegible]
Mrs. W. M. CARY, Miss [illegible]

ESTABLISHED 1842. FRENC[illegible] Language of the School.
182 june1—d2taw3m june wed fri sun

The Misses Washington[illegible]
THE FALL SESSION OF THIS [illegible] will commence on the first Monda[illegible] tember, at No. 145 Ivy street, Atlanta[illegible] will be supplied to parties desiring the[illegible] ences—W. Rhode Hill, Esq., Rev. R. [illegible] Dr. H. S. Wilson, Messrs. Gramling & [illegible] and Gen. W. S. Walker.
july17 deuntill aug15—thendlm

MRS. SYLVANUS REE[illegible]
BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FO[illegible] LADIES, Nos. 6 and 8 East 53d St., New [illegible] opens Sept. 29. The course of [illegible] Collegiate Departme t meets all de[illegible] the higher education of Women.
260 july15—d2taw3m thur sun

ROANOKE COLLEGE, Sale[illegible]
TWENTY-EIGHTH SESSION BEGI[illegible] 8th. Classical, Scientific, Elect[illegible] Preparatory Courses. Library, 16,000[illegible] Climate unsurpassed (town 1,100 feet [illegible] level.) Churches of five denominations. [illegible] expenses for 10 months, from $160 to $2[illegible] ing college fees, board, fuel, lights and [illegible] Students from sixteen States [illegible] Address SECRETARY OF FACULTY.
14 july3—dlm sun wed fri &wkylm

SELECT SCHOOL
No. 241 Ivy Street, Atlan[illegible]
MISS JUNIA McKINLEY, P[illegible] Fall term begins Monday, Augu[illegible] perior advantages, and moderate rate[illegible]
383 july22 d2awtillsep—thur sun

WESLEYAN FEMALE C[illegible]
Macon, Georg[illegible]
WILL BEGIN ITS FORTY-THIRD SESSION ON
WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER [illegible]
HEALTH, ECONOMY, THOROUG[illegible] ing and the best advantage[illegible] Science, Art and Music, at moderate [illegible] mend it to the public.
Apply for Catalogue to W. C. BASS, Pre[illegible] C. W. [illegible]
267 july16—d2mo

UNIVERSITY OF T[illegible]
Knoxville, [illegible]
FULL COURSES IN SCIENCE [illegible] Special Courses in AGRICULT[illegible] ENGINEERING, APPLIED CHEMI[illegible] CIAL BUSINESS, and NORMAL [illegible] Teachers. Military Drill.
Expenses, including Tuition [illegible] year, in advance. Board $8.00 to $10 [illegible] state and Normal Students ex[illegible] tuition. Reduced or free Transp[illegible] application.
Session opens September 2. Add[illegible] Rev. THOS. W[illegible]
247 july14—dlm &wlt

VIRGINIA FEMALE IN[illegible]
Staun[illegible]
[illegible]

... AND WEATHER.

...ling uplands, closed in Liverpool ...13-16d; in New York, 11 1-16c; in ...

...Service Bureau report indicates ...day, partly cloudy weather, occa... southerly winds, stationary or ...ature, nearly stationary barometer.

...ly Weather Report.

...Office, Signal Corps, U. S. A.
...mball House, July 24, 10:31, P. M.
...ons taken at the same moment of ...

Barometer.	Thermometer.	Humidity Prof.	Wind Direction.	Wind Force.	Rainfall.	Weather
30.02	75	72	S. E.	Fresh	.00	Cloudy.
30.10	76	86	......	Calm	.00	Fair.
30.13	75	72	E.	Gent	.00	Clear.
30.05	80	70	E.	Gent	.00	Clear.
30.05	81	70	E.	Brisk	.00	Clear.
30.12	84	71	S.	Gent	.00	Fair.
30.09	77	86	......	......	†	....
30.10	75	85	S. E.	Gent	.08	Fair
30.07	79	82	S.	Gent	.00	Fair.
30.07	85	82	N.	Fresh	.00	Fair.
30.09	78	91	......	Calm	1 02	Fair.

...cent. being complete saturation.
...ough to measure.
...Force of Wind: Light, 1 to 2 miles inclusive; Gentle, 3 to 5, inclusive; ... 4, inclusive; Brisk, 15 to 29, inclusive; ... 39, inclusive.

Weather Report.

ATLANTA, GA., July 24, 1880.

Barometer.	Thermometer.	Humidity.	Wind Direction.	Wind Force.	Rainfall.	Weather.
30.07	65	94	N. E.	Gentle	.00	Fair.
30.08	76	64	N. E.	Gentle	.00	Cloudy.
30.01	81	52	N. E.	Gentle	.00	Fair.
29.99	81	49	N. E.	Gentle	.00	Fair.
30.03	75	72	S. E.	Gentle	.00	Cloudy.
30.02	75	72	S. E.	Fresh	.00	Cloudy.

...ily bar......	30.018	Maximum ther.....	.83
...ly ther.....	74.5	Minimum ther.....	.64
...ly humid.	71.3	Total rainfall........	.00

H. HALL,
Corporal Signal Corps, U. S. A.

REFRIGERATORS, BEER COOLERS, ATLANTA MADE.
...NEARLY HALF THE ICE. CALL AT
...ED'S CHINA PALACE.
...am Freezers, Water Coolers, Fly Fans.
...dly un we rep above pref lo

PREFERRED LOCALS.

...Light-Running
...DOMESTIC"
...wing Machine
...erior to any other make known in ...et. It will LAST LONGER. It ...TER WORK. It RUNS EASIER. ...UARANTEED.
...n Distributing Agency, ...Whitehall St., Atlanta, Ga.
...aria—dif

...S' & GENTS' WATCHES,
...and Opera Chains,
...18k Gold Rings, Seals,
...ust received at
...STEVENS & CO.'S,
...4 Whitehall street.
...4—dly

SO WE LEARN.

...e railroad men are smiling.

...didates for the legislature are show... ...ir heads.

... was filled with excursionists

...Athens excursion leaves for home ... morning.

... Lathrop patent mosquito net frame ...want a good one.

...work of putting another story on ...ional hotel has commenced.

...planing mills are overstocked with ...

...gates to the convention are writing ...e rooms.

...H. Knapp is announced in another ...as a candidate for council from the ...ward.

...m Jack's soda fount parties desiring ...mineral waters, beer, mead, or de... ...yrups can be supplied.

...Air-Line seems to be partial to ...olored coaches. Yesterday their ...rain was made up of cars of that ...

... keeps two handsome delivery wa... ...tly employed delivering his ex... ...bread and cake.

... are informed by a gentleman just ...ewton that the crops in that section ...ooked finer.

...sse Jernigan has been released from ...Judge Clark because of the fact that ...osecutor in the case failed to put in an ...ance.

...xtension-top phætons, top and open ...s, finest grades, at reduced figures ...ck. Come and get a bargain. Curtis ...tzell, 85 Peachtree street.

... Stainback Wilson, 14 Loyd street, ...prescriptions all over the south, and ...utation is constantly increasing here ...sewhere.

...l persons who desire to contract for ...ing meals to the citizen soldiery in ...next October, should apply at once ...Amos Fox, 11 Alabama street.

...dies who desire delicious ice cream, ...by courteous and neat attendants, in ...pleasant room will find these things ...k's, Peachtree street.

...the case of Mrs. Dennis Murphy time ...en given counsel for the preparation ...otion for a new trial, and in the mean... ...Mrs. Murphy has been given her lib... ...n a bond for her appearance at the ...time.

...e again call attention to Neuralgine, ...he only known specific for neuralgia ...eadache. All who suffer will do well ...it a trial. Hutchison & Bro., pro... ...rs, 14 Whitehall street, Atlanta.

...moking is a great privilege, but to ...a good cigar is a greater one. This ... smoking the Gate City ... Price, strictly five cents. ...y Hutchison & Bro., 14 Whitehall ... 25-1w

... Bros. have increased the ca... ...of their mills by the addition of im... ...machinery to one hundred and fifty ...daily. They hope now to be ...supply the demand for their popu... ...of flour.

...e take pleasure in calling attention to ...ate City Guard cigar. It is of fine ...draws well, and gives a first-class ... Our popular company, "The Gate ...uard," may well congratulate itself ...e cigar bearing its name has given ...eneral satisfaction to the smoking ... This cigar can be had at Hutchi... ...Bro.'s, 14 Whitehall street.

WATERING PLACE NOTES.

...R. H. Knapp is spending the sum... ...Toronto, Canada.

...S. W. Small and children left yes... ...for White Sulphur springs.

...family of A. J. Orme left yester... ...White Sulphur springs.

...Misses Foreacre, daughters of G. J. ...left yesterday for New Holland.

... Hall, of Columbus, passed ...ta yesterday on his way to ...

...lle and R. S. Terry, of the ... Selden & Co. left yester... ...urg, Va.

...e Alexander, Miss Mattie ... Miss S. H. Alexander, of ... in the city yesterday on ...e springs.

...S. DuBose and Mrs. C. W. Du... ...Sparta, were in Atlanta yesterday ...way to the resorts near Gaines...

... Griffin and lady, of Knoxville; ... Warren, of Kirkwood; F. W. ...D. Ellis and wife, and Frank ...ft yesterday for Catoosa.

...contest yesterday between Relief ...No. 2, of Athens, and Blue ... the latter made ...ed water ...y made

... have a ... these ...

...abam, of ...lief was ...

THE SISTERS' HOSPITAL.

"Hospital Sunday."

EDITORS CONSTITUTION: Knowing, as I do, your liberality, as well as your readiness to aid everything of a public character which promises to prove beneficial, I take the liberty of taxing your valuable columns with a word or two on the subject of "The Sisters' Hospital," an institution which is already filling a great public need, and alleviating much suffering on the part of poor humanity. So modestly has this important institution been inaugurated and conducted during its short existence, that many, very many, in our midst are not even aware of its existence, whilst many others labor under the delusion that it is conducted in denominational interests. That the latter is a mistake, let some of its inmates, and rested, discharged patients, testify, for the "Sisters of Mercy" here or elsewhere have never been known to ask an applicant for admission to their hospital, "what was his or her creed." To get at the point at once, it is impossible for the noble women who conduct this great charity to do so without pecuniary aid, and in order to guarantee its permanence in our midst, it occurs to me that the necessary steps should be taken to make it so, and in this connection I beg modestly to submit the following as one of many means by which that end may be attained:

In London, I have learned, that the clergymen of the various denominations on one occasion met and designated one certain Sunday in the year which took the name of "Hospital Sunday," upon which day the collections in the various churches were set apart as an hospital fund. This fund has been of incalculable benefit to these institutions, and goes far towards being their main stay. Perhaps not in a city in the English-speaking world has the need of an hospital been felt more keenly than in Atlanta, and rarely has it been the good fortune of any city to have her first hospital started under such favorable auspices. The very presence of the devoted ladies who are at its head is a guarantee of the kindest and most intelligent nursing. Yet, how is this to be accomplished if the superior of the institution, after having been up all night in her work of mercy, is compelled upon the following day to go from house to house soliciting the means for its support? and such has been the case. It is indeed refreshing, however, to everybody to know that if a poor person living in our midst, or passing through the city, meets with an accident or becomes desperately ill, there is a real home—a respectable retreat provided for them—where, if not able to pay, they are sure of as kind treatment, and as certain of receiving any comfort as if they had abundant means at their disposal. It has been my fortune to observe two cases which have been successfully treated in this hospital within the past two months, both of which I conscientiously believe would have died were it not for the means of recovery which the hospital (under heaven) furnished.

I make the above suggestion about the practice in London with a view to its being followed in Atlanta, in which event I believe sufficient funds would be raised at least to guarantee a permanency of the "Sisters' Hospital."

Thanking you for the privilege of your columns, am very respectfully,

JOHN KEELY.

A HOME INSTITUTION.

That is What the National Surgical Institute is Made at Last.

For years the National Surgical Institute has been the model institution of the south. THE CONSTITUTION has indorsed it in the fullest terms, as have our best citizens without exception.

We emphasize our indorsement this morning as we learn that Dr. C. L. Wilson has purchased the Atlanta institution, and will in the future have control.

R. H. Boland, who is interested with the doctor in the purchase, will continue at the head of the business department, while J. C. Allensworth, whose ability in the mechanical line is so well known, will remain as before at the head of his department.

By their purchase it becomes an Atlanta institution in every sense of the word and more than ever entitled to the support of our people, and with Dr. Allensworth in charge of the mechanical department have made a wonderful success and given universal satisfaction.

Lying on the Track.

Yesterday morning at an early hour, as one of the trains of the Atlanta and West Point railroad was coming into the city near West End the engine struck a negro lying upon the track and threw him some distance to the side of the right of way. The train was stopped and the negro picked up and brought to the city. When the train reached the depot the negro was placed in one of Ballard's transfer wagons and sent to the house of Jake Morris, a colored man on Forsyth street. Dr. H. V. M. Miller was sent for by L. P. Grant, superintendent of the Atlanta and West Point railroad, and the injuries of the wounded man looked after.

Upon examination it was found that he was injured internally, which injures are thought will prove of a fatal character. The name of the negro is not known, as he is too badly injured to either give it or tell why he was lying on the track. It is thought that he was asleep when the engine struck him. We are informed that a few nights since while a train was coming in a negro was found asleep on the track near the same locality, and that the train was stopped before it reached the unconscious form and the negro made to get up and leave. Probably the negro injured yesterday was the same one found asleep upon the track and who was discovered in time to save his life.

School Books.

EDITORS CONSTITUTION: Every parent knows by hard experience the expense of supplying his children with necessary school-books. Even under our splendid system of public schools, the tax is heavy to men of moderate means. But we do not complain, because we are anxious to comply with the rules made in the interest of our children and to insure their progress. It is rumored that a considerable change in some of the books now in use is being worked up, or is contemplated. We do not believe our excellent board will countenance anything of the kind, except in case where books are found to be poor ones. In that event we will be glad to have better ones. We work hard for our money and we look to the board to protect us against the expense of any change not required absolutely by the best interests of the schools.

F. A. HILLBURN,
T. J. MALONE,
C. C. KERNODLE,
W. G. WHIDBY,
W. L. JONES,
J. L. RICHMOND,
and other patrons of public schools.

After the Postal Delinquents.

By a dispatch to Captain John Frey, chief postoffice inspector of the Atlanta division, we are advised of the arrest, on the 23d instant, by Inspector Redmond, of J. L. Selleck, postmaster at Zedbury, South Carolina, on a charge of improperly disposing of postage stamps and making false returns to the department. He waived examination before U. S. Commissioner Hutchinson, at Charleston, and gave bail in the sum of $350 for his appearance.

Postoffice Inspector H. Booth telegraphs from Mobile, 24th instant, to Captain Frey of the arrest of W. H. Felts, of Millroy, Alabama, on a charge of being accessory before the fact to the robbing of the mail by John S. Mayton, arrested on the 21st instant. Felts was taken to Mobile and committed to jail, in default of $500 bail, for trial.

Climbing the Ladder of Life.

Fulton county has 547 inhabitants over 70 years old; 130 over 80 years; 38 over 90 years; 15 over 100 years, and 2 over 110 years. There are 11 for whom the enumerators have given no age. We presume they were widows and would not tell, or so old they had forgotten.

YOUR NAME IS HERE.

—Tinsley W. Rucker, of Athens, is in the city.

—J. M. Pace, of Covington, was in Atlanta yesterday.

—W. D. Barker and wife, of Rutledge, visited Atlanta yesterday.

—Amos T. Akerman and wife, of Cartersville, are in the city.

—J. L. LaSarte and W. L. Brown, of Augusta, are in the city.

—G. H. Drake, of Griffin, was in Atlanta yesterday.

—W. H. Chase, of Washington, is on a visit to Atlanta.

—R. M. Hodge, of Hawkinsville, is on a visit to Atlanta.

—Frank P. Gray, of Cartersville, was in Atlanta yesterday.

—G. R. Kellogg and T. B. Paine, of Newnan, are in the city.

—F. J. Jenkins and A. W. Shepherd, of Columbus, were in Atlanta yesterday.

—J. L. Sweat and J. Simmons, of Homerville, delegates to the gubernatorial convention, are in Atlanta.

—Miss Blanche Harden, of Rome, is visiting the family of Mr. Bob Dohme, on Peachtree street.

—R. M. Gann, of Opelika, is in the city, on his way to the summer resorts of the north.

—Colonel B. F. Whitner and wife, from Sanford, Fla., is now in the city stopping with his brother, Maj J. C. Whitner ... Pryor street.

—Henry Banks, of LaGrange, wa... city yesterday. His friends spen... or two trying to ... wrinkles out of ... our last ad...

OUR COLORED VISITORS.

Entertainments in Their Honor.

The colored excursion from Athens brought nearly one thousand colored citizens whose visit to Atlanta was the occasion of much enjoyment to themselves and their friends here. Friday night the Governor's Volunteers gave an exhibition drill at the city hall in honor of their friends. Captain Jackson McHenry and Lieutenant Hill had trained the company to admirable perfection. Their drilling was very fine and was applauded by the dense crowd which witnessed it. After the regular drill, Sergeants Turner, Prudin, Pullen and Thomas went through the silent drill in a manner that called forth the highest commendation. The Volunteers won quite a fame Friday night. Yesterday afternoon the Atlanta military turned out in honor of the city's visitors. The Atlanta Light Infantry, in the absence of Captain Wiley, was commanded by Lieutenant Simonton and numbered twenty men. The Capital Guards, under Captain Wimbish, had out about twenty men.

The Governor's Volunteers, Captain McHenry in command, had twenty-two men in full uniform.

The Washington Guards, under Captain Turner, made a fine show with thirty men.

Then came the Athens cornet band, which furnished elegant music. Relief fire company of Athens followed with forty able bodied men, and then came Blue Eagle No. 6, of Atlanta.

The procession moved through the principal streets, and in the presence of thousands of admiring friends. It halted in front of the capitol, where, before a huge crowd, a friendly contest occurred between the fire companies. Relief ran 200 yards, connected with the plug and threw water in 28 seconds, but Blue Eagle "took the cake" by performing the same in 27 seconds amid loud cheers. There was then an individual contest of speed in which Isaiah Graham, of Blue Eagle, entered against Dock Strickland, of Relief, and beat him a 200 yard run. Another race of the same kind resulted in a victory for Relief.

The military companies formed into a battalion in front of the capitol, with Captain Wimbish acting major, and Lieutenant Simonton adjutant. The dress parade was finely conducted and much enjoyed by 2,000 spectators. The Athens excursionists will return home to-morrow. They have enjoyed their stay in Atlanta very much. There has never been a better behaved excursion to the city, and we will be glad to welcome the colored people of Athens again. There is to be a grand military and firemen's contest among the colored people here on the 9th of August, with prizes for various feats. Excursions from Athens and other points will bring thousands to participate in the fun.

THE SWAMP FOX

Turns Up in Alabama and Catches a Transom-Smasher.

On the night of the 15th of July while some little negro boys were hunting along the line of the Western road of Alabama, one of them, Miles Hill by name, threw a rock at a passing passenger train and smashed into smithereens a beautiful blue transom. Of course nobody knew who did it because the rock came from the dark woods. But Mr. Cecil Gabbett, the manager of the road, wished to find out, and in order to do it dispatched for Detective William Jones, of this city, to come down and ferret out the case in hand, and after some neat work caught the young rascal. Miles Hill is under 14, and under the laws of Alabama could not be prosecuted. So the proper authorities administered to him a flogging with hickory withes—a flogging so wholesome that he will not be apt to rock blue transoms in future—that is, not very apt.

Georgia Military Institute Association of Ex-Cadets.

Pursuant to an invitation extended by a committee of citizens of Marietta to the alumni and all ex-cadets of the Georgia military institute, to attend a reunion and banquet, a number of these gentlemen, representing every section of the state, assembled in the court-house at Marietta, at 4 o'clock p m., July 22, 1880

Upon motion of Colonel H. D. Capers, a temporary organization was effected by calling Captain John Milledge to the chair and requesting Captain R. H. Atkinson to act as secretary.

Mr. W. I. Clark offered the following resolution which was adopted:

Resolved, That the members of the former Georgia military institute do now proceed to form an organization to be styled the "Association of ex-Cadets of the Georgia Military Institute."

Mr. R. A. Bacon moved that a committee be appointed to prepare business for the meeting.

The chairman designated for this purpose Messrs. R. A. Bacon, Bayard McIntosh, W. P. McClatchey, W. K. Root, Tyler Cooper and J. T. Ware.

This committee reported the following preamble and resolutions, which were unanimously adopted:

Whereas, It is the desire of this association of ex-cadets of the Georgia military institute that earnest efforts be made to re-establish that institution, which has in the past done so much toward illustrating Georgia, and cherishing, as we do, a sacred affection for our alma mater, we desire her restoration, not alone to meet the impulse of a sentiment, but, as in our judgment, the best means of securing a complete physical and intellectual discipline and of inculcating the truest conceptions of duty and of fixing habits of obedience to law and authority, which we regard as now, more than ever, the first and essential elements of good citizenship.

Therefore be it resolved, That an organization be perfected by electing a president, five vice-presidents, and a secretary and treasurer.

Resolved, That a committee of three be appointed by the president to draft a constitution and by-laws

Resolved, That a committee of ten be appointed as an executive committee.

Resolved, That every ex-cadet, wherever residing, be urged to co-operate with us and to forward his name for enrollment as a member of this association, to the secretary and treasurer.

Under the first resolution the following officers were elected: President—Captain John Milledge, of Fulton; Vice-Presidents—General R. H. Anderson, of Chatham; Major Frank Jones, of Early; Hon. H. D. D. Twiggs, of Richmond; Hon. T. W. Milner, Bartow; Col. C. M. Wiley, of Bibb; Secretary and Treasurer—Captain R. H. Atkinson, of Fulton.

The president appointed the following committee to draft a constitution and by-laws: Messrs. W. P. McClatchey, W. I. Clark, R. A. Bacon.

The appointment of the executive committee was deferred in order to give all ex-cadets throughout the country an opportunity to enroll their names as members of this association, and from that roster to select the number specified.

It was resolved that the next meeting of the association be held in Atlanta, Ga., between the 18th and 24th of October, and that the secretary and treasurer give notice of same by advertisement.

Resolved, That the thanks of this meeting be tendered the citizens of Marietta, and especially the ladies, for their kindness and hospitality, which is so well known to all ex-cadets.

Resolved, That the press of this state and of all other states where ex-cadets of the Georgia military institute reside, be requested to give publicity to the procedings of this meeting.

The City Court.

The city court of Atlanta will meet in session Monday morning at 9 o'clock, with Hon Richard H. Clark on the bench, for the purpose of taking up the civil docket and trying such cases as can be disposed of at this term.

The following cases appear on the

TRIAL CALENDAR.

Goldsmith vs Lynch; Pace & Co. vs. Arbola; Ryman vs. Ferhune; Thompson vs. Stocking et al.; Baldwin S & P., and other cases, vs. West Edwards & Co.

Willie Wyatt.

Dr. Ridley, the attending physician upon Willie Wyatt, informs us that his patient is still rational and appears to be getting along without any change in his condition either way. His pulse is 72. Dr. Ridley says that the swelling about the eye nearest to where the ball entered is more swollen than it has been in some days past. Young Wyatt's appetite does not seem to be very materially affected by his condition. He sleeps well by the assistance of injections of morphine. Although it has been nearly two weeks since the occurrence, the symptoms are about the same; certainly no worse.

EDITORS CONSTITUTION: I see in your issue of the 24th an article (headed, Cheap Coal) which does injustice to me and the Soddy Creek mines which I represent in this market. I feel that you would not injure us intentionally and wrongfully, and, therefore, trust you will give me space to reply through your valuable paper. In the first place, you say very good steam coal is now being delivered here at a little over $3 00 per ton, that is correct for soddy coal; but you go further and say, "unfortunately, these steam coals are unfit for domestic uses," that is true for some steam coals, but is not true as to Soddy Creek coal or Montevallo (the latter I don't sell), which we sell at 16 cents per bushel for the best lump, and as to quality we refer to the Kimball house, surgical institute, Colonel P. L. Mynatt, Sheek & Co., Captain Grier, R. Schmidt, agent Central railroad, Frierson & Leak and many others of our best citizens who used it last season, and are buying again for this season. Mr. Kimbell says that there has only been a deduction of five per cent on freights since last year. Now, my arithmetic figures it differently. The facts are, these freights from Coal creek to this city last season were $3 60 per ton, the present rate $2.85 per ton, or seventy-five cents per ton less. As to the effort made by anybody except myself to reduce the price here, this is the first I have heard of it and I was in Knoxville last month, when the coal pool was organized there, and the combination prices for this season for the Atlanta market was fixed at the same time and place, or so reported to me by members of the pool there, and that the Atlanta price would be 21 cents by the car load and 26 cents from the yards in this city. These were to be the prices to consumers and in order to be certain and carry out these prices it was agreed that Coal Creek coal should only be sold by a certain and limited number of dealers in this city. Si... my ... home the above rumors h... ...rmed by similar statements ... ...ration and also...

Chamberlin, Boynton & Co.
TABLE LINENS, TOWELS, NAPKINS,
BLACK SILKS, COLORED SILKS, SUMMER SILKS,
Ladies', Misses', Children's and Gents' Hosiery.
GENTS', LADIES' & CHILDREN' SHOES & SLIPPERS
CARPETS,
LACE CURTAINS, LAMBREQUINS, WINDOW SHADES, OIL CLOTHS.
We offer the above lines of goods at greatly reduced prices for the next thirty days to make room for fall purchases. Call and examine them.
CHAMBERLIN, BOYNTON & CO.

GENERAL HANCOCK'S STORY

That He Told About General Francis A. Walker Yesterday.

All visitors to the headquarters of General Hancock on Governor's island are cordially received and hospitably entertained. In consequence the number of visitors is very large. Yesterday he received a host of callers in his genial way, and talked to all without restraint. He was questioned by one of his visitors as to when he would have his letter of acceptance written. The general did not seem to have heard the inquiry, but he was quick to catch a question as to his correspondence, and give it a prompt answer.

"Yes, I receive a great many letters," remarked the general to his group of attentive listeners, "and some very curious ones. I am very careful not to betray confidential correspondence, but a letter to which I am about to refer does not come under that head. It is a conundrum, in fact—a confederate colonel's conundrum."

"I hope you were able to answer the conundrum," interrupted one of the party.

"I will tell the story," continued the general, "It is the conundrum and the answer together. The fight at Reams' station was a severe one, and lasted from morning until night. The enemy outnumbered us about three to one, and had it not been for this fact I probably would never have had this story to tell. It resulted in the capture of one of my staff. He was a brave man, none more so, and an able man; very few in intellectual accomplishments surpassing him. My only regret is that I did not know him better at the time, as I could then have engaged him to write my reports. The fact is, I didn't have time to get acquainted with him so as to fully appreciate his merits, he was so persistently getting captured or wounded. Well, after his capture he was taken to Petersburg, and with other prisoners, put in a tobacco shed for safe keeping until he could be taken to Richmond. He managed to stow himself in a tierce and was left there, while his co-compatriots were marched off to the rebel capitol. In the darkness of the night he stole away, reached in safety the banks of the Appomattox, divesting himself of his clothing, plunged into the water and made for the opposite shore. It was destined that he should see Richmond before coming back to my camp. Instead of landing beyond the enemy's picket line, as he had calculated, he landed inside of it and was recaptured. Now my confederate correspondent, who had the good luck to capture him, has written me asking me to give his name, as he wants to renew his acquaintance and apologize for the suit he then presented him."

"Did you give his name?" eagerly asked one of the listeners, whose curiosity in the denouement was such that he did not wait for the general to finish.

"Why, of course I did, and I have no objection to telling you gentlemen. It was my adjutant general, Francis A. Walker."

"What, the superintendent of the census?"

"None other."

"The Yale college professor?"

"The same."

There will be a meeting of citizens on Monday evening at 3:00 o'clock, at Mayor Calhoun's office to perfect an arrangement to have a grand barbecue near Atlanta some time early in August. General Hancock, Senator Bayard, Samuel J. Tilden and Daniel Dougherty, who nominated Hancock at Cincinnati, and many other distinguished speakers from the north will be invited to be here. Big time expected.

The National Committee.

NEW YORK, July 24.—The executive committee of the national democratic committee held a meeting this afternoon at the rooms of the committee, 138 Fifth avenue. Messrs. Barnum, Burns, Jonas and Weed were present. A sub-committee on speakers, consisting of Senator William A. Wallace, Hon. Orester Cleveland and B. B. Smalley were appointed. A sub committee on documents was also appointed, and was composed of Hon. Abram S. Hewitt, William Pinckney White and B. M. Boyer, with General D. S. Waller as secretary. The committee is now in full working order.

There is no greater evidence of the merit of an article than the fact that it is being imitated and aped in every way possible. The Swift Specific company give notice of caution in another column. They also present the testimony of prominent dealers in the country on the subject of their S. S. S. The evidence on all sides, and from all parties, is so conclusive that no man can reasonably doubt it. If you do you had better call on them or drop them a line.

It is Strange

That when a young man takes a fancy to a girl and would fain win her to his heart and home, that he will not use every means to make himself attractive to her. Thousands are the cases where disappointments of this kind have been the result of this neglect, when they could have made themselves not only sound and healthy, but handsome and attractive, with a fine complexion and manly gait by the use of Smith's Scrofula Syrup. july25 d1t

David H. Dougherty.
My stock of fine white drill Drawers for Gents is very large, styles good and prices low. july25 d1t

CLOSING OUT THE RETAIL TRADE. BARGAINS IN EVERY DEPARTMENT, AT AUSTELL & MANGUM'S.
443 july25 d1t

Closing Quotation of Stocks and Bonds

NEW YORK, July 24.—The stock market was weak at the opening and fell off a fraction, but subsequently became strong and active and the prices advanced ¼ to 2½ per cent., Chicago, St. Louis and New Orleans, Lake Erie and Western, Coal and Granger shares, Pacific Mail and Denver and Rio Grande, leading in the upward movement. The speculation continued strong to the close, when there was a slight reaction in the sales to realize profits. The transactions aggregated 286,495 shares, including Delaware, Lackawana and Western 16,000; Delaware and Hudson 7,000; Denver and Rio Grande 6,700; Erie 30,800; Hanibal and St. Joe 8,000; Kansas and Texas 7000; Lake Shore 7,400; Northwest 6,800; Nashville and Chattanooga 3,500; New Jersey Central 13,000; North Pacific 8,500; Ohio and Mississippi 18,000; Pacific Mail 12,800; St. Paul 14,500; Wabash Pacific 25,800.

Georgia 6s	100	Michigan Central	92¼
Ga 7s mortg'e	110	St. Paul	84⅝
Ga do gold	110	Preferred	106⅝
Louisiana consols	45	Delaware & Lack.	85
North Carolina	27	N Jersey Central	75½
N Carolina new	18¼	Ohio & Miss.	35
Funding	10½	Mobile & Ohio	22¼
Special tax	3	Hannibal & St Joe	35¼
Tennessee	36	Union Pacific	91¾
Tennessee new	25	Houston & Texas	62
Virginia 6s	20	Pacific Mail	43¼
Virginia new	20	Adams Express	115
Consolidated	85	Wells & Fargo	105¼
Deferred	6¼	American	58¾
Panama	178	United States	48½
Fort Wayne	123	Consolidated coal	27
Chicago & Alton	112¾	Quicksilver	13¼
Harlem	180	Preferred	57¼
N. Y. Central	131	Pittsburg	121
Erie	43	Louisville & Nash	121¼
Lake Shore	107½	Chicago & N.W.	94⅝
Illinois Central	106	do. Preferred	113¾
N., C. & St. L.	67	Rock Island	108½
Western Union	105⅝		

Weekly Bank Statement.

NEW YORK July 24.—The weekly statement of the associated banks, issued from the clearing house to-day, shows the following changes:

Loans increase	$2,208,300
Specie decrease	1,556,600
Legal tenders decrease	564 200
Deposits decrease	968,500
Circulation decrease	25,200
Reserve increase	1,878.675

The banks hold now $16,592,600 in excess of requirement.

LONDON, July 24.—The Manchester Guardian in its commercial article this morning says: The prices are very firm, especially where the recent buying has been heaviest. There is not much fresh business in sight however, except at lowest rates. Home trade is more cheerful, but buying has not increased. The Indian demand is not quite so free as has been usual of late.

LONDON, July 24.—The Standard in its financial article this morning says: Nearly £200,000 in gold has been bought in the open market during the last few days for shipment to New York.

LONDON, July 24.—The Economist of this week says the rate of discount for bank bills, 60 days to 30 days, to three months, is 2 per cent, and for trade bills, 60 days to three months, 2@2½ per cent. Stocks opened firm... On Tuesday the gloomy view of ... a decline, but on ... checked, as ... ctory traffic ...

The Man and Place.

'Tis from Jack you may buy
The best of bread and candy.
His confections are nice, his ice cream try,
His place, 43 Peachtree street, is handy.

For the nicest things and prices low,
Jack's fame over Georgia is wide;
The people of Atlanta his place all know.
Forty-three Peachtree—east side.

His trade has stood the test of age,
And shows increase each year;
At the towns around he is all the rage,
And patrons come from far and near.

The ladies and the children too,
At Jack's like to trade,
They know that what he says is true,
Of fraud they're not afraid.

The young and old, the large and small,
To Jack's take their way;
He has bread and candy for them all,
Yes! one thousand in a day.

The place, Forty-three Peachtree street,
His fancy window there you'll see:
A smiling owner there too you'll greet;
And when you have your bargains made,
And your bread and candy are handed o'er,
You'll say the man and place for trade,
Is Jack, and at his Peachtree store.

The Very Latest from Dr. Tanner.

Special dispatch to The Constitution.

Tell Bennett to send some more specimens of his printing. I've gained two pounds since I saw those he sent Thursday.

HENRY J. TANNER.
Clarendon Hall, N. Y. 11 P M. 33

David H. Dougherty
My stock of Figured Lawns is large and prices very small. No joke.
july25—d1t

Notice to Coal Consumers.
W. S. Wilson & Bro. are now receiving Coal Creek and Montevallo Coal daily and are prepared to give special rates on Coal by car load during July, August and September. Now is the time to lay in your winter's supply of Coal. Don't wait until the fall rush for Coal comes on and then have to take wet bad Coal, but buy now and get good, dry, clean Coal. Wilson & Bro. keep their own wagons and carts and have good and tight beds, so there is no waste. If you want good Coal, promptly delivered, and as cheap as can be bought in this city, they are the men to see. Remember the place: W. S. WILSON & BRO., Main office, 25 N. Broad street, Storage Yard, cor. Spring and W. & A. R.R. 376 july21—d6t wed fri sun

Summer Shoes.
A fine stock Gents' Custom-Made Shoes at G. W. Price's, 24 Marietta street, from $3 00 up. Will be sold cheap to reduce stock. Be sure and examine them before buying. No charge for showing goods.
412 july25 d1t

John Keely.

This name seems talismanic in the dry goods world. The moment it falls upon the ear, the word "Bargains" is instantly supplied by the imagination, and why should it not be so, since the two have long been synonymous! Really the energy displayed by this prince of merchants is marvelous. His store is as full of goods and customers to-day as in the busy season of the year. His efforts to have something to beat anything which anybody else has at the price never lag, and seem crowned with success. Why, then, should not his store be crowded? His stock of shoes is immense, and his prices lower than the lowest. His muslins are perfect gems in their way, and cheaper than calico. His table linens are astonishingly cheap, and when it comes to silks—well, it is simply wonderful, the stock he carries and the low prices he asks for them. Ye purchasers of dry goods, go to John Keely's and be made happy. He has just opened the best line of black and colored satins ever offered in Atlanta, and his black cashmeres are "par excellence." Read his notices and give him a call.

The Churches To-Day.

St. Philip's church (Episcopal)—Rev. R. C. Foute, rector. Services at 10:30 a.m. Evening prayer at 6 p.m. Sunday-school, from Trinity to Advent, at 9:30 a m.

The music at St. Philip's church this morning will be unusually attractive, as the male quartette have prepared themselves for the occasion. The singing of these gentlemen has always been greatly admired, but, as was evinced by their practice last night, it is clear that to-day they will acquit themselves in their usual excellent style.

St. Luke's Episcopal church, corner of Walton and Spring streets. Rev. W. C. Williams, D.D. rector. Service at 10:30 a.m. Sunday-school 9:15 a.m. Seats free. All invited.

Trinity M. E. church, south, corner Whitehall and West Peters streets—Rev. John W. Heidt, pastor. Preaching at 10:45 a.m. and at 8:30 p.m. by the pastor. Sunday-school at 9:00 a.m.; W. A. Haygood, superintendent. Sunday-school at Pierce chapel, Rawson street, at 5 p.m.; J. G. Grant, superintendent. Class meeting Monday at 8:30 p.m. Prayer meeting Wednesday at 8:30 p.m. Woman's foreign missionary society meeting Friday at 4 p.m. Children's meeting Friday at 5 p.m. Seats free. All invited.

First Methodist church, Peachtree street—Rev. Clement A. Evans, pastor. Class-meeting at 9:30 a.m. in the lecture room. Preaching at 11 a.m. by Rev. A. J. Lamar and at 8:30 p.m. by the pastor. Sunday-school at 4 p.m.; J. C. Courtney, superintendent. General prayer meeting Wednesday night. Young men's meeting Thursday night. The public are cordially invited to these services. Seats all free.

Evans Chapel, corner Chapel and Stonewall streets—Rev. T. A. Seals, pastor. Preaching at 11 a.m. and at 8:15 p.m. by the pastor. Sabbath-school at 9:00 a.m: E. H. Orr, superintendent. Prayer meeting on Wednesday night. Class meeting Friday night. All are invited to attend.

St. Paul's M. E. church, corner Hunter and Bell streets—Rev. A. C. Thomas, pastor. Preaching morning and night. Prayer meeting at 9 a.m. Sunday-school at 3½ p.m.; J. K. Thrower, superintendent. Weekly prayer meeting Wednesday at 8:15 p.m. Seats free. All invited.

Payne's Chapel, corner Hunnicutt and Luckie streets—Rev. W. F. Quillian, pastor. Preaching at 11 a.m. and at 8:15 p.m. by the pastor. Sunday-school at 9 a.m.

Marietta Street M.E. church.—S. A. Winsor, pastor. Sunday-school at 9:45 a.m. Preaching at 11 a.m. by the pastor. Bible and concert service at 4 p.m.

First Methodist Protestant church, corner Forsyth and Garnet streets—Rev. R. S. McGarrity, pastor. Preaching at 10:45 a.m. and at 8:15 p.m. by the pastor. Sunday-school at 9:30 a.m.; W. D. Mitchell, superintendent. Prayer meeting Wednesday night. Public cordially invited.

Peachtree Street Methodist Protestant church—Rev. R. S. McGarrity, pastor. Preaching at 11 a.m. and 8 p.m. by Dr. J. M. Biggers.

First Baptist church, corner Walton and Forsyth streets—Rev. D. W. Gwin, D.D., pastor. Services at 11 a.m. and 6 p.m., conducted by the pastor. Sunday-school at 9:30 a.m.; J. M. Green, superintendent. Weekly prayer meeting Wednesday at 8:15 p.m. All are welcome.

Second Baptist church, corner Washington and Mitchell streets—Rev. A. T. Spalding, D.D., pastor. Preaching at 11 a.m. and 8:15 p.m. by the pastor. Meeting for boys at 5 p.m. Sunday-school at 9:30 a.m.; A. C. Briscoe, superintendent.

Third Baptist church, 32 Jones avenue—Rev. H. C. Hornady, pastor. Preaching at 11 a.m. and 8:15 p.m. by the pastor. Meeting every night during the week. Sunday-school at 9:30 a.m.; J. A. Richardson, superintendent; W. H. Bell, vice-superintendent. Seats free. All invited.

Central Baptist church, corner Fair and Peters streets—Castleberry's hill—Rev. F. M. Daniel, pastor. Preaching at 11 a.m. and at 8:00 p.m. Sunday-school 9:30 a.m.; W. L. Stanton, superintendent.

Fifth Baptist church, corner Bell and Gilmer streets—Rev. V. C. Norcross, pastor. Preaching at 11 a.m. and at 8:15 p.m. by the pastor. Sabbath-school at 3:30 p.m. All invited to attend. Seats free.

Sixth Baptist church, on West Hunter street—Rev. W. H. H. Dorsey, pastor. Preaching at 11 a.m. by Dr. Lumpkin and at 8:15 p.m. by the pastor. Sabbath-school at 4:00 p.m. Meeting every night during the week. All are invited.

Seventh Baptist church, Bellwood—B. M. Pack, pastor. Preaching at 11 a.m. and 8 p.m. by the pastor. Sunday-school at 9:30 a.m.; Eli Jenkins, superintendent. Baptism near the church at 3:30 p.m.

Universalist, hall over the Orphans' school, corner Walton and Forsyth streets—W. C. Bowman, pastor. Preaching at 11 a.m. and 8 p.m. by the pastor. Subjects—Morning: "The Day of Judgment;" evening: "The End of the World." Seats comfortable, and free. Public cordially invited.

First Presbyterian church, Marietta street—Rev. J. H. Martin, D.D., pastor. Sabbath-school at 9:30 a.m.; W. A. Moore, superintendent. Divine services at 11 a.m. by Rev. J. J. Robinson, D.D. All invited.

Central Presbyterian church, Washington street—Rev. Wm. E. Boggs, D.D., pastor. Services at 11 o'clock a.m. and 8 o'clock p.m. by the pastor. Sunday-school at 9:30 a.m.; D. A. Beatie, superintendent. Regular weekly prayer meeting on Wednesday night at 8:15 o'clock. All are invited to attend.

Church of Christ, Hunter street, between Pryor and Loyd streets—Dr. A. G. Thomas, pastor. Preaching at the usual hours morning and night. Sunday-school at 9:30 a.m.; A. C. Bruce, superintendent. Prayer meeting at 8 p.m. Wednesday evening. Seats free.

Y. M. C. A.—Service at Young Men's Christian association hall, 49½ Whitehall street, this (Sunday) evening at 5 o'clock. Gospel Hymns, Nos. 1 and 3, will be used. All are cordially invited to attend and take part in the service.

German Luther...

David H. Dougherty.
I guarantee to show the handsomest line of Corsets in the city, and at a saving to the trade. july25—d1t

JOHN KEELY
Has just received the following goods which will prove very attractive:
4 pieces of the very best 75c. Black Satin in Georgia.
3 pieces of the very best 90c. Black Satin in Atlanta.
3 pieces superb Black Satin at $1.00 per yard; extra fine.
3 pieces of the finest Black Satin imported, very cheap.
150 pieces beautiful medium colored Dress Goods for fall.
7 cases white Marseilles Quilts and Bed Spreads.
60 pieces Turkey Red table Linens.
300 extra good cotton Umbrellas.
1,000 dozen ladies' and misses Hosiery. Novelties!
350 ladies Percale Wrappers 75c., 85c. and $1.00 each, well worth $2 50 anywhere.
170 ladies' Dusters and Ulsters in every size, from child's up to 44 inch bust, in linen and Mohair. A really choice lot this is
100 pieces beautiful Black Cashmeres, just opened, ranging in price from 35c. to 85c per yard for the very best grade. A truly beautiful line of goods.
The above lot of goods has only been received in the past few days, at
JOHN KEELY'S.

ZEIGLER'S SHOES AT COST AT AUSTELL & MANGUM'S.
443 july25 d1t

John Ryan's
Shoe Department excels any thing he has had the pleasure of offering heretofore. He embraces all the chances offered. His buyer purchased lately and now offers for sale bargains that will startle the community. The Wolf is on the track again.

SILKS, SATINS, VELVETS, AND LACES, AT COST, AT AUSTELL & MANGUM'S.
443 july25 d1t

A. O. M. Gay & Co.
Are selling specially cheap the following lines of goods: Misses' Fine Hosiery, Millinery, Ribbons, Fine Black Crepes, Veilings, Dress Goods, etc. july25-1t—447

Go to 37 Peachtree street for the cheapest Shoes in the city. No shoddy, but fresh, reliable goods. Good line of Ladies' fine Philadelphia made Shoes. Everything at a bargain. Must be sold by 20th of August, as the store is to be occupied at that time exclusively as a clothing store, by A. O. M. GAY & CO. july 25-1t—447

David H. Dougherty.
I can save you money in Ladies' and Gents' Gauze Underwear. july25 d1t

Female Loveliness.

When an evening party is on the tapis and a young lady is prinking at her bureau to improve her loveliness and make as good an impression as possible upon the beaux she expects to meet, it is singular that instead of clogging up the pores of her skin with chalk and rouge, she does not clear and beautify her complexion in a rational way by purifying her blood with Smith's Scrofula Syrup. july25—d1t 3d c

David H. Dougherty
Has an excellent line of new Languedoc, Torchon and other Laces, much cheaper than any before offered. july25 d1t

A. O. M. Gay & Co.
Still continue their closing out sales. They are selling some wonderfully cheap goods. july 25-1t—447

Attention New Housekeeper.
The cheapest furniture house in Georgia has the largest and cheapest stock of Furniture in the city on good terms and low prices. Thirty elegant Pier and Mantel Glasses for sale cheap. P. H. SNOOK.
july 25-1t—348

The German Importer of Hosiery, Mr. Redlich, gone.
JOHN RYAN
Purchased the entire stock and paid the cash. Call and see those goods. They are perfect beauties and will be sold at one-third what it cost to import them.

Those who have never used Larrabee's Biscuits, have but a faint conception of the degree of excellence to which this branch of manufacture has attained. Call at Hardwick & Graves's, 112 Whitehall street, and see large assortment to come in Monday.
436 july25 d1t

DROPSY!
For particulars address DR. C. KING.
417 july25—d4t sun Atlanta, Ga.

JOHN RYAN'S
Buyer is now in New York. New goods will be received every day.

JOHN RYAN
Has just opened 25 pieces of Carpet, including Body Brussels, English Tapestry and Ingrains. He has without doubt the largest and best assortment this side of New York.

Coal! Coal! Coal!
Best Coal Creek and Montevallo lump Coal, by car load, as low as can be bought in this city. We will not be undersold. Now is the time to stack up a supply for winter. Call and see us before you buy—it will pay you. SCIPLE & SONS,
440 july25 d2t No. 8 Loyd street.

JOHN RYAN has a magnificent supply of Window Shades, Cornices, Nottingham Lace Curtains, Mattresses, all prices and qualities. A good Mattress for $2. Mosquito Nets made and put up in the most improved style at low prices and all Upholstery work done in good style and dispatch.

JOHN RYAN'S
Stock of Dry Goods generally is full in every particular. He carries by far the largest stock in the city and you can, at any time, purchase at his establishment almost anything desired.

'DOUGHERTY'S.'

The reputation of this house for fair dealing and low prices is to the city of Atlanta and surrounding country, what Stewart's of New York is to that place. It matters not how dull it may be with others or how late in the season, you have only to enter this grand establishment and you will find everything in a push and hurry waiting on the mass of people that are constantly there buying. A few evenings ago one of our reporters was passing this house and dropped in for a few moments, for it is a treat to enter this establishment and see how business is done. He strolled through gazing and admiring until he was brim full of lovely ideas, and thought to himself that it was no wonder that the ladies and shoppers have made this their place of resort for buying what they need. It really looks as though he has a stock sufficient to supply the state of Georgia. Upon passing out we met with Mr. D. near his office, and after indulging in a few pleasant remarks, asked him how it was that his house was always thronged with customers. He answered our inquiry by stating that his great advantage and secret was in buying. Strangers visiting Atlanta will be well paid to call and see this grand emporium, and if they have anything to buy in his line we can assure them that they will save money by patronizing Dougherty's magnificent palace. july25—d&w-1t

CELEBRATED MANHATTAN FINE DRESS SHIRTS, AT AUSTELL & MANGUM'S.
443 july25 d1t

A Boom For This Week.
JOHN KEELY
Is determined to have another "Boom" this week, and in order to effect it he has reduced the prices of goods as follows:
1,500 yards fine French printed muslins reduced to 12½, some of the handsomest styles ever brought here.
4,000 yards lovely printed muslins reduced from 8c to 5c per yard; perfect beauties amongst them.
300 yards beautiful linen ulsters and dusters, reduced to almost half their value. Great bargains.
10,000 yards of the very best calicoes, 5c per yard, reduced from 8c to close out spring colors.
1,000 yards beautiful table damask, reduced to 25c per yard, always brought 50c per yard.
200 ladies' linen suits half price! to close them. Wonderful bargains.
A few ladies' solid color French percale suits to be given away at $1.50 each, well worth $6 00.
10,000 pair ladies fancy hose on the bargain counter at half price. Nothing like them in the south for the price. Startling bargains.
7,500 pair Misses' fancy cotton hose. Perfectly marvellous goods for the price, less than 50c on the dollar.
100 fine silk parasols left—large size, good quality—will be divided out at less than one half their value. Choice goods.
New ruchings! New rufflings! New gloves! New corsets! New laces! New ties, etc.
No doubt about bargains being given away at
JOHN KEELY'S.
july25-1t

LINEN AND SILK HANDKERCHIEFS AT COST TO CLOSE OUT, AT AUSTELL & MANGUM'S.
443 july25 d1t

David H. Dougherty
On the same quality of goods I can save you 10 per cent over any house in Atlanta. In White Dress Shirts for men and boys, call for Dougherty's Best. july25—d1t

A. O. M. Gay & Co.
Will soon open their clothing store and are selling off their stock of Dry Goods at prices to close out. july25-1t—447

David H. Dougherty.
Until the first of August I will keep my prices down in order to reduce my stock. Call and see for yourself, and if you don't find what I claim to be true, and that you can save 10 per cent over any house in Atlanta, don't buy. july25—d1t

JOHN RYAN'S
Ladies' Costume Department compares favorably with anything in the United States. Ladies can have their dresses made without delay, of any material they may select, in the latest style.

David H. Dougherty.
New Hosiery and Gloves, very handsome, and at prices that will save you money.
july25d1t

BLACK SILK MITS ONLY 60c, COST, AT AUSTELL & MANGUM'S.
443 july25 d1t

DR GEO. W. MARVIN continues to treat all Diseases of long standing, Dispenses his own Medicines and guarantees Cures in curable cases. Office and residence No. 360 Whitehall street. All Diseases of the Throat, Lungs and Catarrh treated by inhalation. Particular attention paid to all Diseases of long standing, such as Rheumatism, Eruptions, Gravel, Paralysis, Scrofula, Biliousness, Dropsy, Erysipelas, Diseases of the Kidneys, Nervous Depression, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaints, all diseases peculiar to Women, all Private Diseases, Heart Disease, Swollen Joints, Coughs, Gout, White Swelling, St. Vitus Dance, etc. Call and see the Doctor without delay. His charges are moderate and consultation free. Office hours 7 a. m. to 2 p. m. and 6 to 8 p. m.
sep7 d&wkyly 2d or 4th pg only

David H. Dougherty.
My Ladies' Underwear Department is a specialty, and it is full of handsome goods and low prices. The young ladies in this department show the goods with pleasure and say that their prices are on the inside track. july25 d1t

Travelers going North via Kennesaw Route can stop over at Blue Ridge Springs, Va., and have twenty-four hours of rest and pleasure for $2.50.
july20 d1w PHIL T. BROWN & BRO.

MACON AND BRUNSWICK RAILROAD COMPANY, AND THE
CUMBERLAND ROUTE
TO ALL POINTS IN
FLORIDA
PASSENGER SERVICE.
THE above line offers unrivaled time, facilities and comforts, from Atlanta and contiguous country, to all points in Florida. In passenger service this route in one train quicker than any other line. Leave Atlanta daily, Sundays included, via Macon, Brunswick, and Fernandina, at 2:15 p. m. In convenience, appointments, and outfit the line is unsurpassed. Lucas Palace Sleepers on all night trains. Tickets on sale at the Union Depot.
In Freight Service this line has connections via Brunswick with ... of steamers, in addition to ... superior facilities and prompt ... the Satilla river, St. Mary's ...

MISTAKE!
It is a mistake to suppose that there is anything proposed in this advertisement which will not be carried out to the very letter. In these days of exaggeration the public scarcely know what to believe in the way of an advertisement, but
ONE GLANCE AT THE STOCK AND PRICES WILL SHOW
that this offer is not a draft upon the imagination of the writer, but a simple statement of facts.
JOHN KEELY
has determined to reduce, as far as practicable, his immense stock of goods, with a view to making room for Fall Stock; otherwise, the question arises: "Where shall he put them?" for his immense store is literally full to overflowing now, so well has his stock been kept up this season.
Bargains will be Given Away to Reduce the Stock
450 beautiful Calico Wrappers, 75c each, well worth $1.50 each—Choice Goods!
600 elegant Percale Wrappers, beautifully made and trimmed, 85 cents to $1.00 each, worth $2.50.
170 Ladies' solid color French Percale Suits, in two and three pieces, $1.50 each, worth $6.00—Wonderful!
375 Ladies' Linen Suits, $2 25, $2.50 and $2.75 each, well worth from $4.50 to $6.00 each
110 Ladies' White Victoria Lawn Suits, fine goods, handsomely trimmed, $3.50 each, worth $10.00.
218 Misses' solid fine Percale Suits, Torchon Lace trimmed, from 3 to 16 years old sizes, $2.25 each, well worth $5 00—a rare bargain, this!
76 beautifully fine Linen Polonaise for Ladies, $2.25 each, well worth $6.50.
The Above May Sound Improbable, yet 'tis Fact.
I Want to Close them Out.
1,000 pure Linen Ulsters for Ladies, $1.25 each, always sold for $2.00 before.
1,250 of the finest and handsomest Linen Ulsters made, at greatly reduced prices.
NOTICE!
No such a Stock of Ladies' Ulsters and Dusters is to be found anywhere in the Southern States
A handsome line Black Cashmeres, reduced in price so as to close them out!
An elegant line of Black and Colored Silks, reduced in price so as to close them out!
All-wool Buntings, both Black and Colored, first-class goods 19c yard to close out. Many of those Buntings are worth 35c per yard.
2,000 yards beautiful Fancy Dress Goods, 10c per yard, reduced from 25c to close out!
2,800 yards Choice Fancy Dress Goods, 12½ cents per yard, reduced from 25 and 30c to close out.
20,000 yards beautiful Printed Muslins at 5, 6¼, 8 and 10c per yard. Nothing like them to be found elsewhere for the prices.
240 large-sized, fine grade, twilled Silk PARASOLS, will be offered at about one half their value to close them out.
LADIES' UNDERWEAR!
200 Ladies' Chemise 40c each, worth 65c, to close them out.
150 Ladies' Chemise 58c each, worth 75c, to close them out.
187 Ladies' Chemise 65c each, worth $1.00, to close them out.
93 pairs Ladies' Drawers 45c, worth 65c, to close them out.
78 pairs Ladies' Drawers 50c, worth 75c, to close them out.
78 pairs Ladies' Drawers 60c, worth 85c, to close them out.
70 Ladies' Gowns 90c each, worth $1.25, to close them out.
111 Ladies' Gowns $1.00 each, worth $1.50, to close them out.
37 Ladies' Gowns $1 25 each, worth $1.75, to close them out.
Great Bargains in Ladies' Walking Skirts and finer grade Underwear.
NO USE TALKING! I am going to reduce the stock if low figures will do it!
Hosiery & Gloves!
10,000 of the handsomest and cheapest Ladies' Hose ever offered in Georgia.
The best Ladies' 10 cents White or Fancy Stocking to be found in Georgia.
The best Ladies' 15 and 20 cents Stocking in Atlanta.
The best Ladies' 25 cents Stocking to be found anywhere.
Thousands of Misses' Fancy Hose at half their usual price.
N. B.—This is the best line of hose in the state, without doubt, and embraces all the things usually difficult to find, such as Ladies' Black Cotton and Lisle Thread Hose, fine goods; Ladies' Lisle Thread Hose in all colors; Ladies' Fancy "Brodequin" Hose in great variety. 10,000 pairs Ladies', Misses' and Children's Lisle Thread Gloves, also Silk and Berlin, at positively half price to close out. A full line of Ladies' Kid Gloves at very low prices.
LINENS! LINENS! LINENS!
Turkey Red Table Linen 37½ cents per yard—can be found nowhere else under 65 cents—Wonderful Bargains! 800 yards beautiful fine shirting Linens 25 cents per yard, well worth 50 cents—a perfect wonder! The largest and best stock of Table Linens, Towels, Napkins, Doylies, Bed Spreads, Tuckings, etc., to be found in Atlanta, and decidedly cheaper than elsewhere.
THOUSANDS OF NEW SHOES AND SLIPPERS!
No old rubbish admitted into stock. All choice, good, desirable goods, just opened at
JOHN KEELY'S.

WURZBURG'S BAZAR!
54 Whitehall Street.
On Monday, June 21st, we will commence our
SEMI-ANNUAL CLEARING OUT SALE
PREVIOUS TO STOCK TAKING.
We have made Sweeping Reductions in all Departments
ESPECIALLY IN
Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats and Underwear
HATS.
In addition to the Great Bargains in our own goods, we have just received a consignment ... one of the largest Hat Manufacturing Companies East, including numerous shapes in Fancy ... such as Tuscan Lace Straw, Shell Straw, etc., selling elsewhere at 75 cents and $1.25, which ... at the Astounding Low Price of
20 Cents a piece.
ROYAL EXTRA FINE MILAN .... 25 Cents.
As these are ALL NEW AND DESIRABLE SHAPES, the cheapest of which are ... triple the amount, they will be the cheapest thing ever offered in Atlanta. We will also ...
LEGHORN HATS,
which are among the consignment for 50 Cts, which are selling in ALL other s...
BARGAINS; BARGAINS! BARG...
—IN ALL HATS.—
Large Reductions in FLOWERS, FEATHERS, RIBBONS, SILKS, SATINS, ... TRIMMINGS, CORSETS, HOSIERY, Etc.
LADIES' UNDERWEAR! EXTRAORDINARY REDUCTIONS
Chemises—Handsomely made, at ... 40c, 50c and 60c
Skirts—Tucks and Ruffles, at ... 75
Drawers—Handsome, at ... 45c and 50c
Dressing Sacks at ... 45c and 50c
Colored Cambric Dressing Sacks ... 40c
THESE ARE DECIDED BARGAINS!
BARGAINS! BARGAINS! BARGAINS!
IN LADIES' UNDERWEAR;
PARASOLS.
Closing out the balance of our PARASOLS at less than cost.
PICTURE FRAMES.
Large line of handsome Velvet, Ebony and Walnut Picture Frames. Also, Oil Paintings, Steel Engravings, Chromos, etc. All sizes of Picture Frames made to order.
BARGAINS! BARGAINS! BARGAINS! IN ALL DEPARTMENTS!
GREAT SEMI-ANNUAL CLEARING OUT SALE
A visit of inspection will prove to your interest.
WURZBURG'S BAZAR.

Received Too Late for Classification.

FOR RENT—SEVERAL GOOD NICE HOUSES in different portions of the city. Also good No. 1 furnished house, rooms and stores. E. B. Rosser, Real Estate Agent, 37 Marietta St.
449 july25—1t

FOR SALE—SPLENDID PLANTATION 11 miles of city, houses and lots in all parts of city. E. B. Rosser, Real Estate Agent, 37 Marietta street. 449 july25—1t

WANTED—100 SMALL HOUSES FOR GOOD paying tenants. E. B. Rosser, Real Estate Agent, 37 Marietta St. 449 july2 —1t

WANTED—A GOOD, HONEST AND INDUSTRIOUS white boy, who is not afraid to work. Apply at 10 South Broad street. David G. Peel.
452 july25—1t

A SUITE OF 4 ROOMS TO LET, FURNISHED or unfurnished. Centrally located, suitably for housekeeping or business purposes. Apply at 71 Whitehall St., Wheeler & Wilson office.
451 july25—1t

WILL BE SOLD AT GUTHMAN'S AUCTION House, 22 Peachtree street, Tuesday, July 27th, a complete outfit for bakery and candy factory, such as cake forms, pans and articles to numerous to mention. Household and kitchen furniture, Horse, Three Spring Wagon and Harness. Guthman's Auction House, 22 Peachtree street.
452 july25—1t

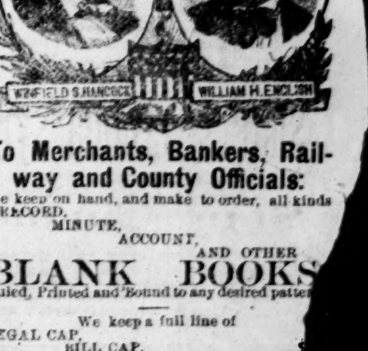
WANTED—TEN GIRLS AT "GEORGIA Spice Mill." For sale—A second-hand Coffee Mill, capacity one pound per minute. Will sell cheap. 454 july25—1t

IF YOUR TRUNK NEEDS A LOCK, CATCHes, Hinges, Relining, Straps, etc., leave your orders at the Atlanta Trunk Factory, 92 Whitehall street, where it will be put in good order at a small price. We call for and deliver same free of charge. 458 july29—1t

WANTED—TO BUY GOOD MULE AND Dray. Georgia Spice Mills, 71 Peachtree St.
455 july25—1t

SELLING OUT
AT AND BELOW COST
AS I DESIRE TO DEVOTE MY WHOLE ATtention to my Jewelry business, I have concluded to close out my Millinery store. My stock of fine imported Bonnets and Hats is very large and must be sold regardless of cost. Also, a full stock of Ostrich Plumes and Tips, French and Domestic Flowers, Ribbons, Neck-wear, and a full line of Hair Goods, which will be sold to suit buyers.
Call at once and save money, at No. 45 Whitehall street. A. F. PICKERT.
jan29—diff 4th pg

LinenStore! LinenStore!
No. 49 WHITEHALL ST.
The remainder of the ... STOCK, ...



To Merchants, Bankers, Railway and County Officials:
We keep on hand, and make to order, all kinds
RECORD,
MINUTE,
ACCOUNT,
AND OTHER
BLANK BOOKS
Ruled, Printed and Bound to any desired pattern.
We keep a full line of
LEGAL CAP,
BILL CAP,
FOOLS CAP,
LETTER,
BOOK, NEWS, AND ALL OTHER PAPER.
Envelopes, Pens, Pencils, Paper ... Letter Clips, and every article usually ... by Merchants, Bankers, Railway, ... County officials.
We have every form of
LEGAL BLANKS.
We make BOOK, CATALOGUE and MINUTE
PRINTING
A SPECIALTY.
In RAILWAY & COMMERCIAL PRINTING none EXCELS us, either in PROMPTNESS OF EXECUTION, BEAUTY of STYLE, or MODERATENESS of PRICE.
We are grateful to friends in town and country for a generous patronage—demanding ... extensive ... to year, an enlargement of an already ... establishment. We are now more ... ever to meet the requirements of all who come to bestow favors.
We duplicate any bills from New York to Galveston.
Send us trial orders, and you will do as all others have done—CONTINUE WITH US.
JAS. P. HARRISON & CO.,
Paper Dealers, ...
july17—diff

GIN
THE BEST ...
Is the Gullett ...